

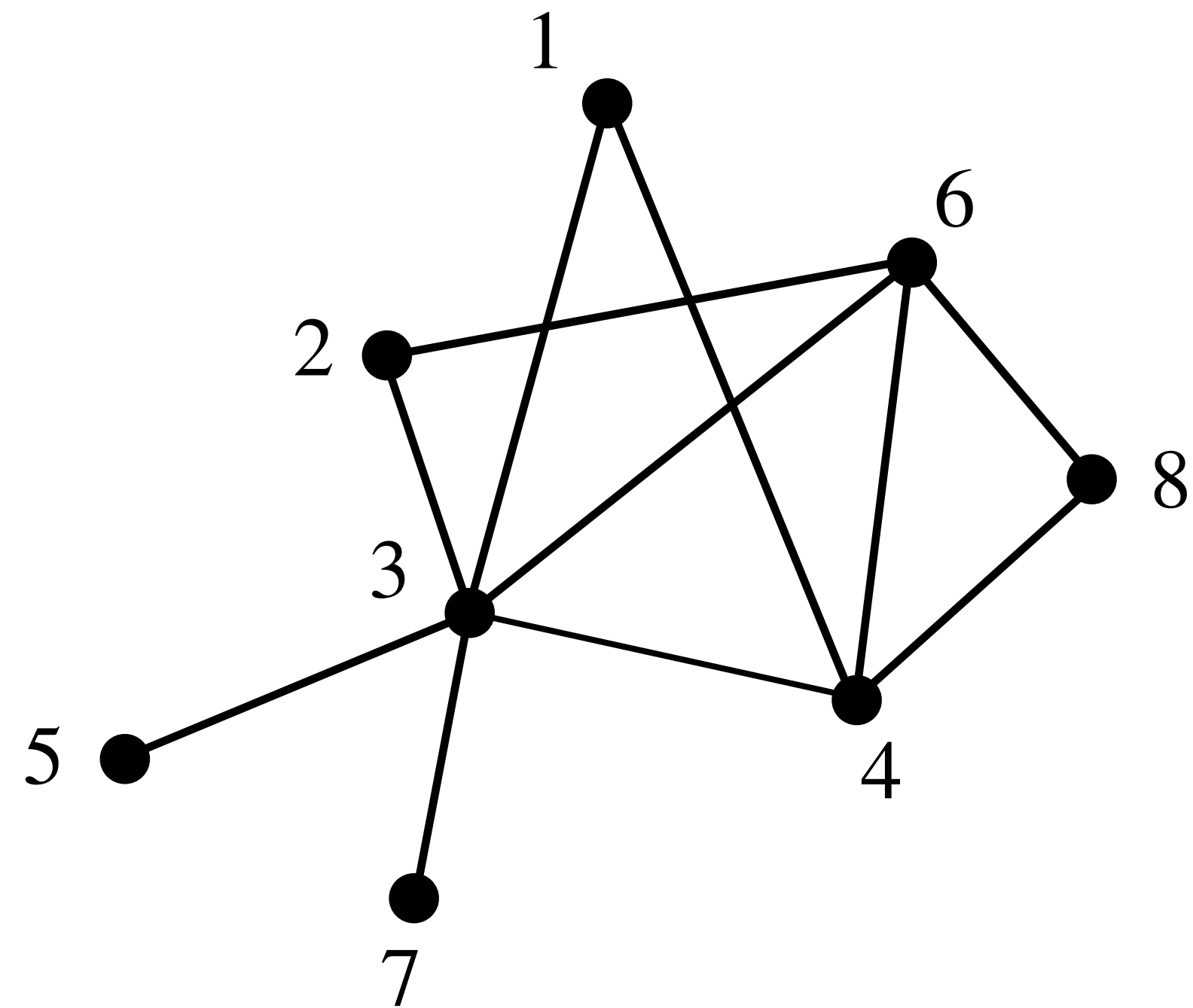
Lecture 20

Bipartite Maximum Matching

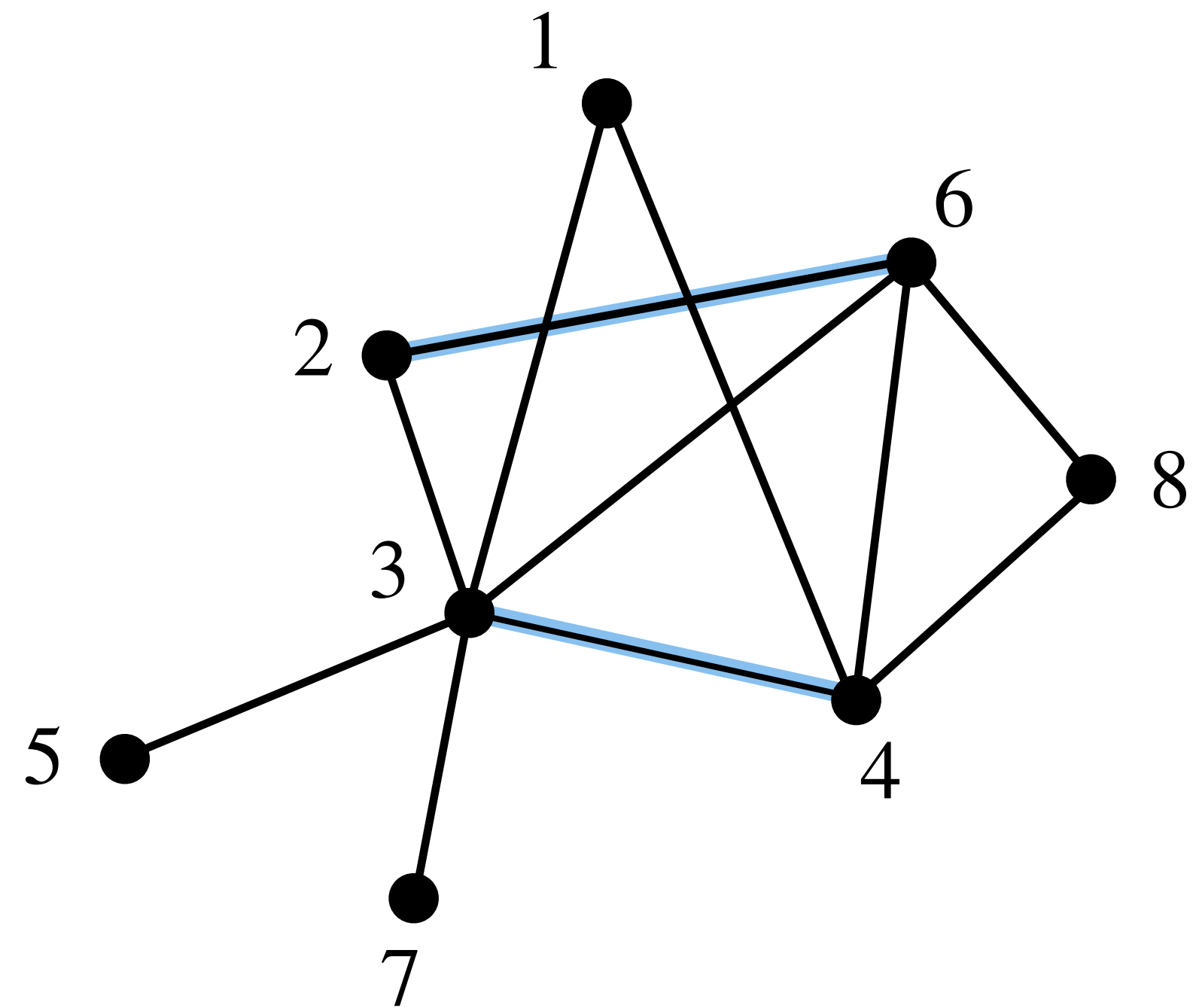
Source: Introduction to Algorithms, CLRS and Kleinberg & Tardos

Matching

Matching

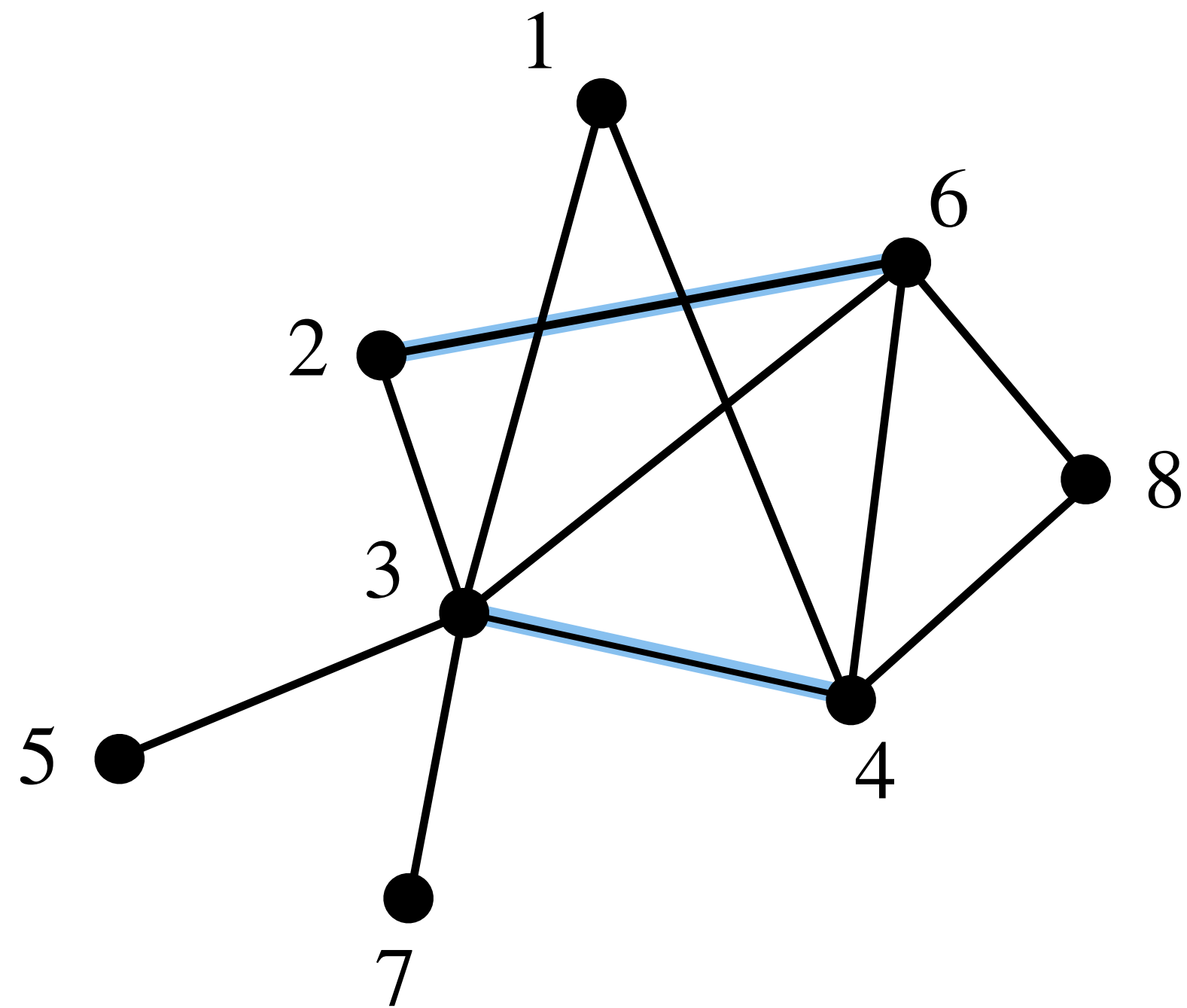


Matching



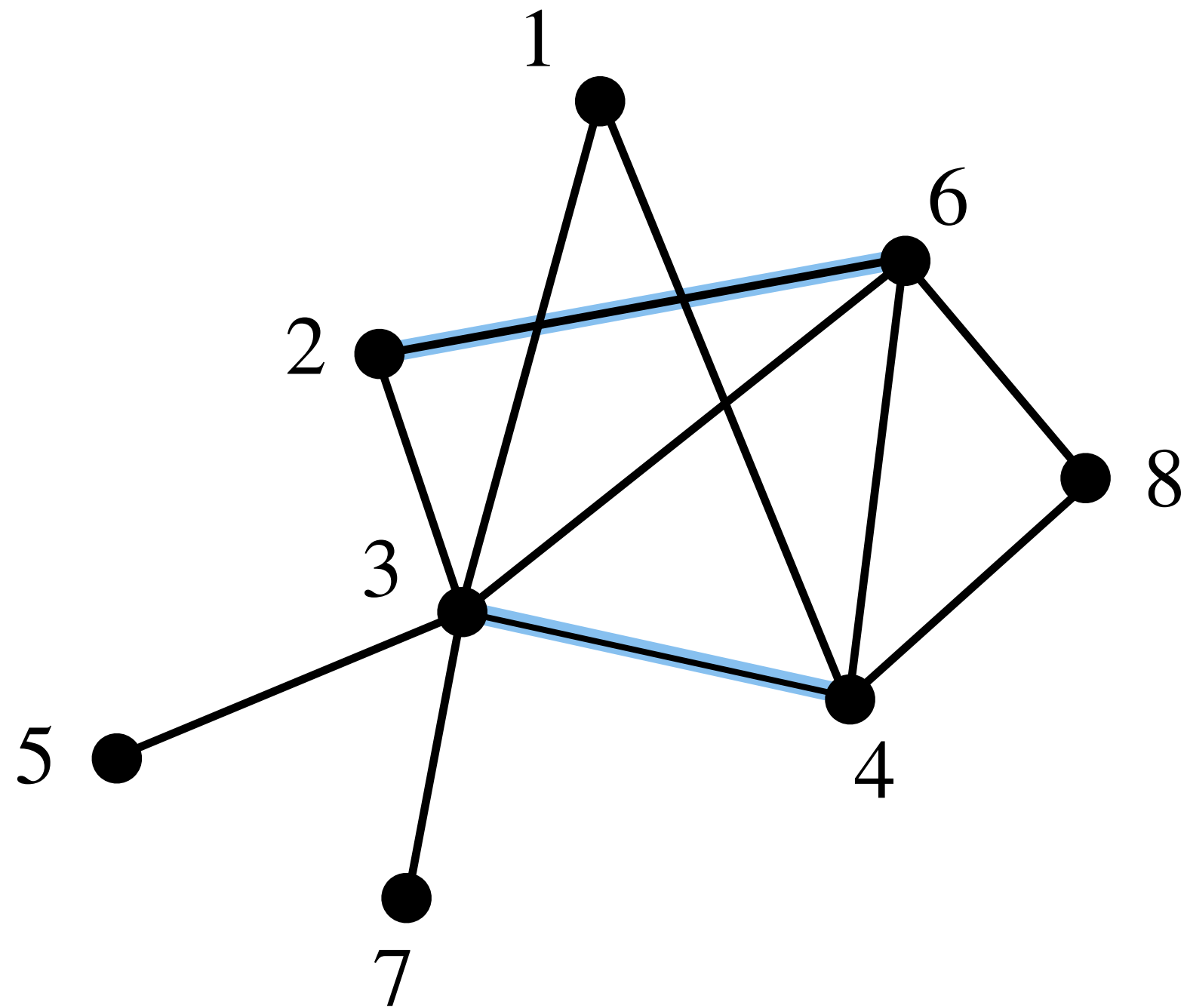
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Defn: A **matching** in an undirected graph $G = (V, E)$ is a subset $M \subseteq E$ so that no two edges in



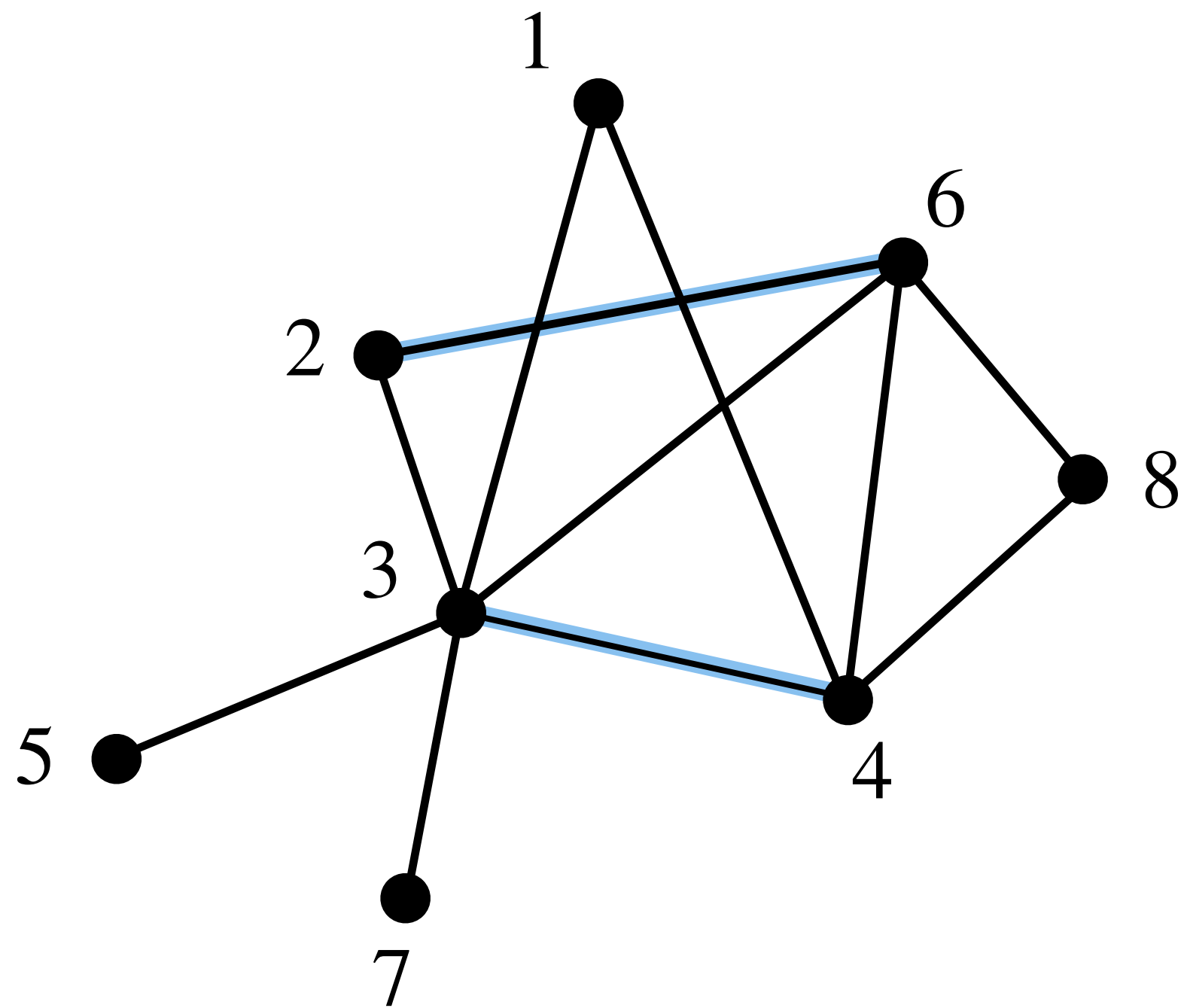
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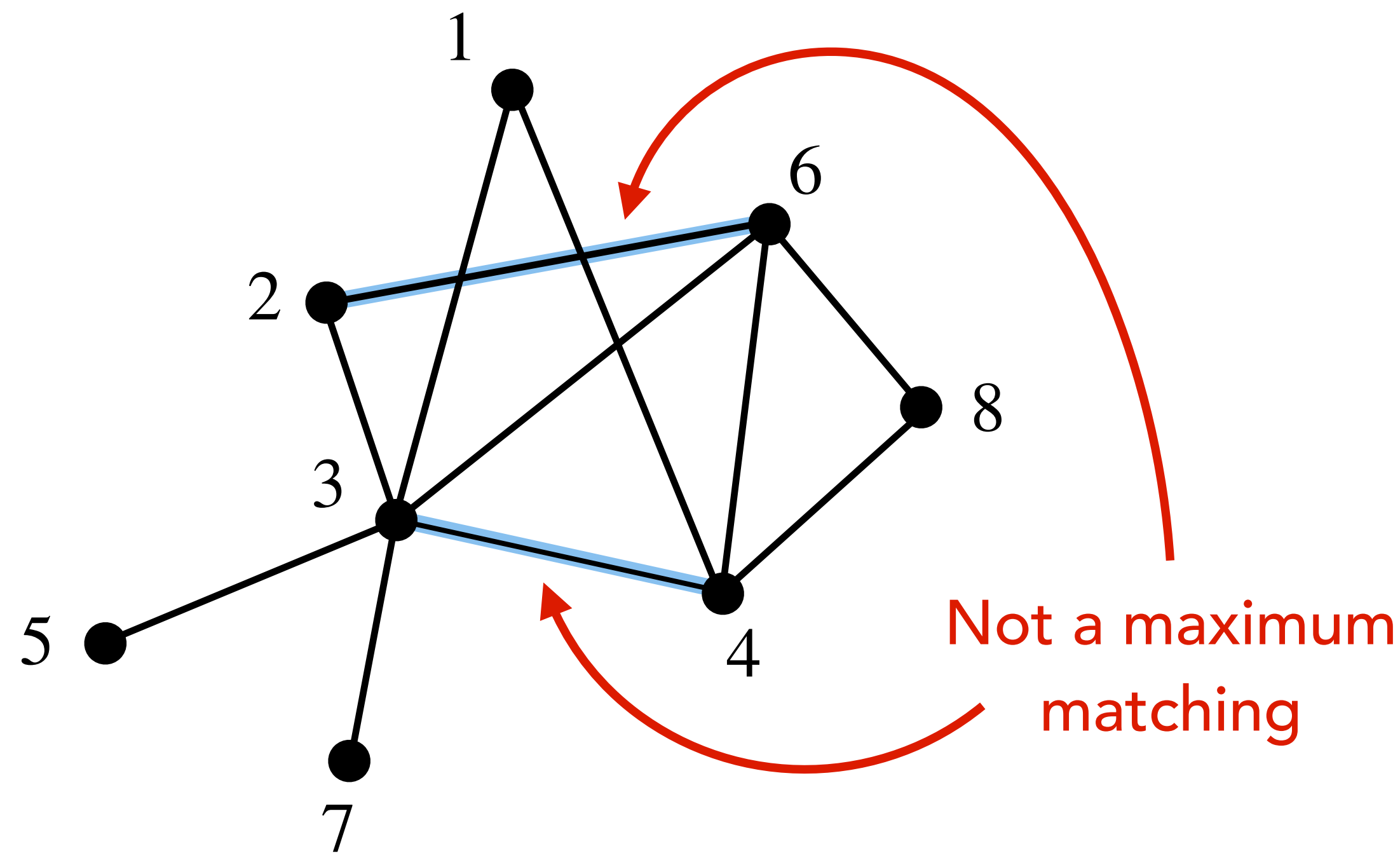
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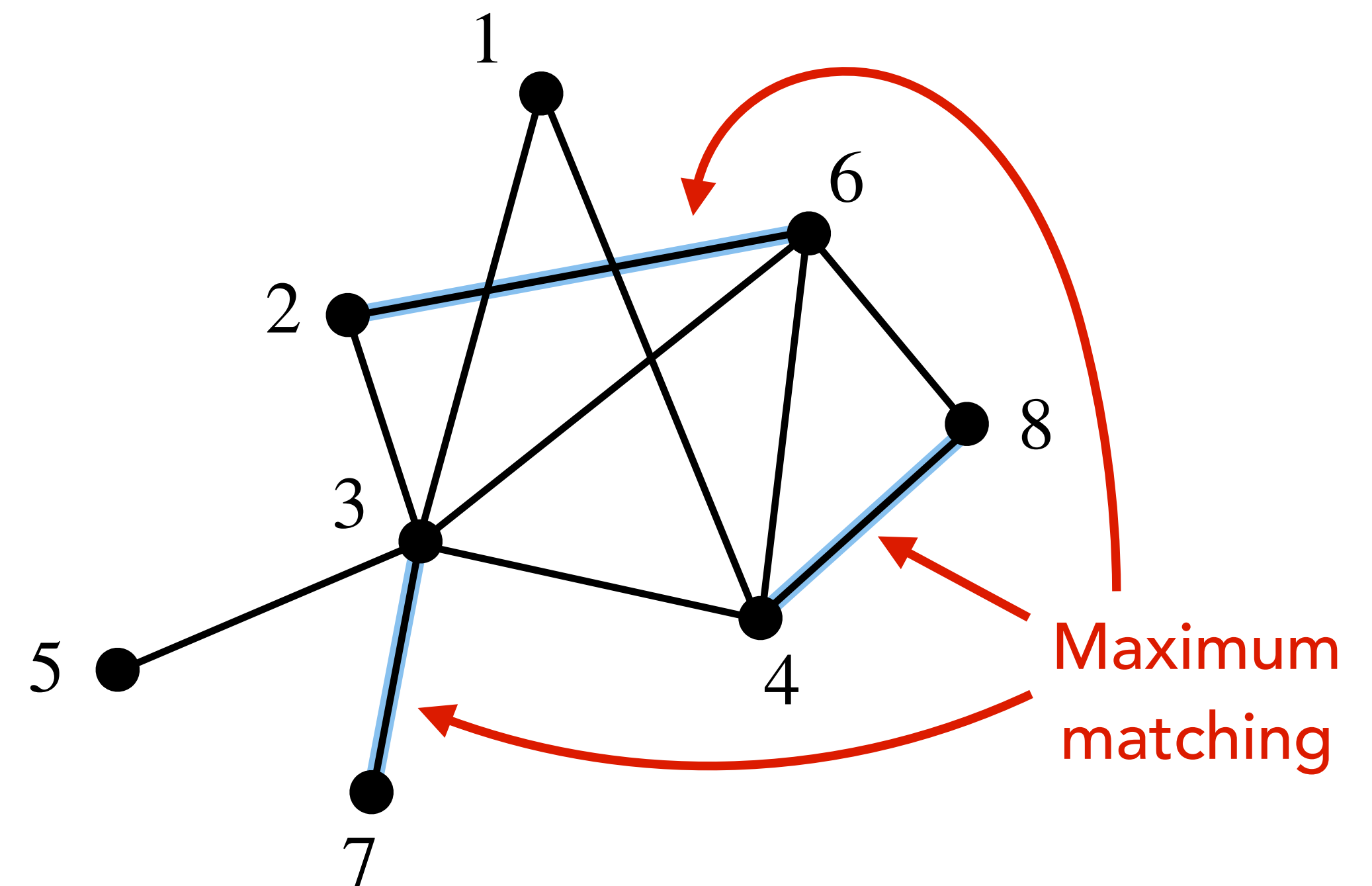
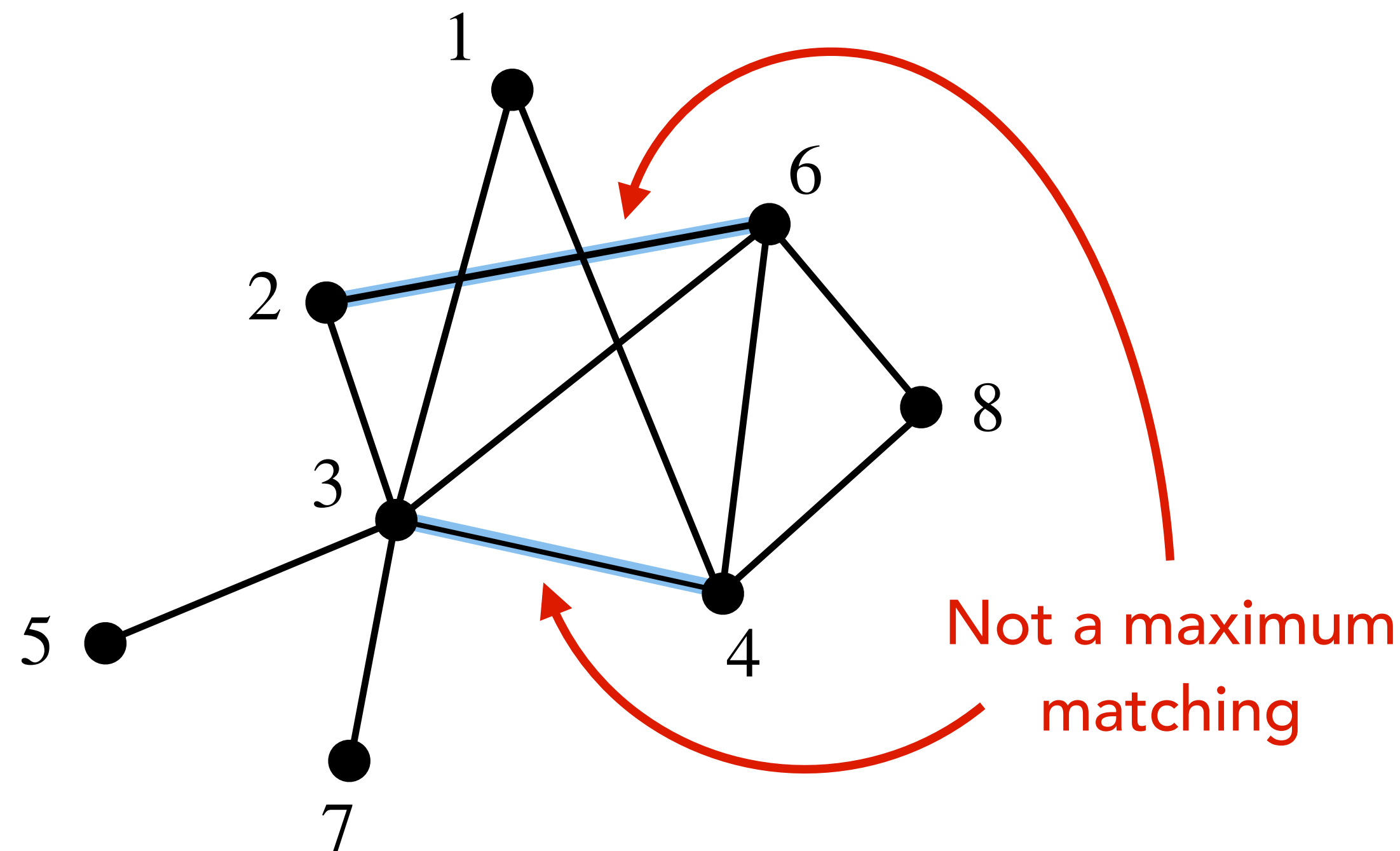
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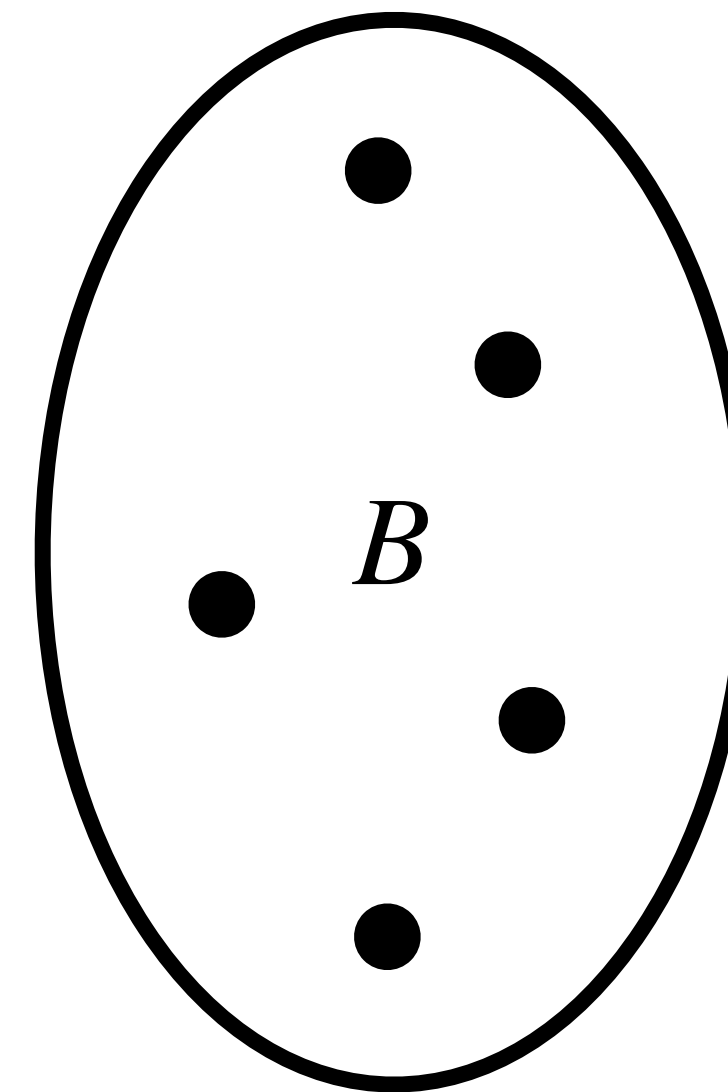
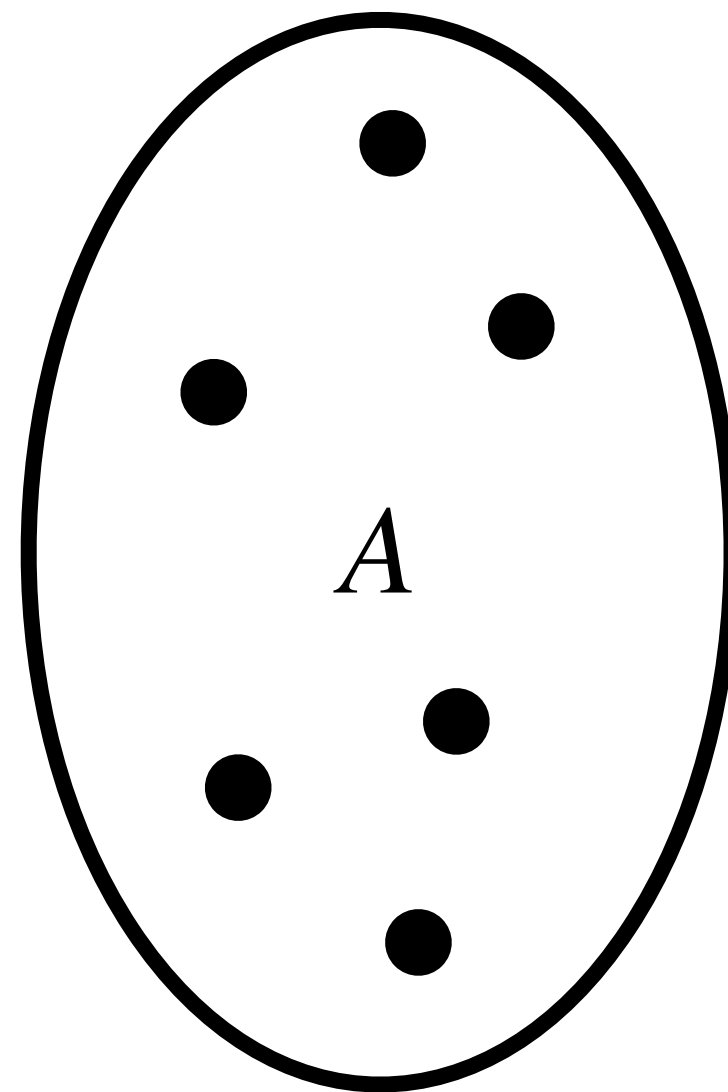
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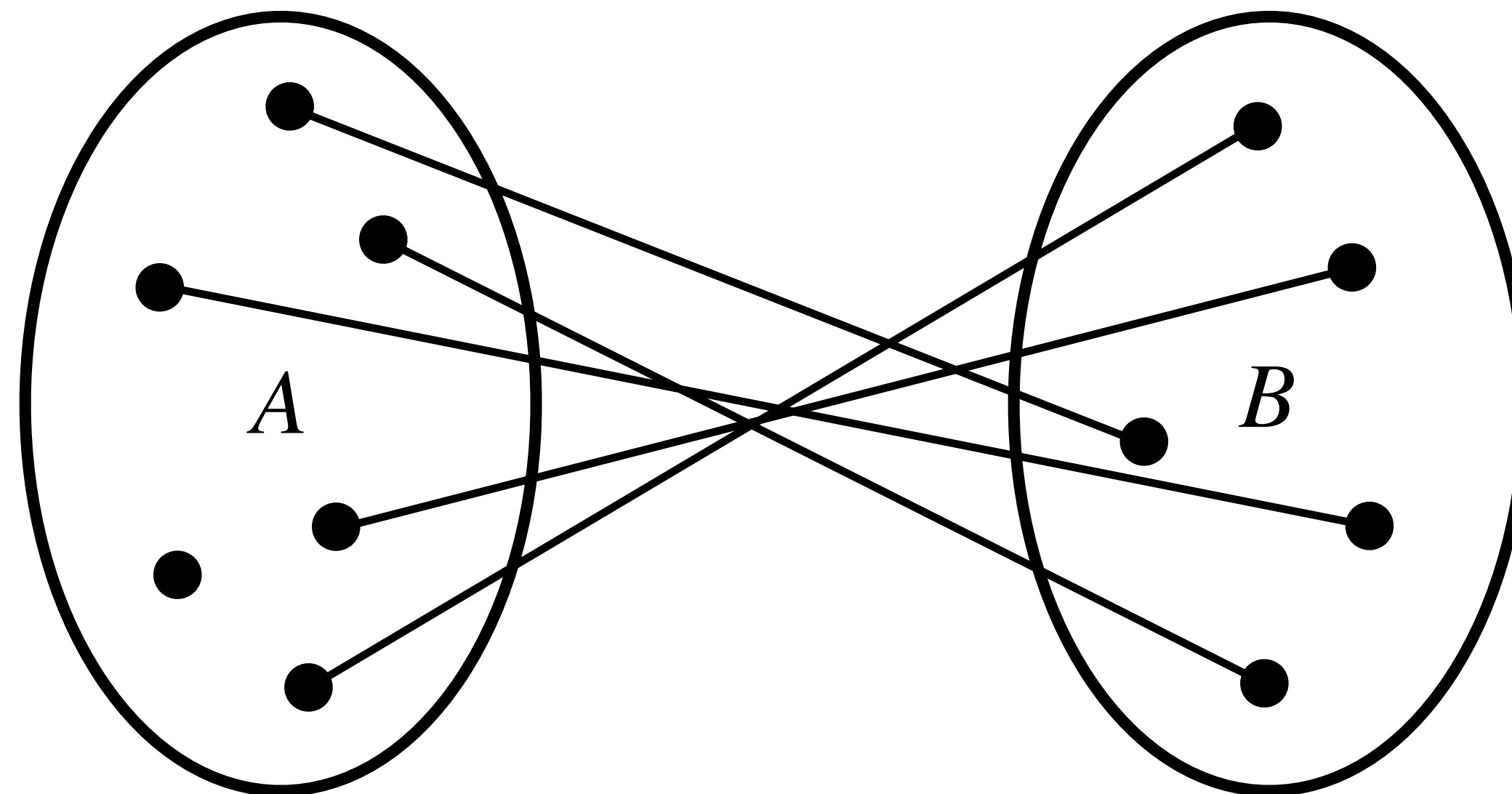
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Bipartite Graphs

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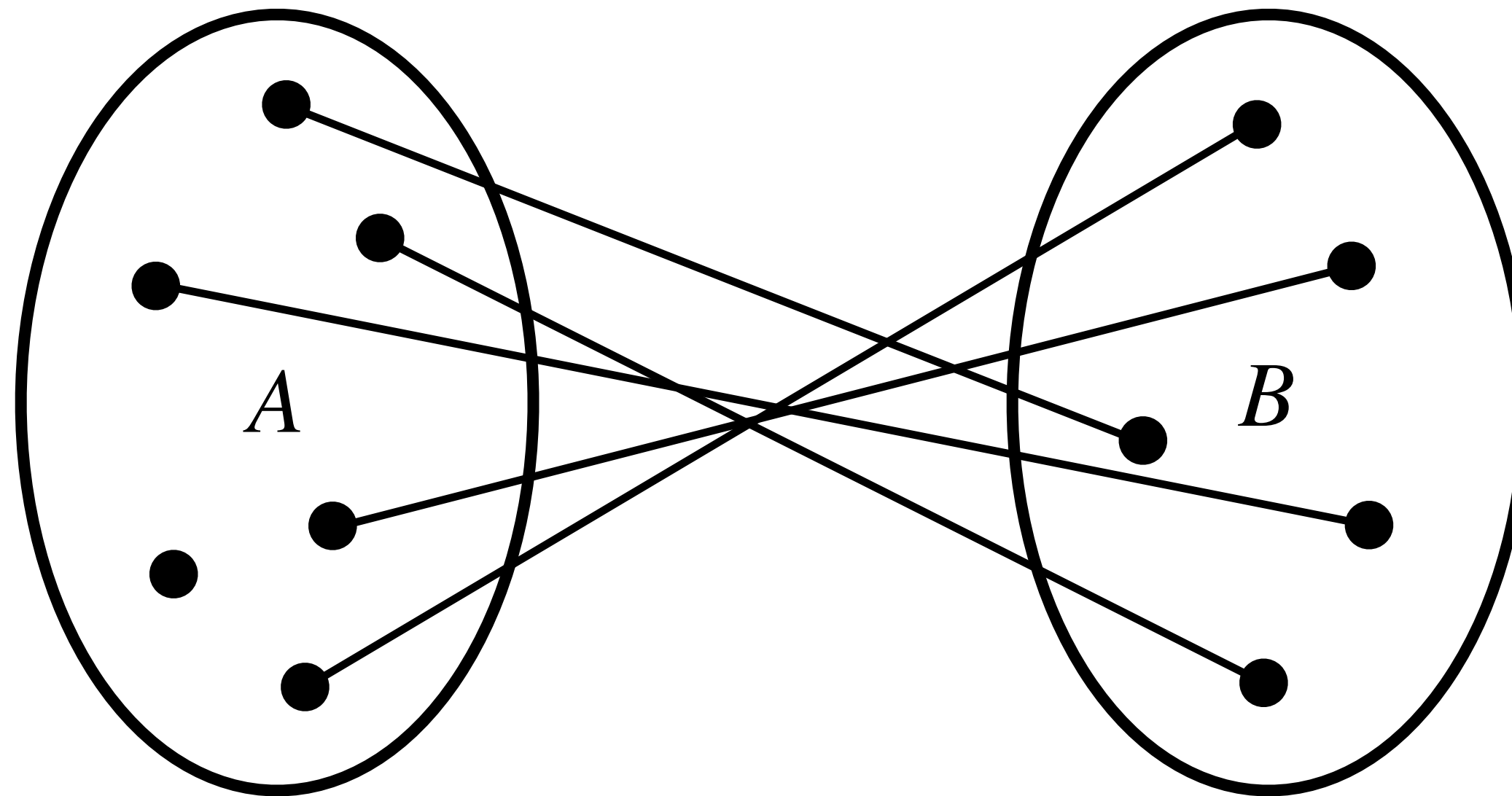


Bipartite Graphs



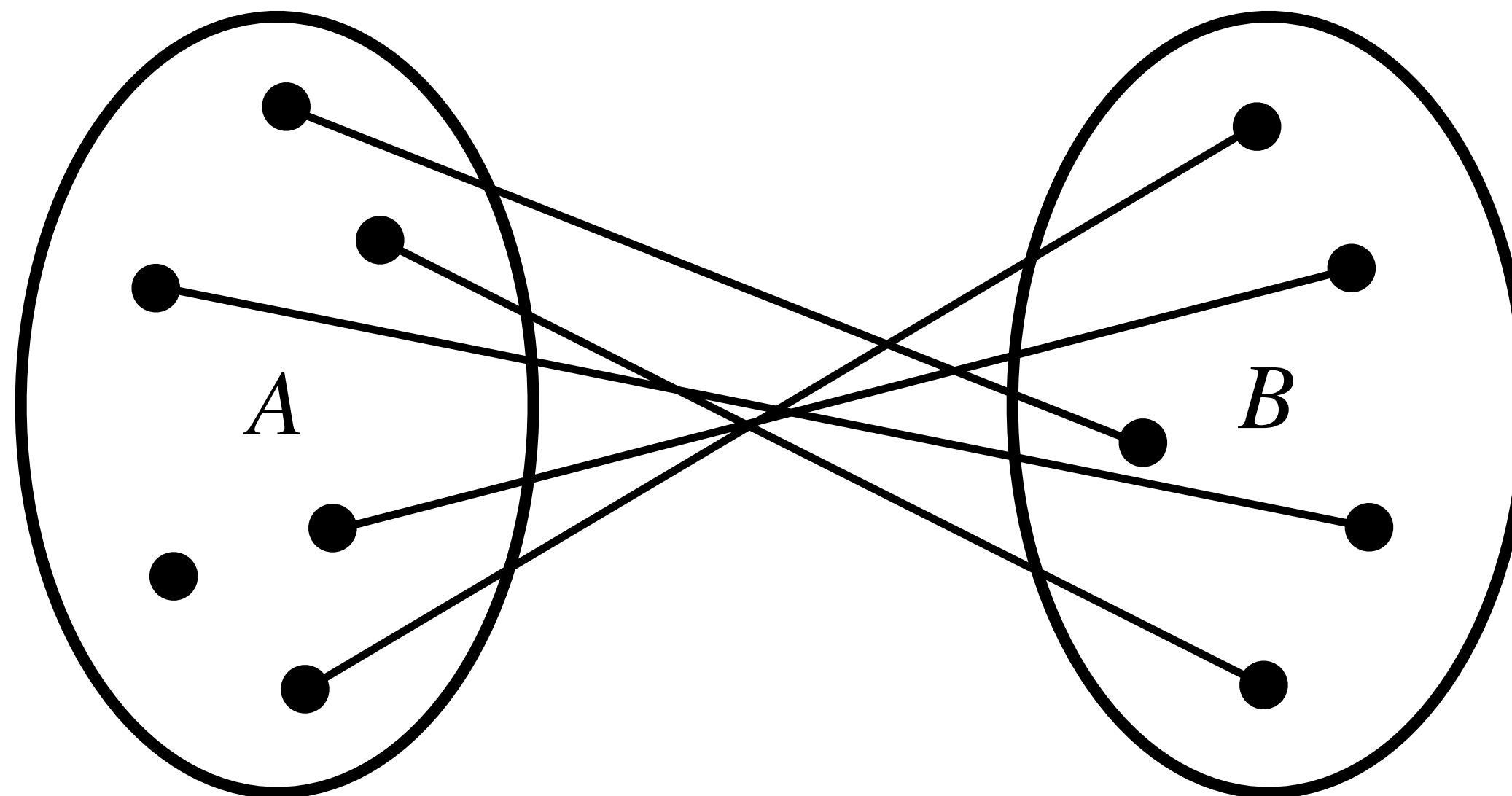
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Defn: A graph G is **bipartite** if the vertex set of G can be split into **disjoint sets** A and B



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Maximum Bipartite Matching in Jobs

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Jobs	●	●	●	●	●

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Applicants

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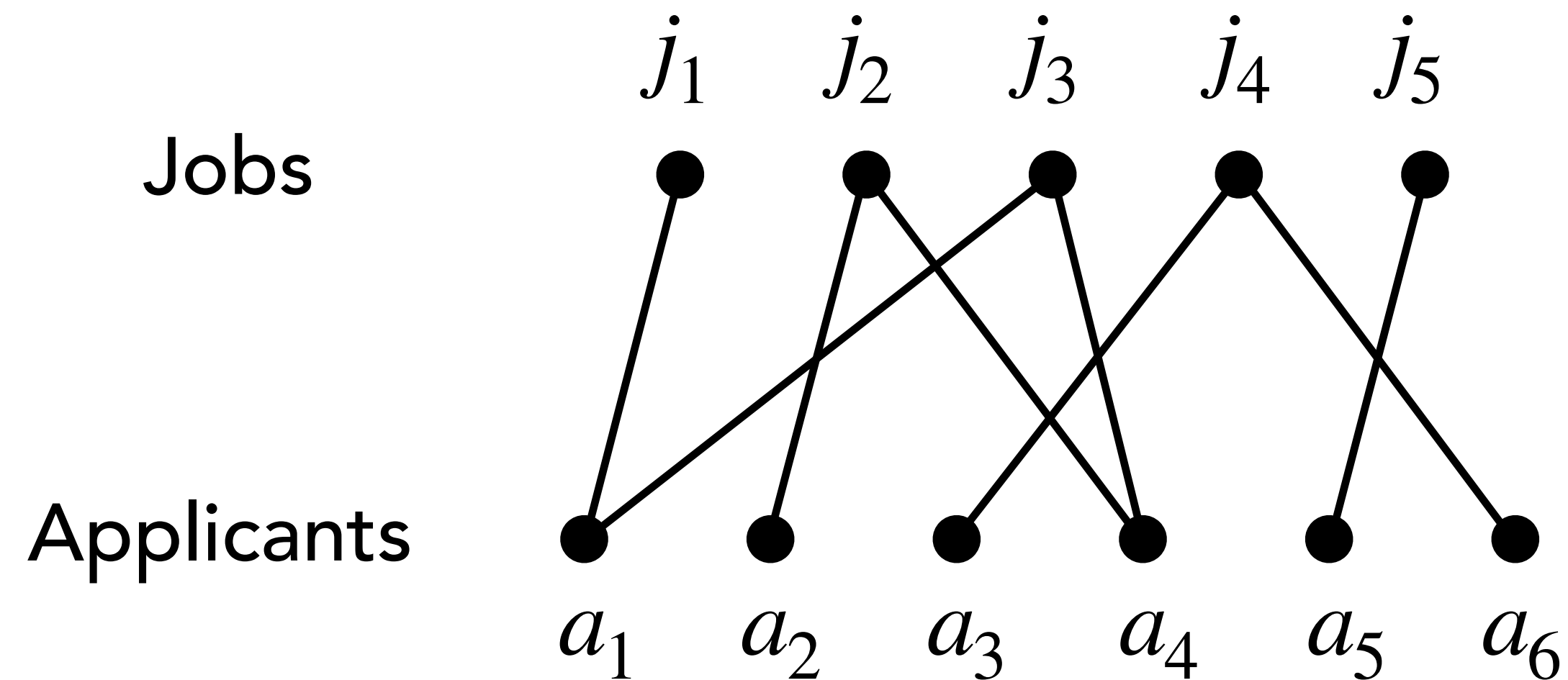
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Applicants	●	●	●	●	●	●
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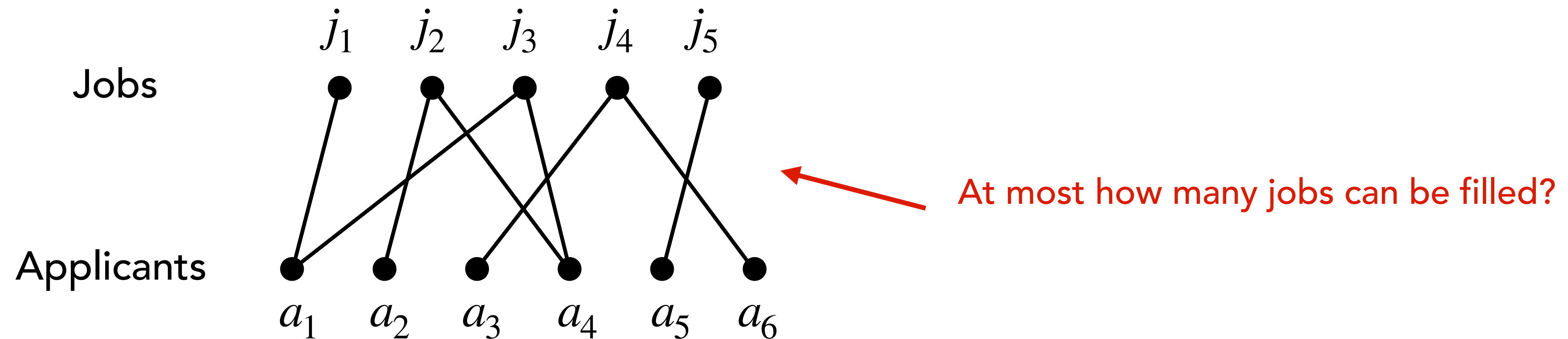
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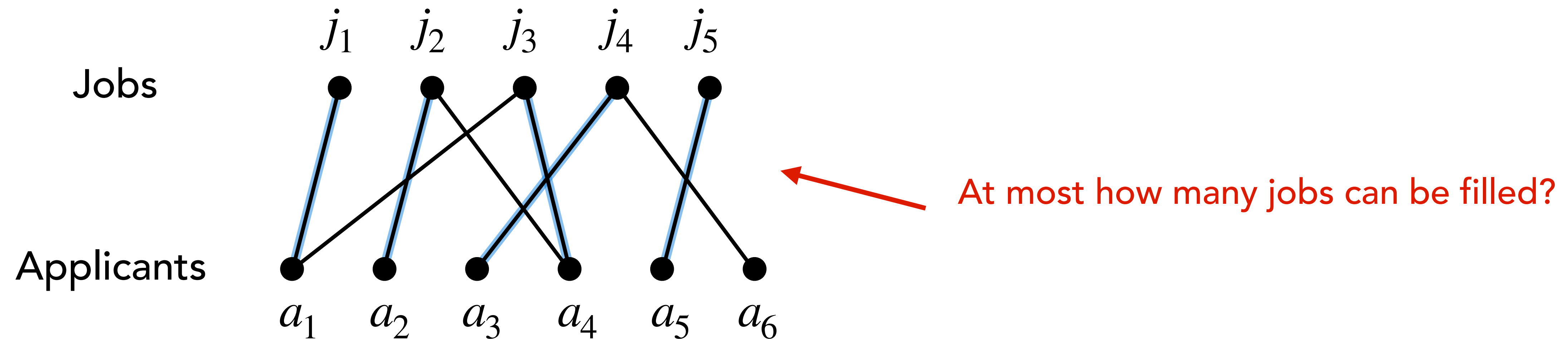
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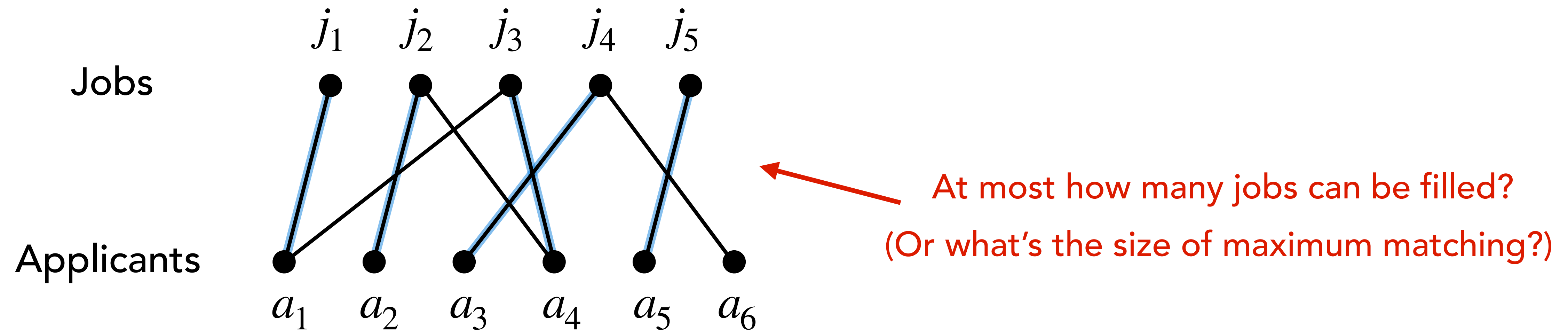
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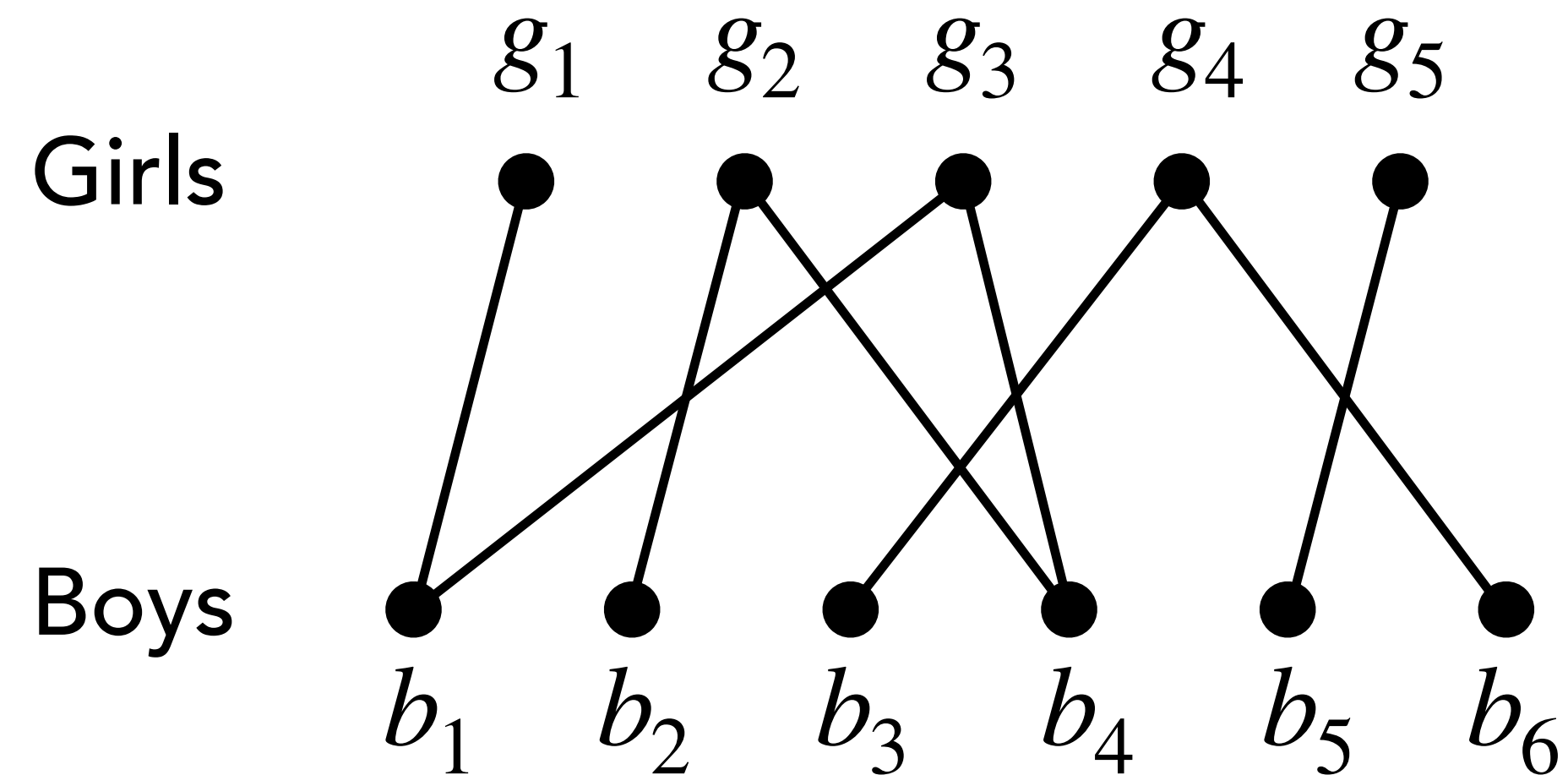
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Suppose there are 5 girls and 6 boys. We want to form couples based on interest shown between a boy and a girl assuming monogamous setup.

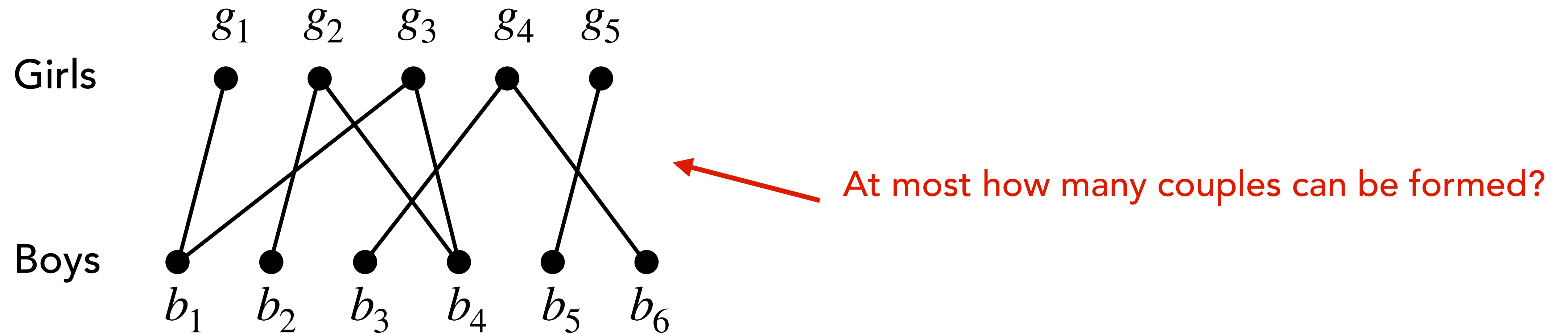
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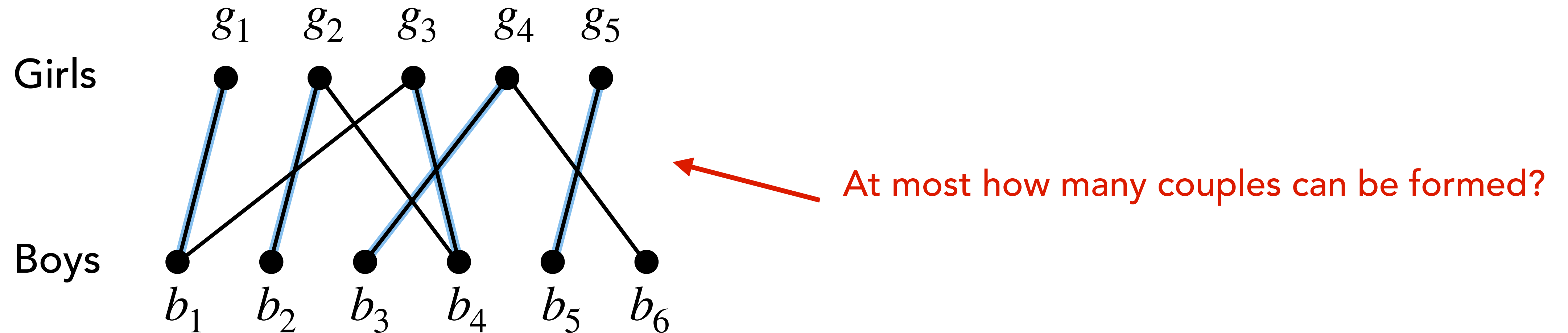
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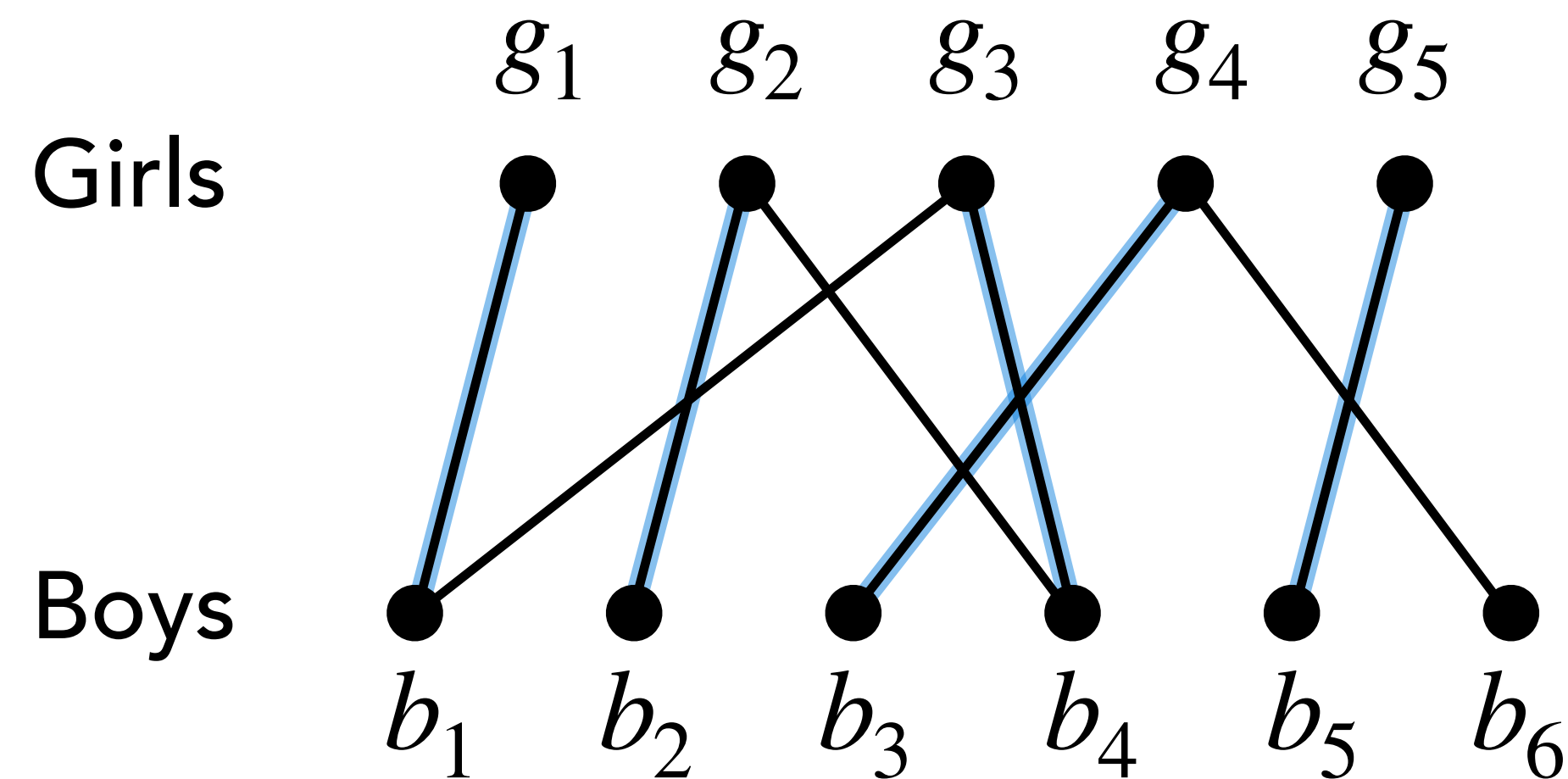
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At most how many couples can be formed?
(Or what's the size of maximum matching?)

Maximum Bipartite Matching in Factories

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Suppose there are 5 machine and 6 tasks.

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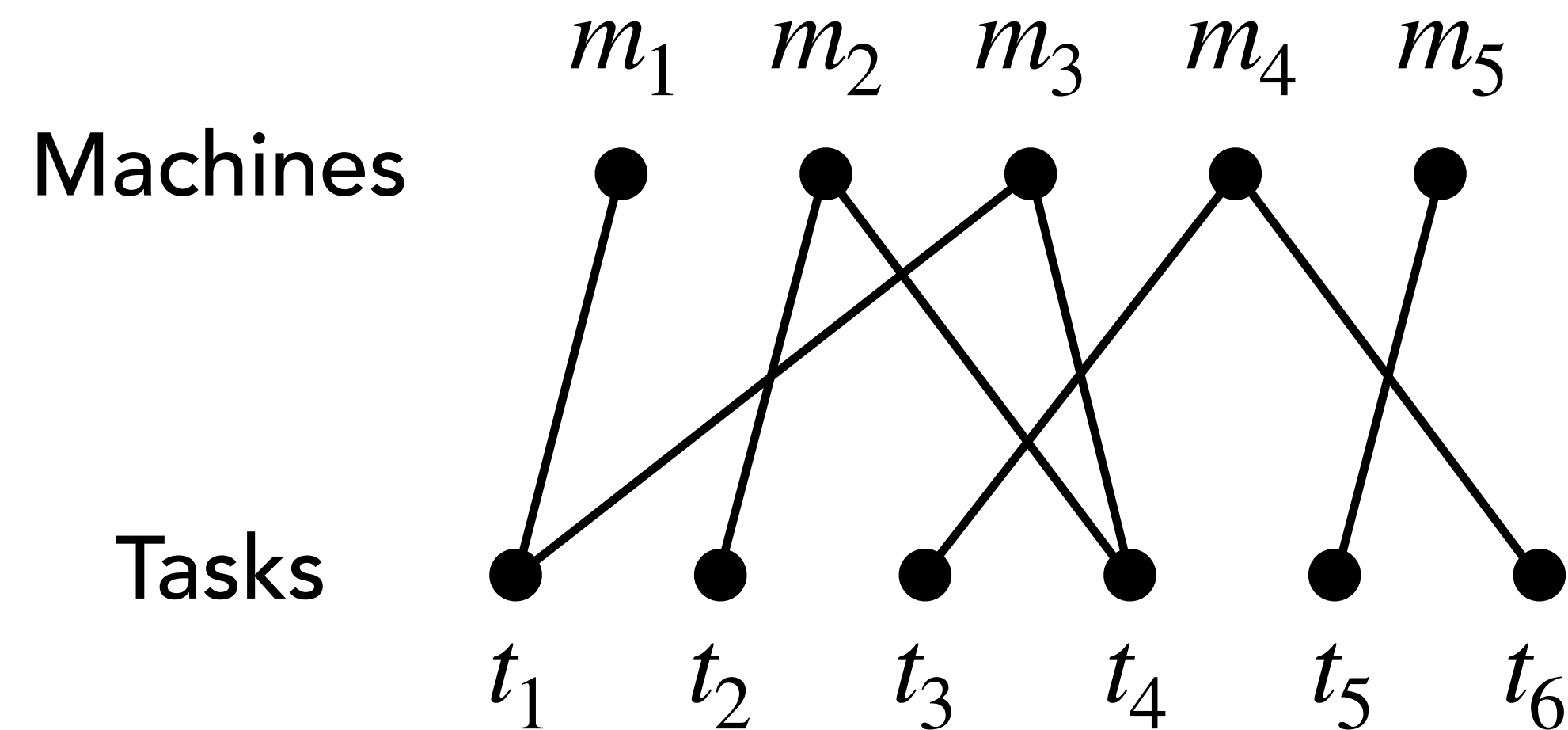
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Suppose there are 5 machine and 6 tasks. Each machine can do one task at a time and one task can be done by at most one machine.

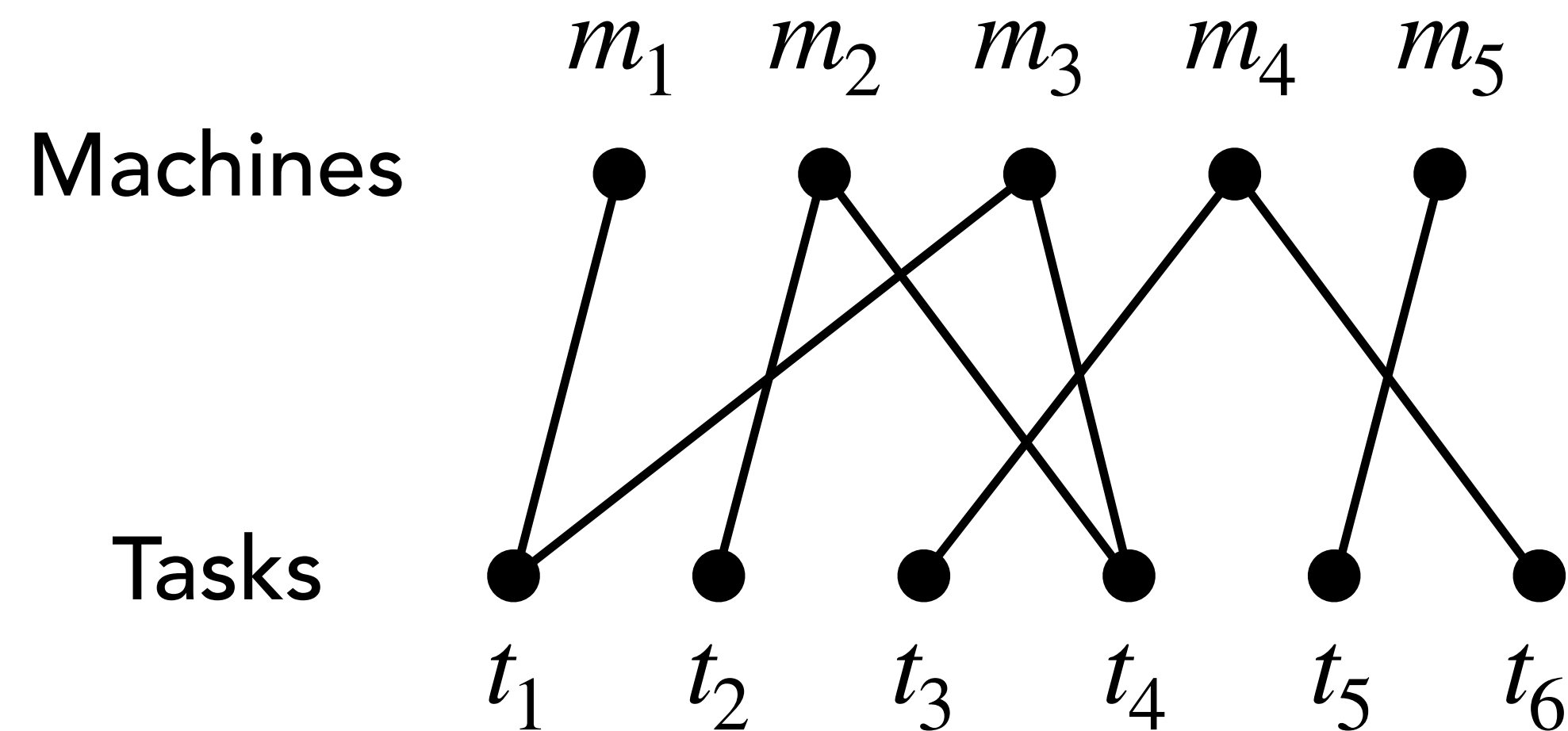
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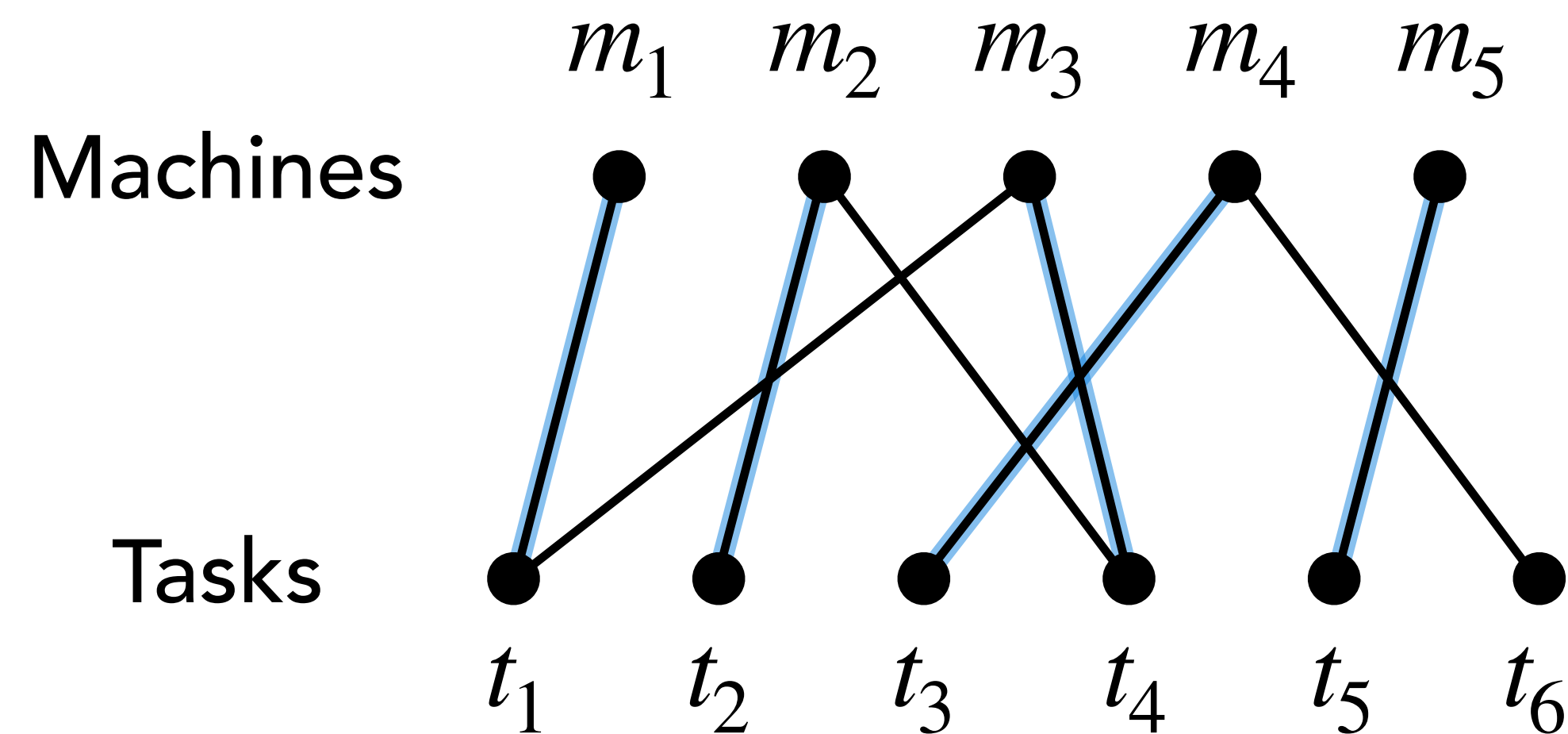
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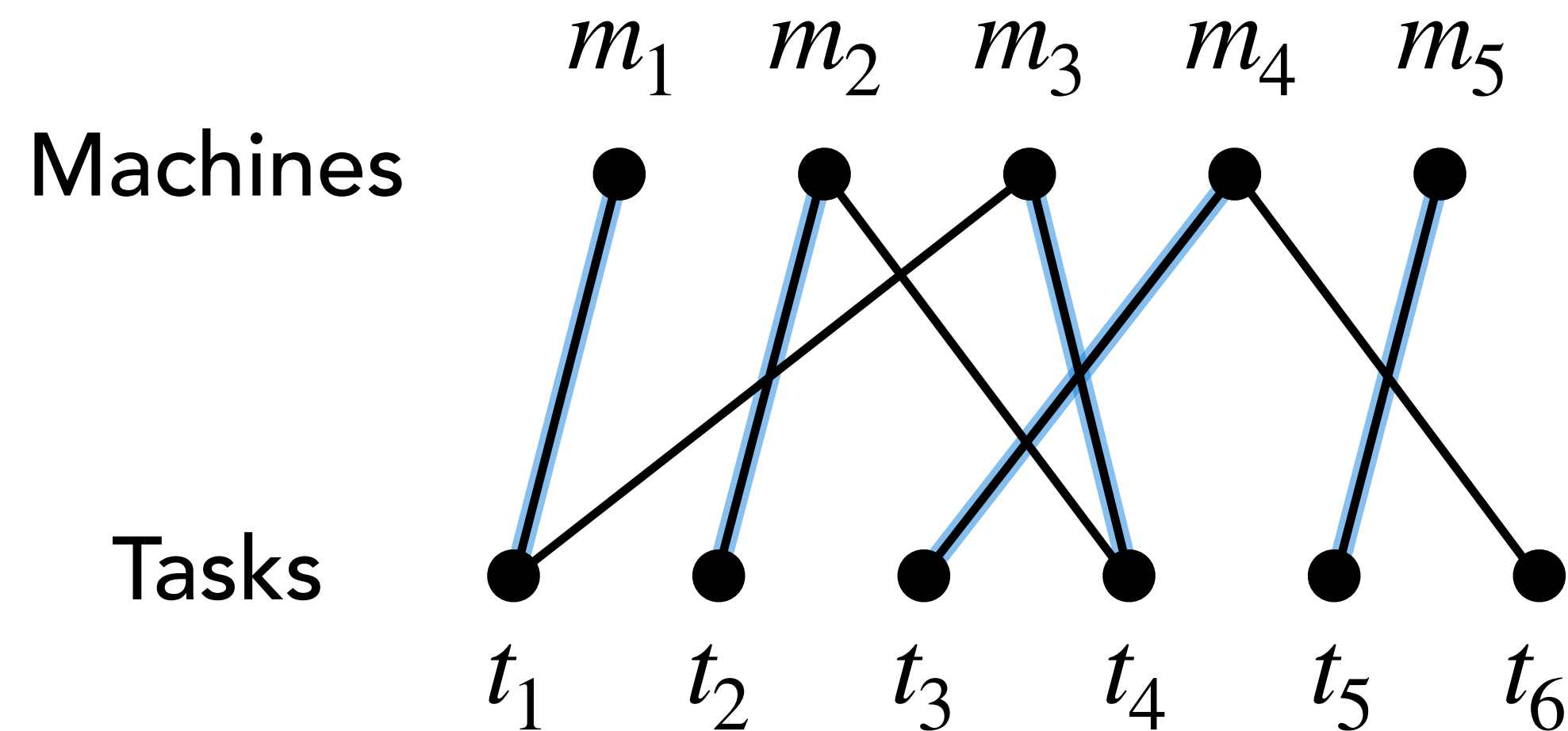
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Input: A bipartite graph G .

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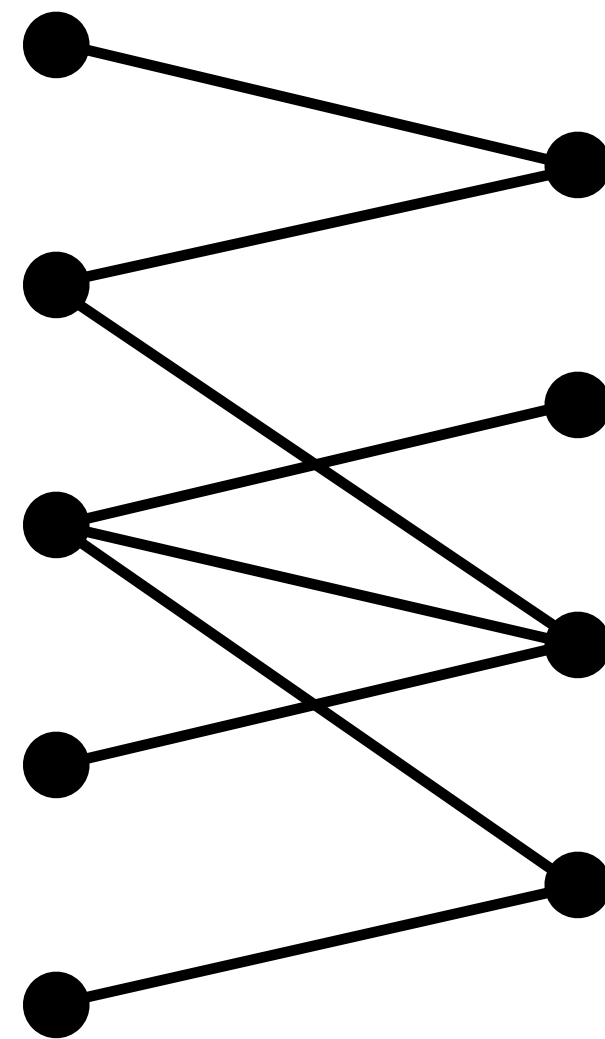


← Has a surprising connection to *Max-flow*.

Bipartite Matching to Flow

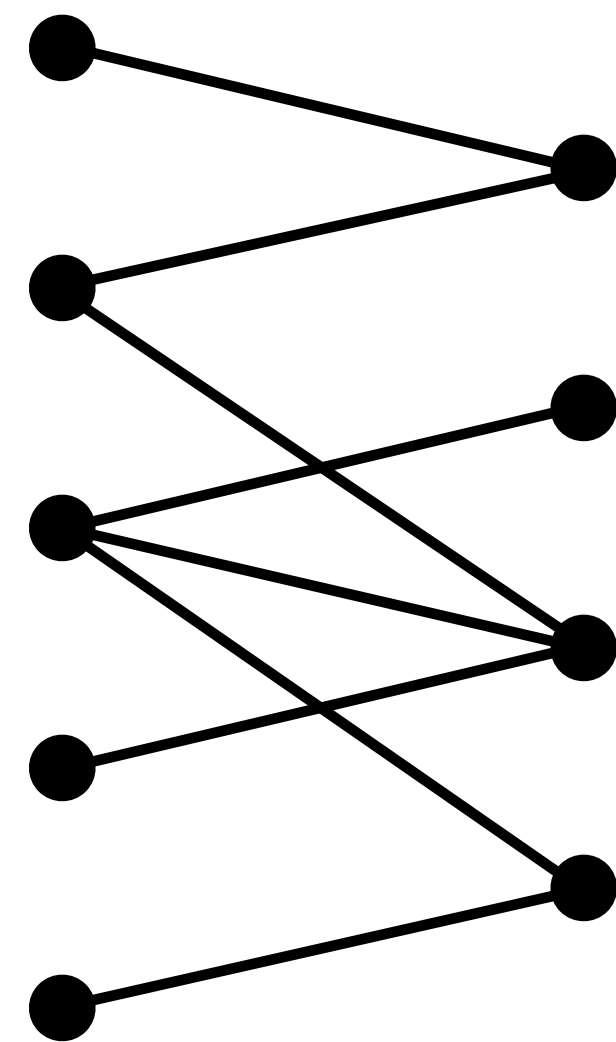
Bipartite Matching to Flow

$G = (V, E)$

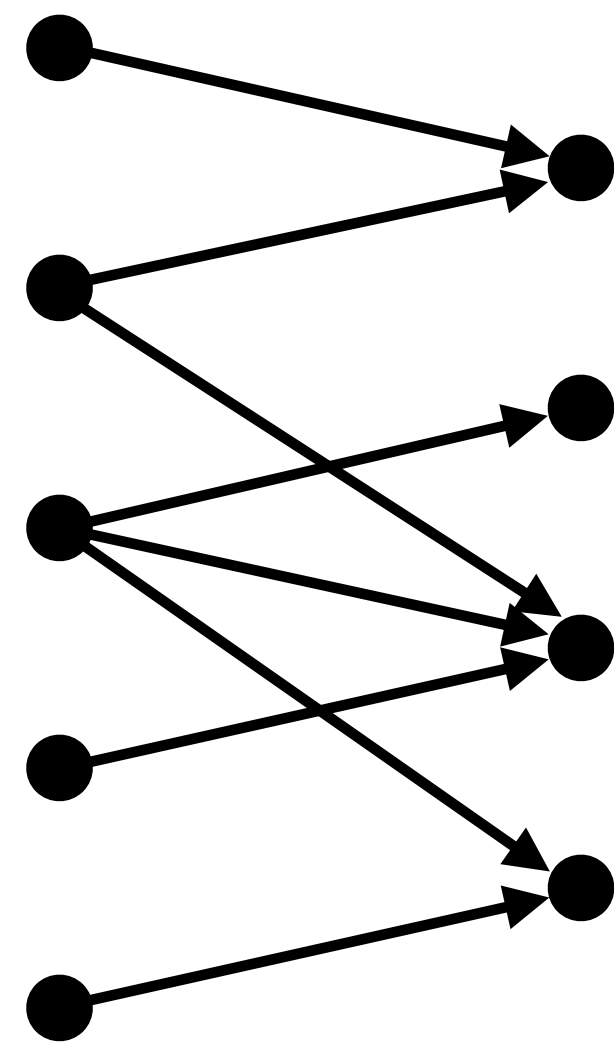


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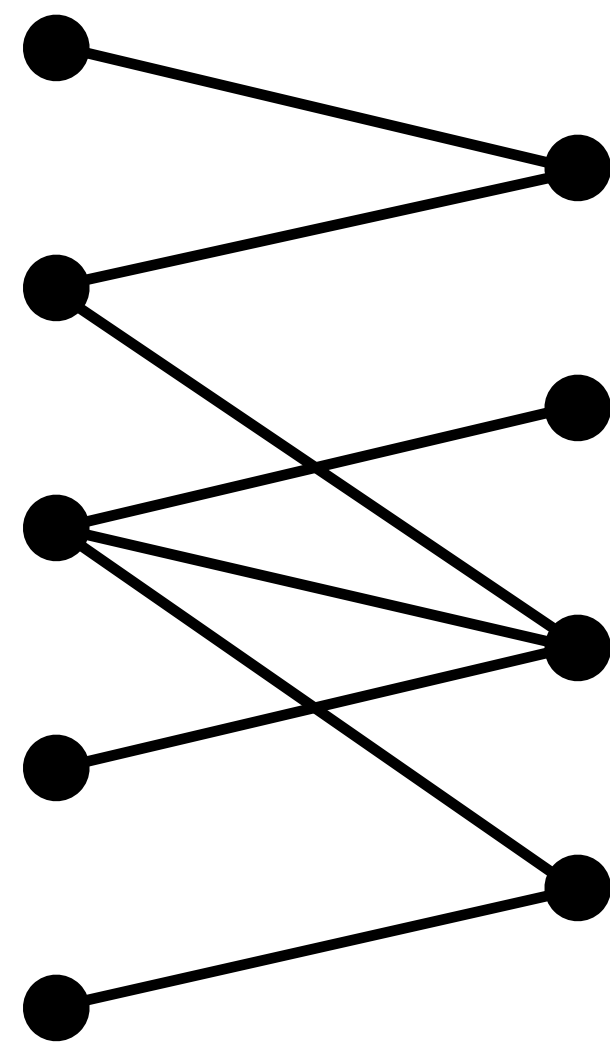


$G' = (V', E')$

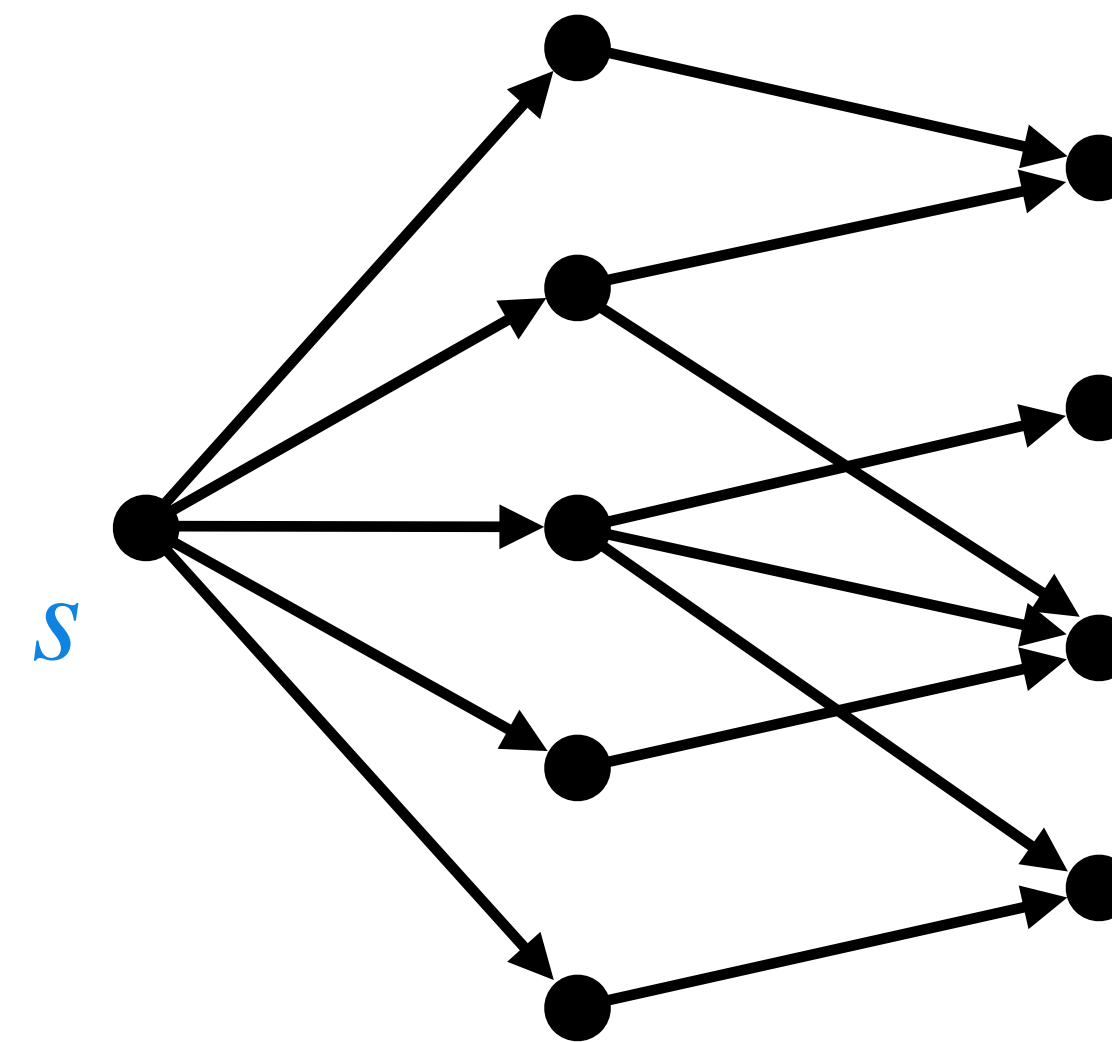


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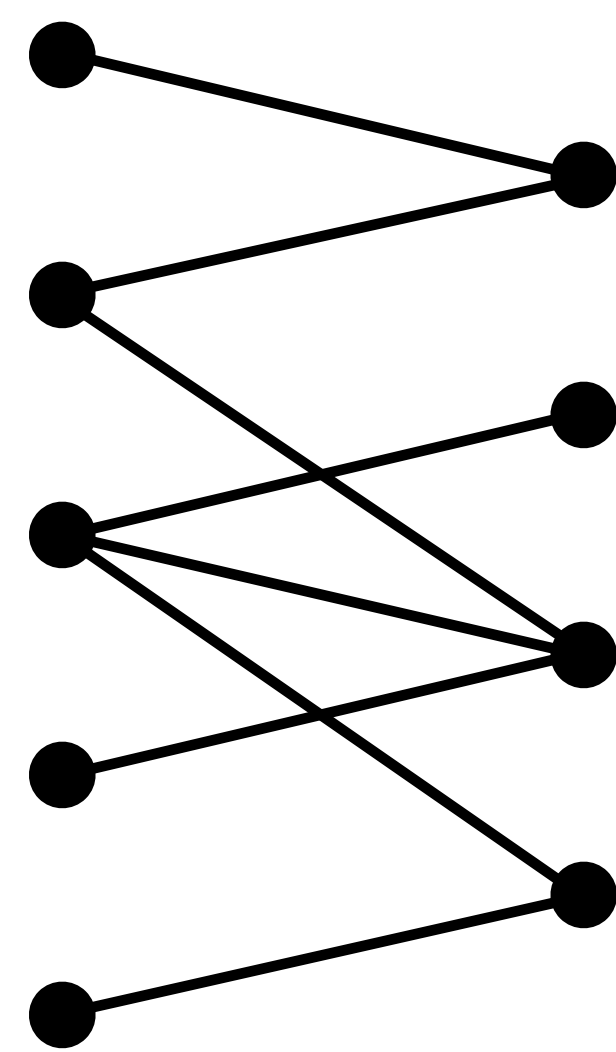


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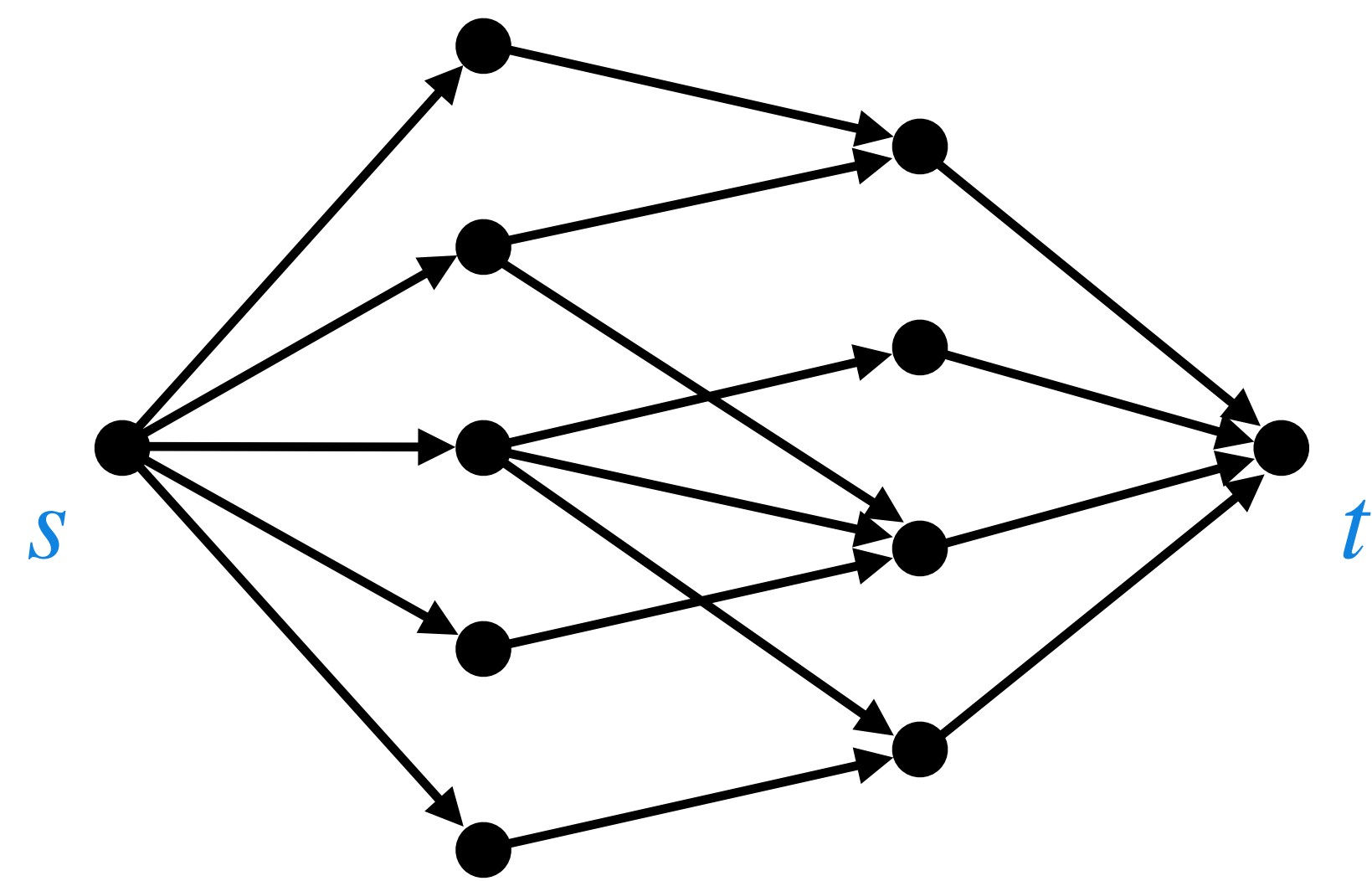


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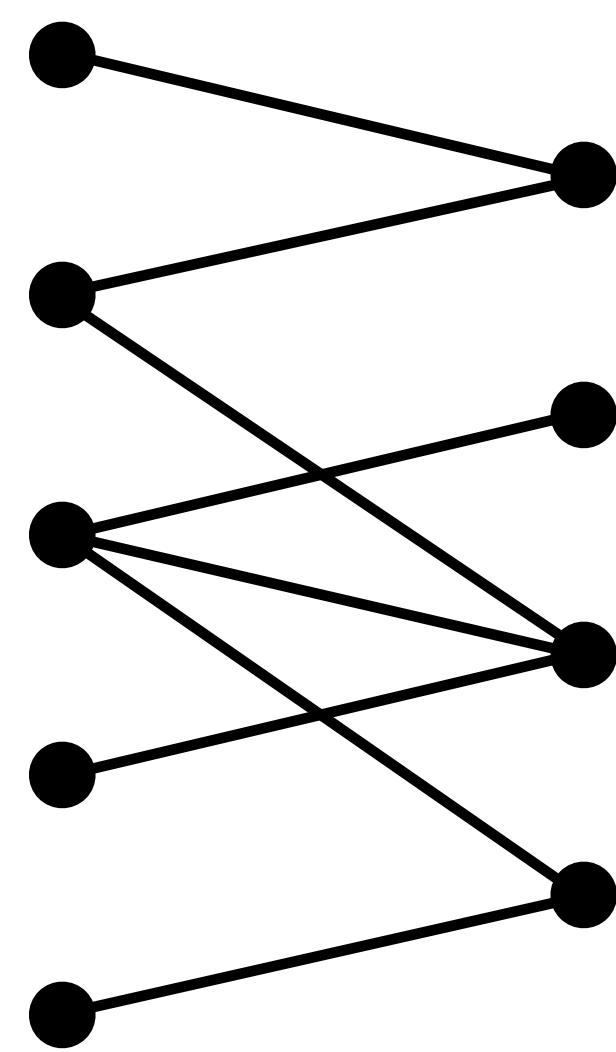


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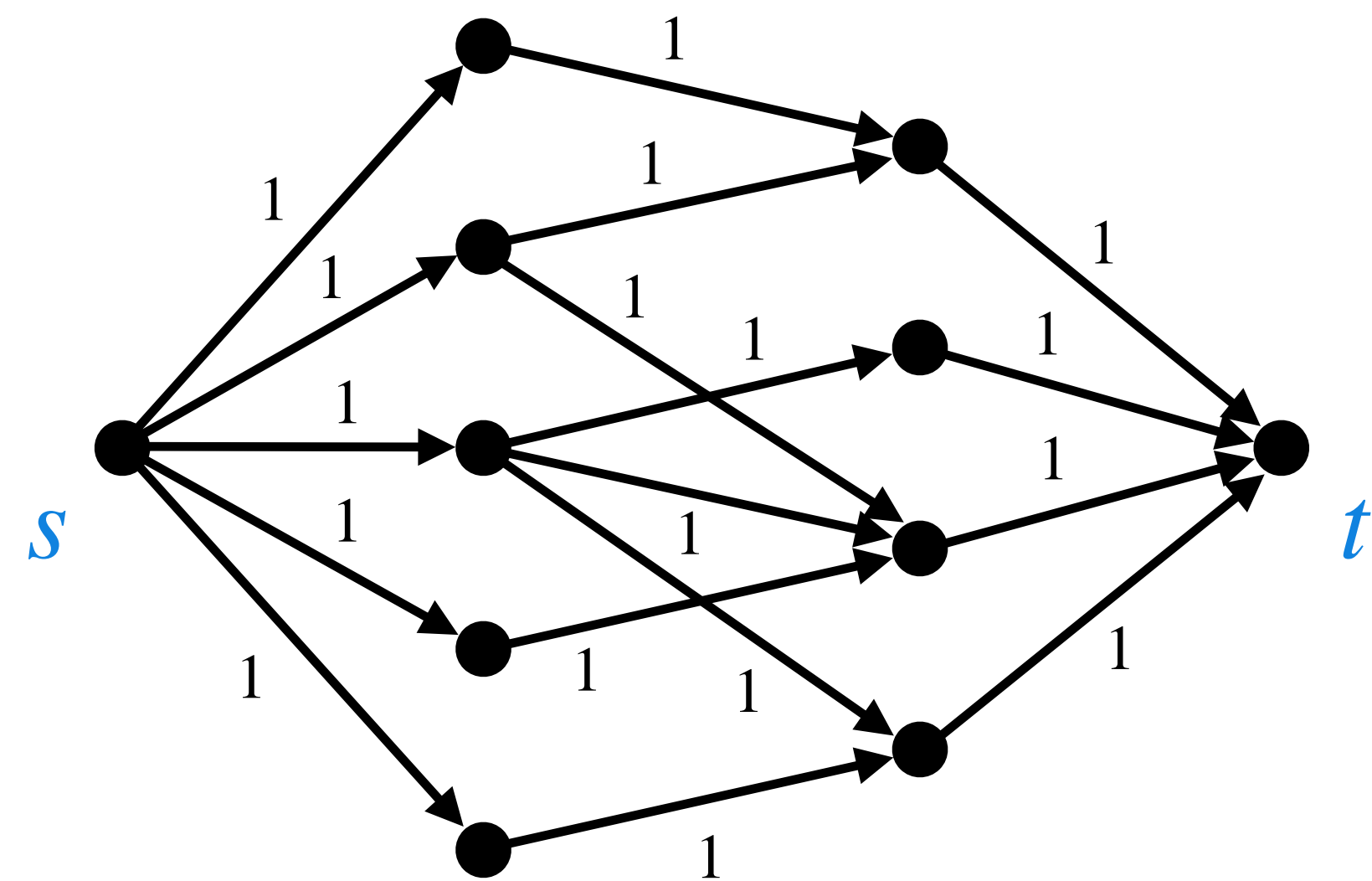


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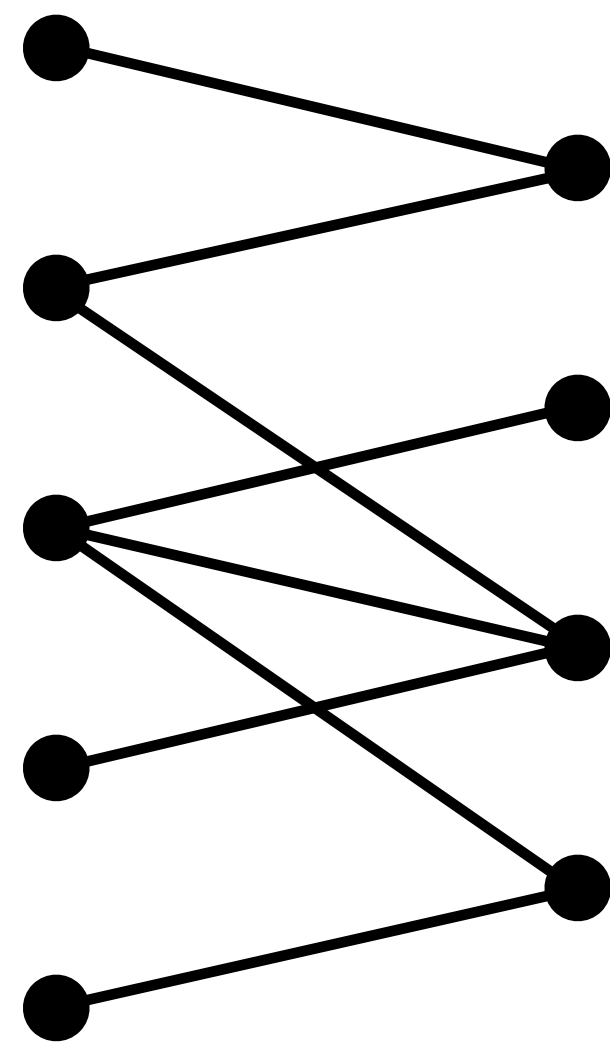
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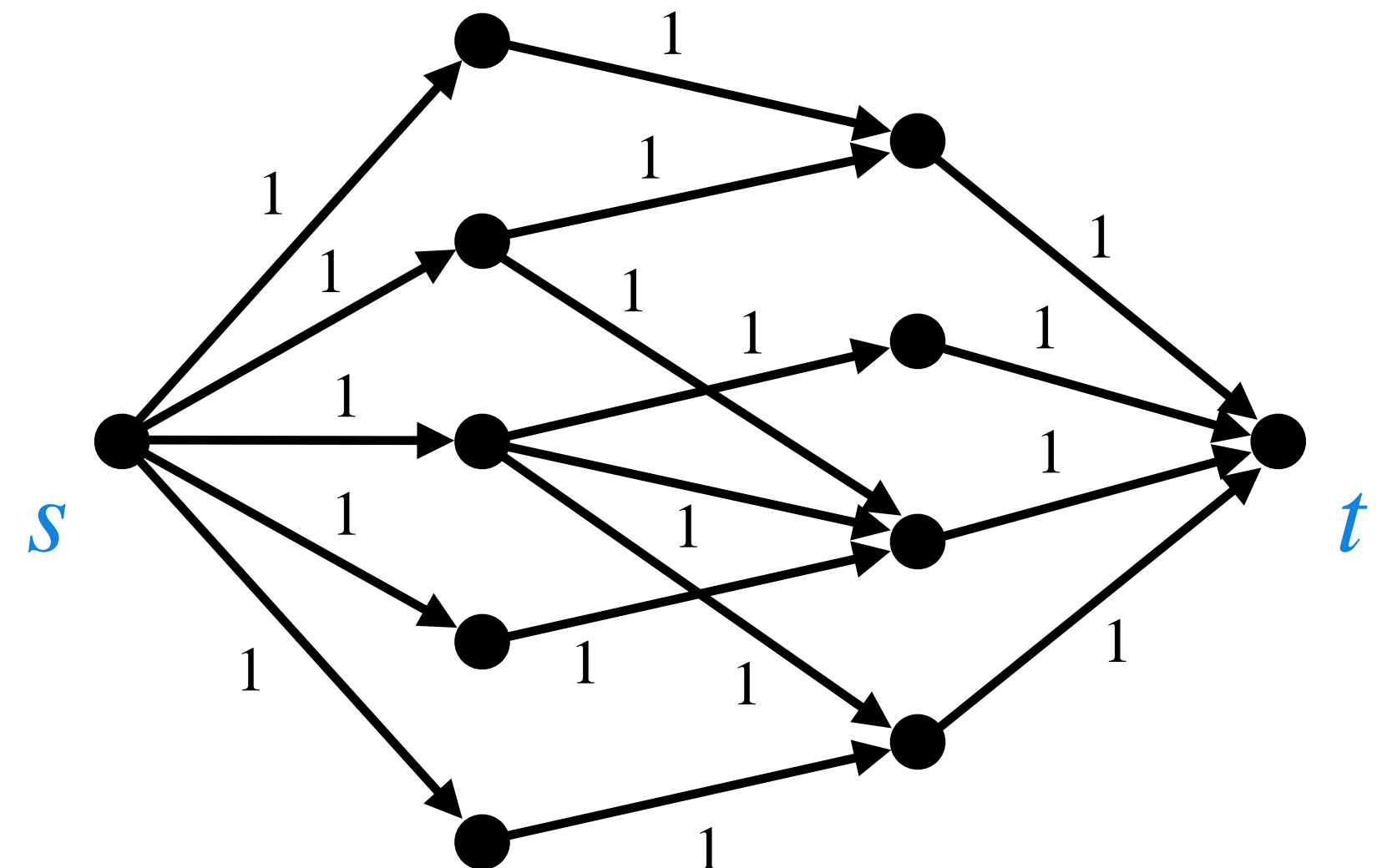
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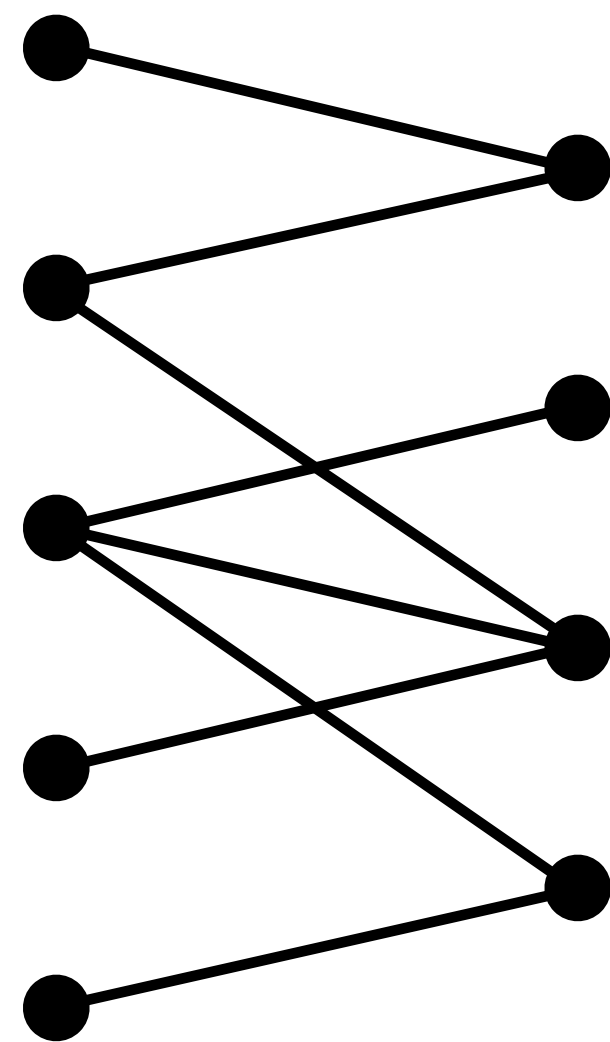
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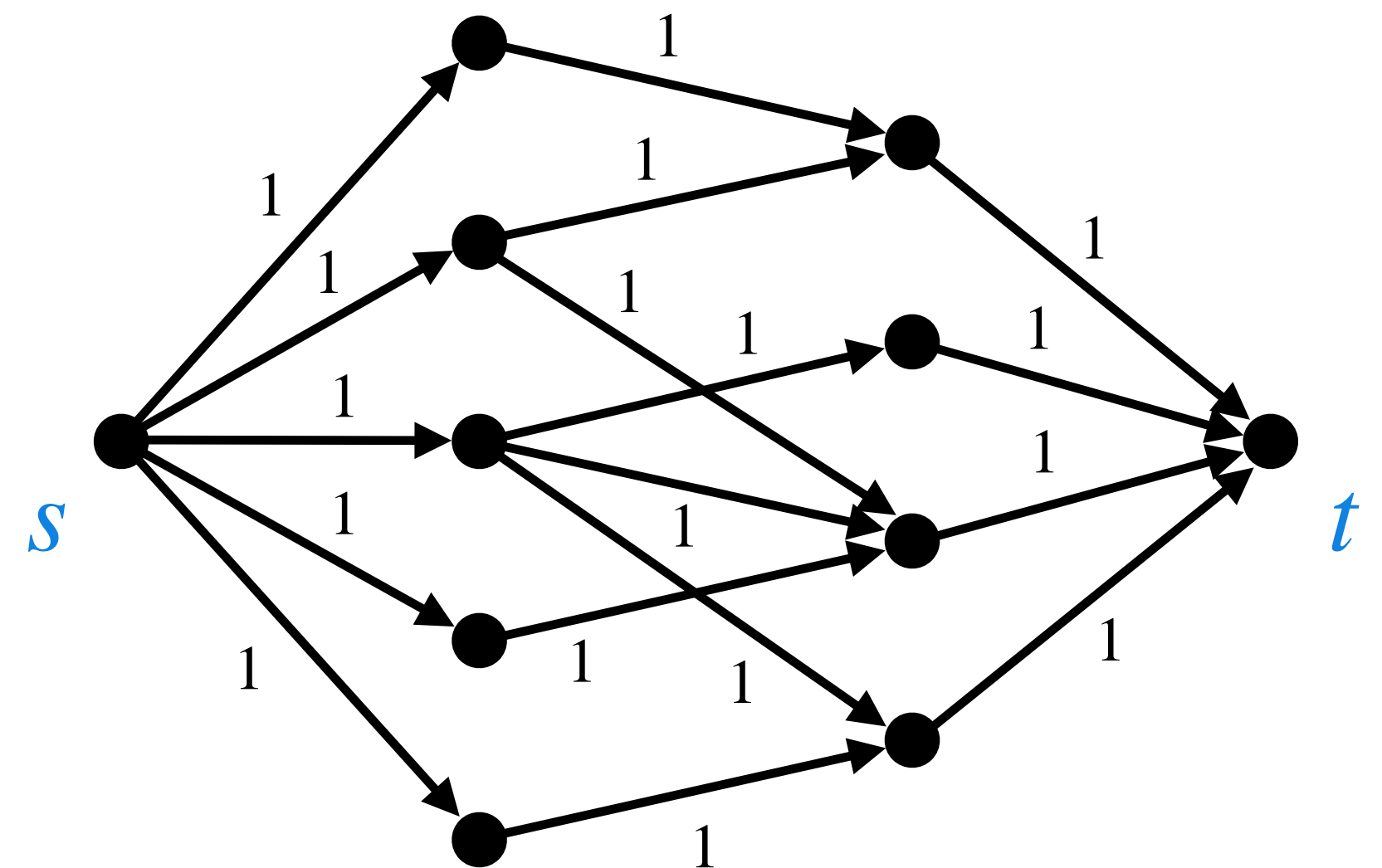
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For a bipartite graph $G = (V, E)$ with partition (L, R) we construct the corresponding flow network $G' = (V', E')$, where:

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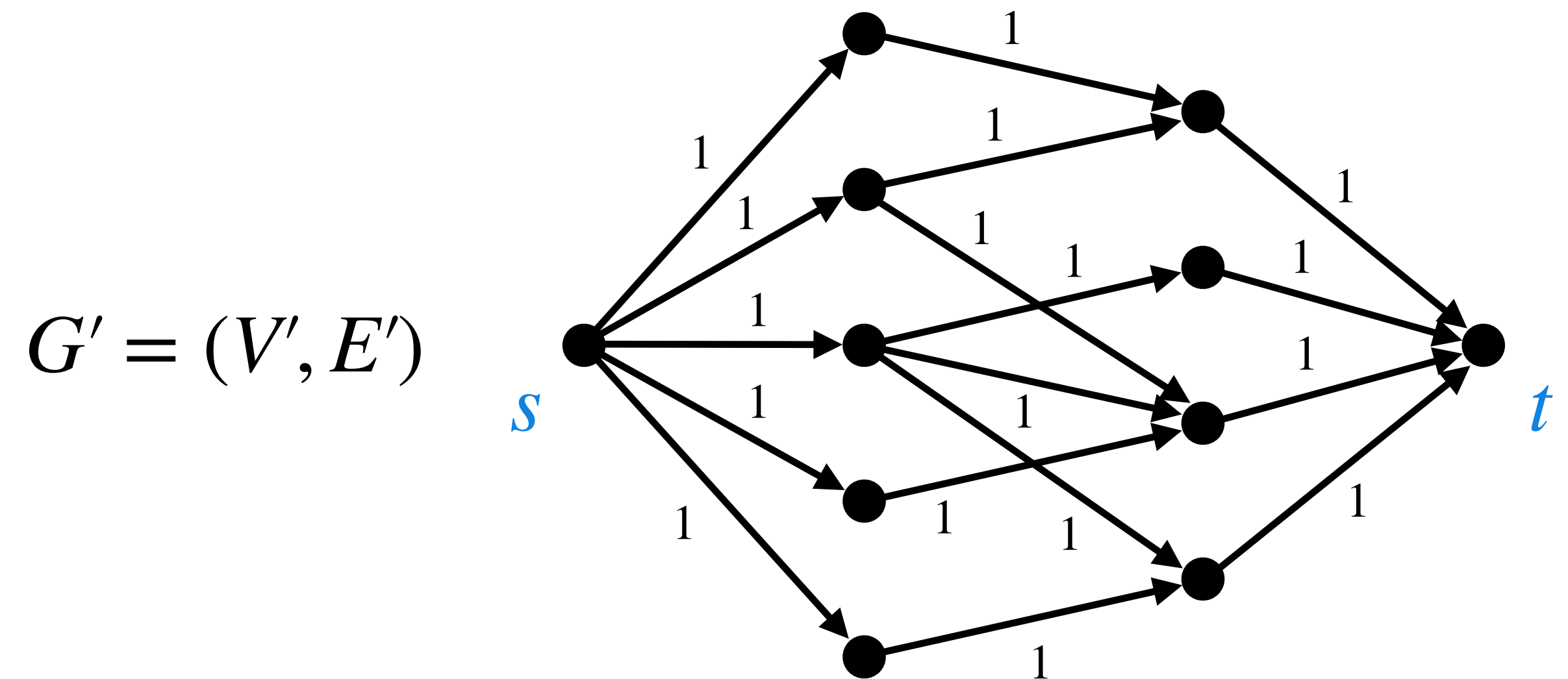
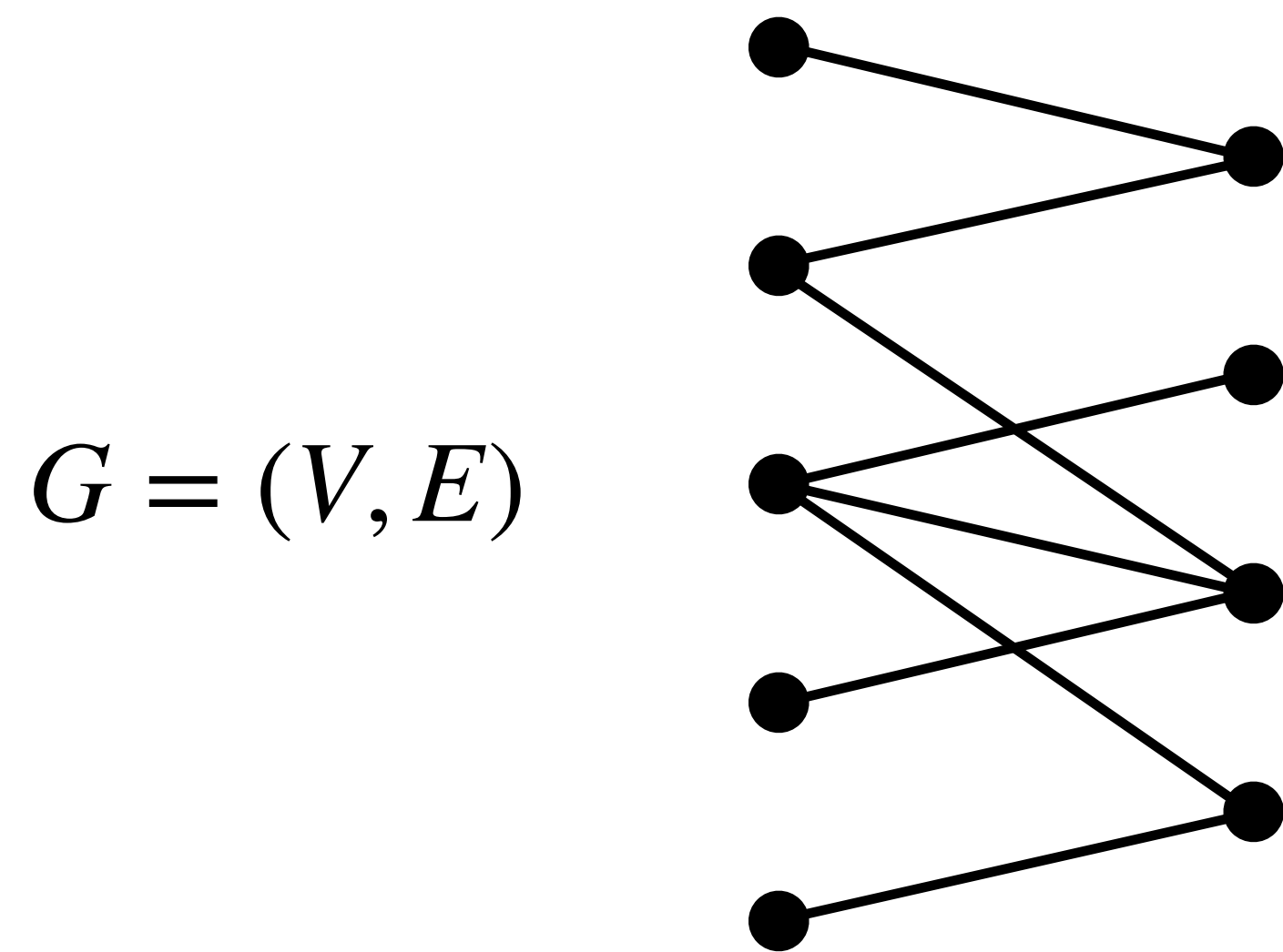
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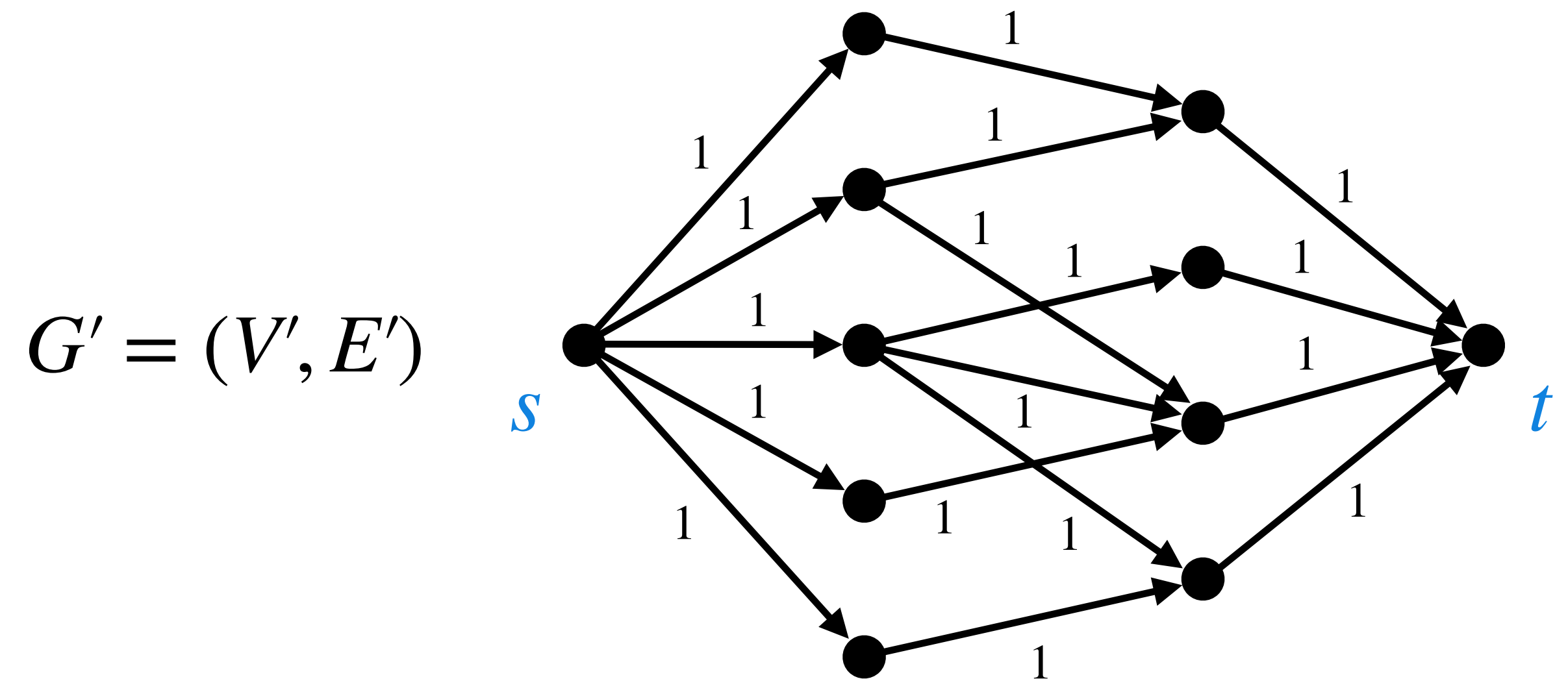
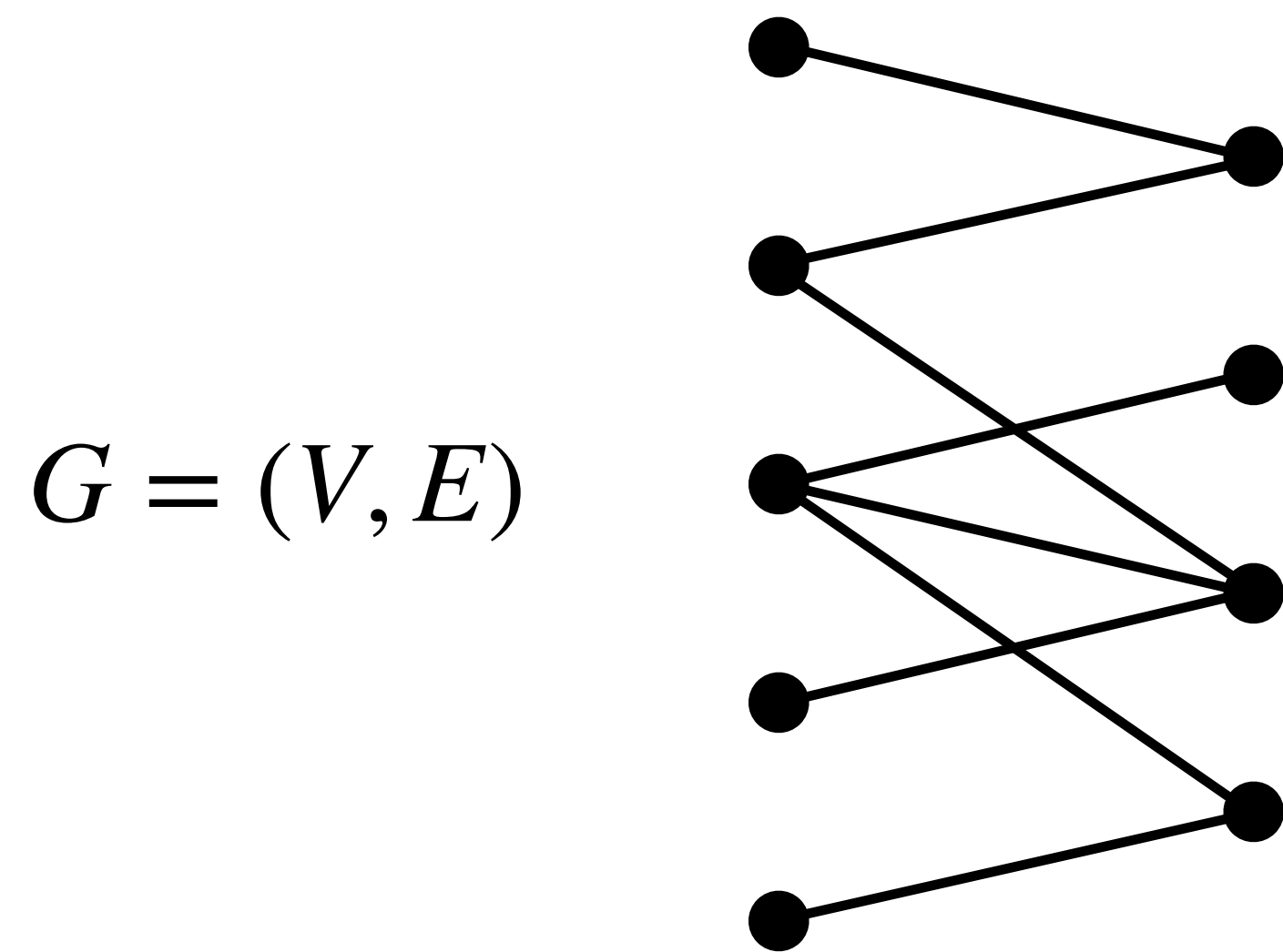
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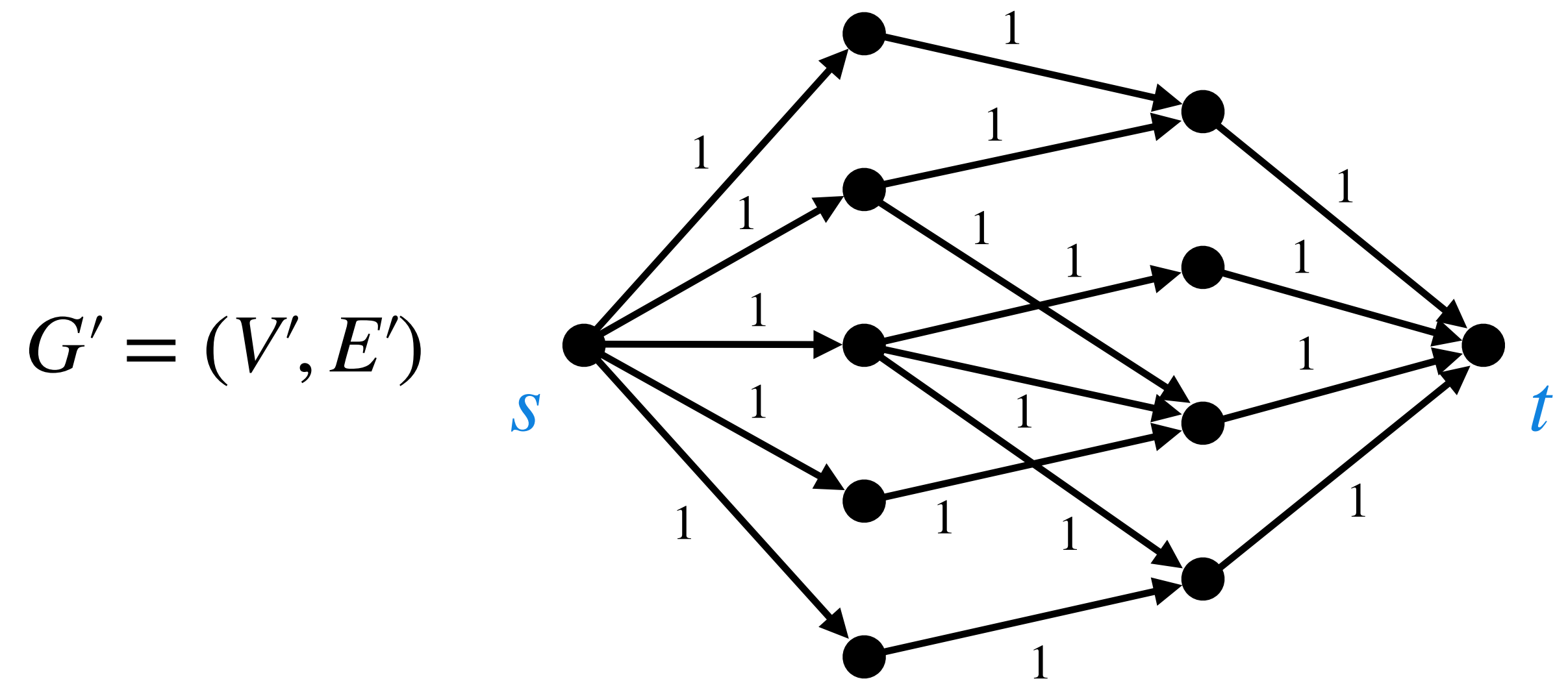
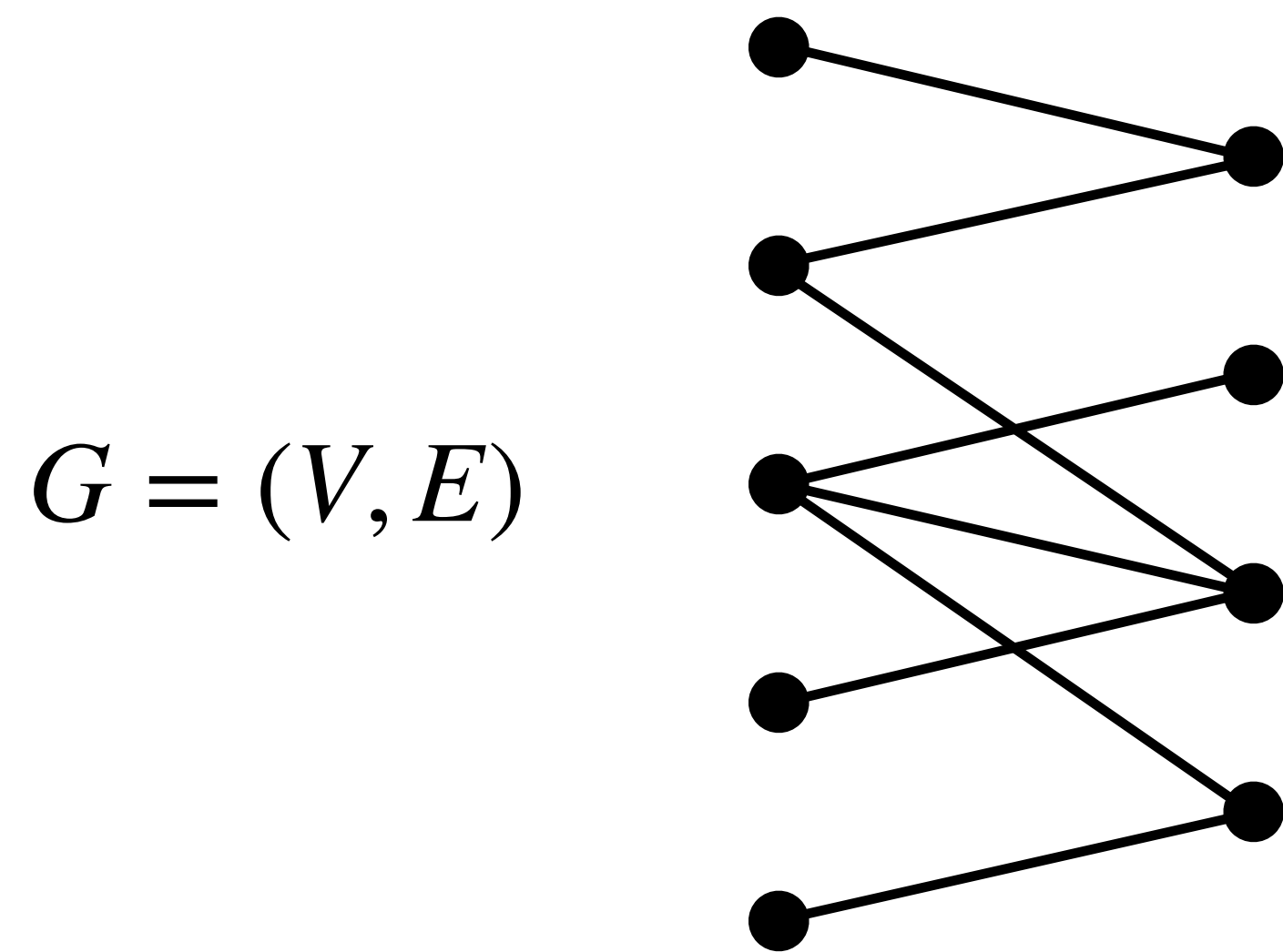
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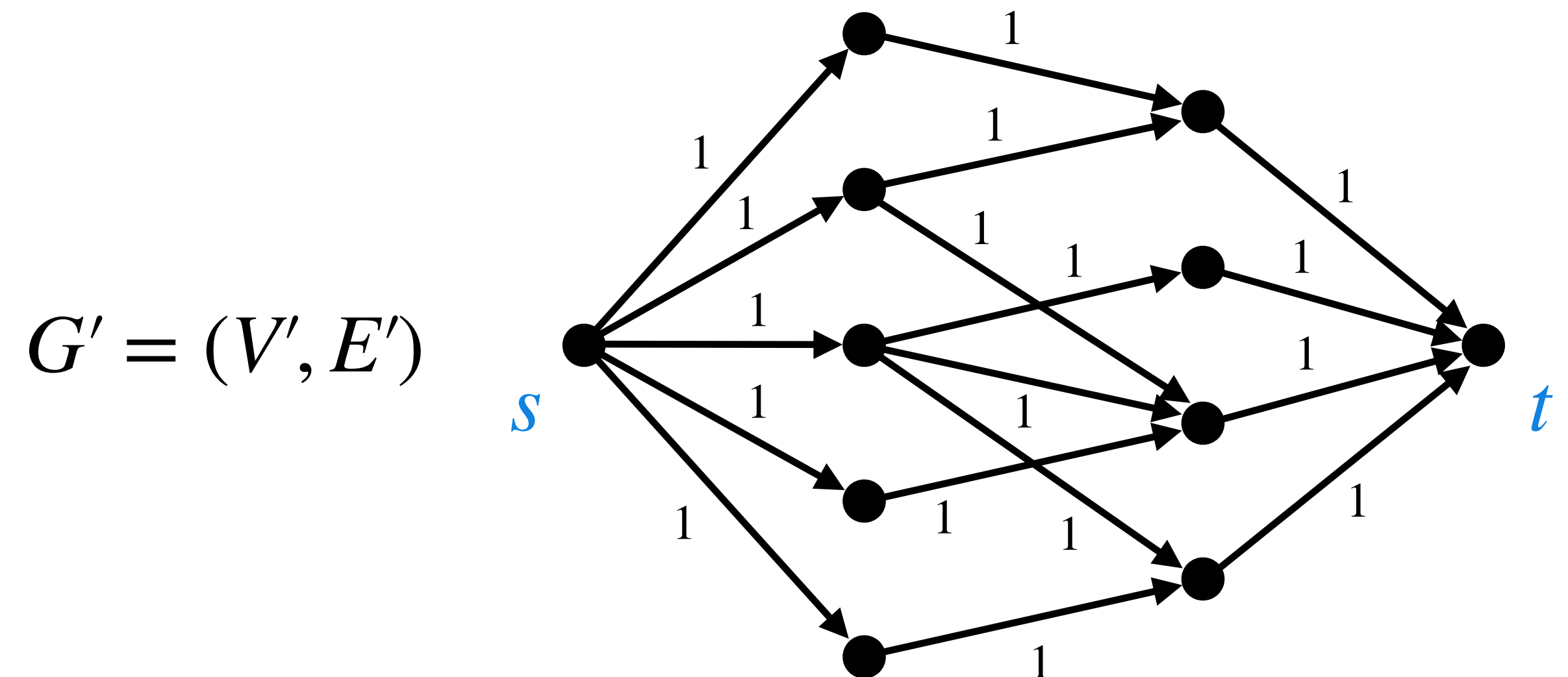
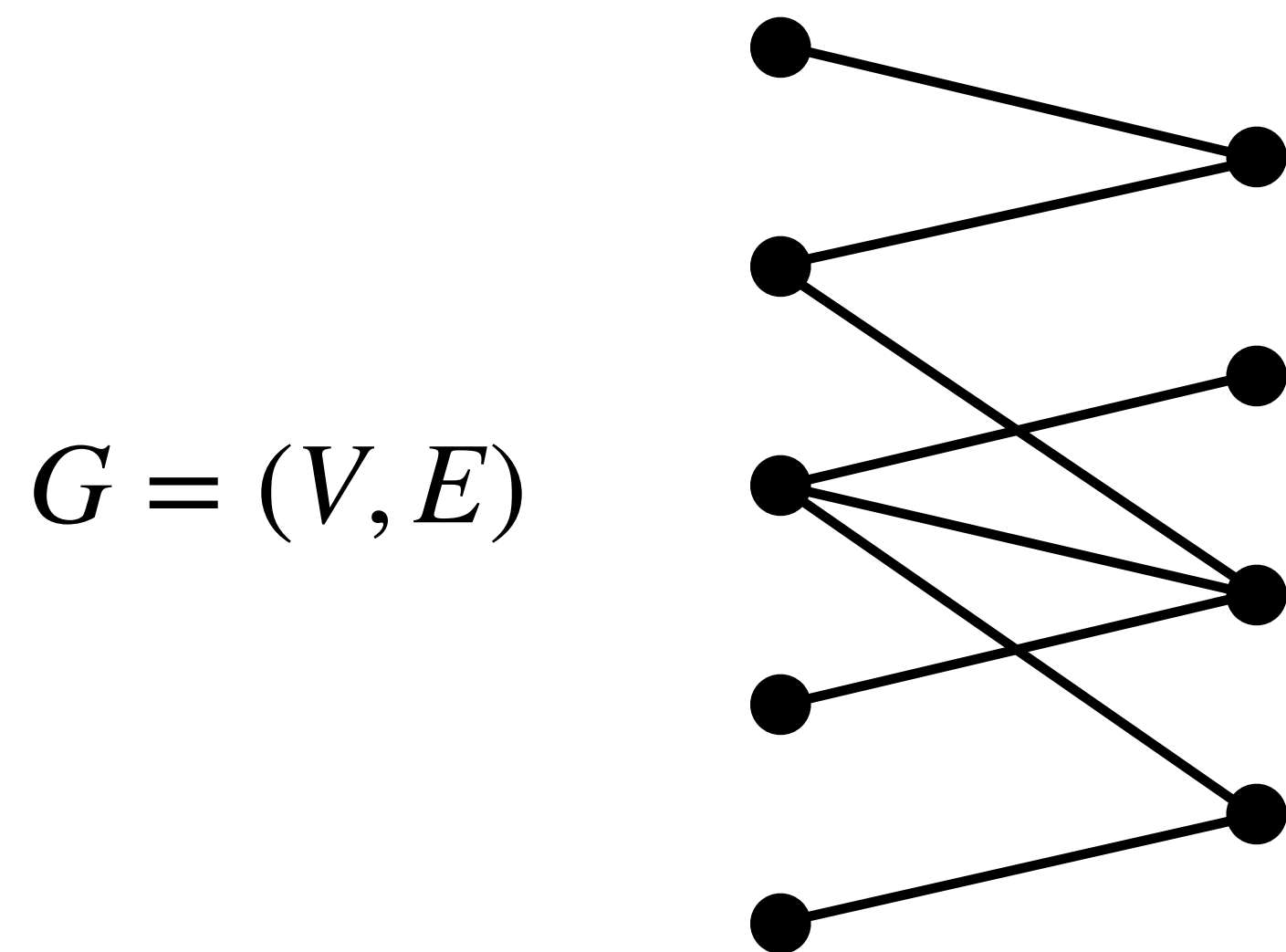
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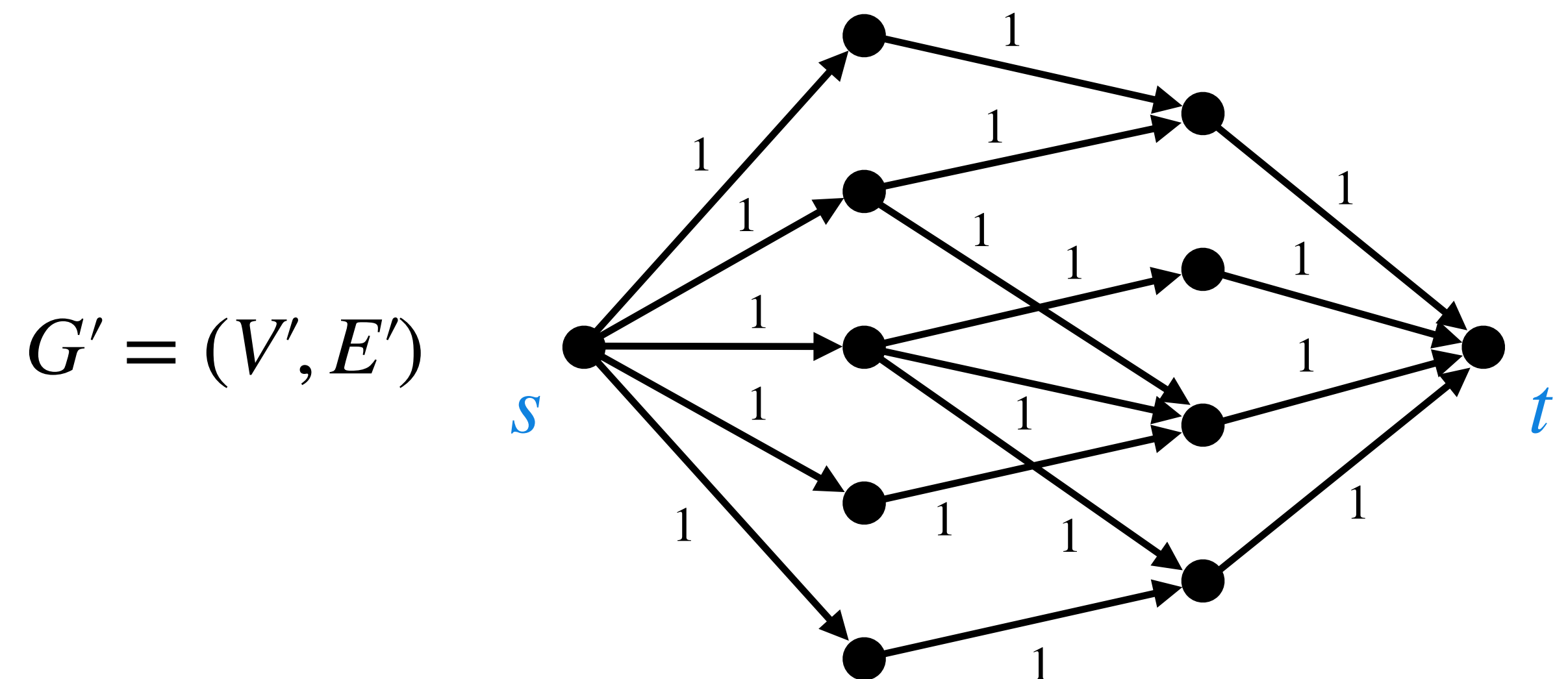
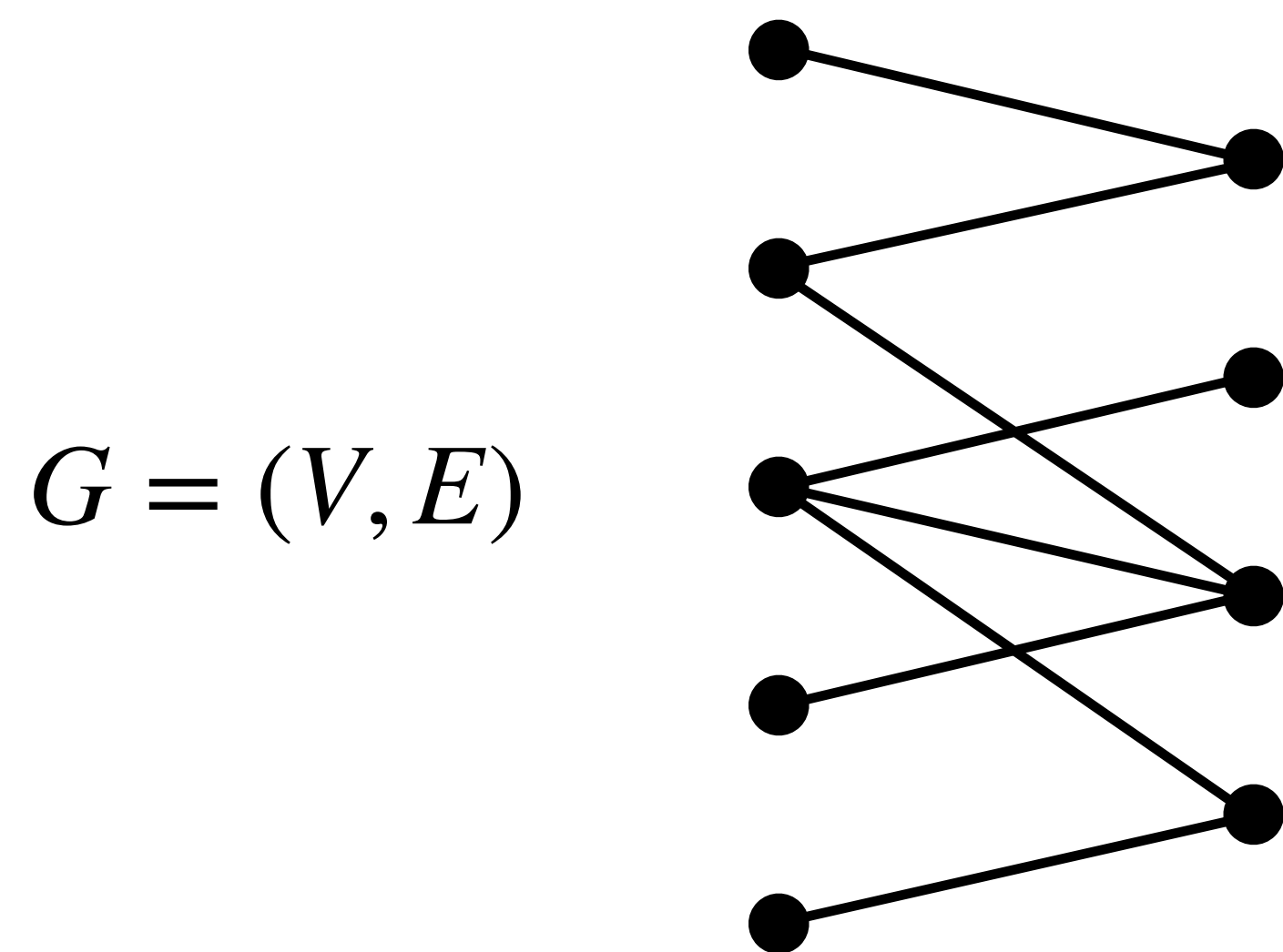
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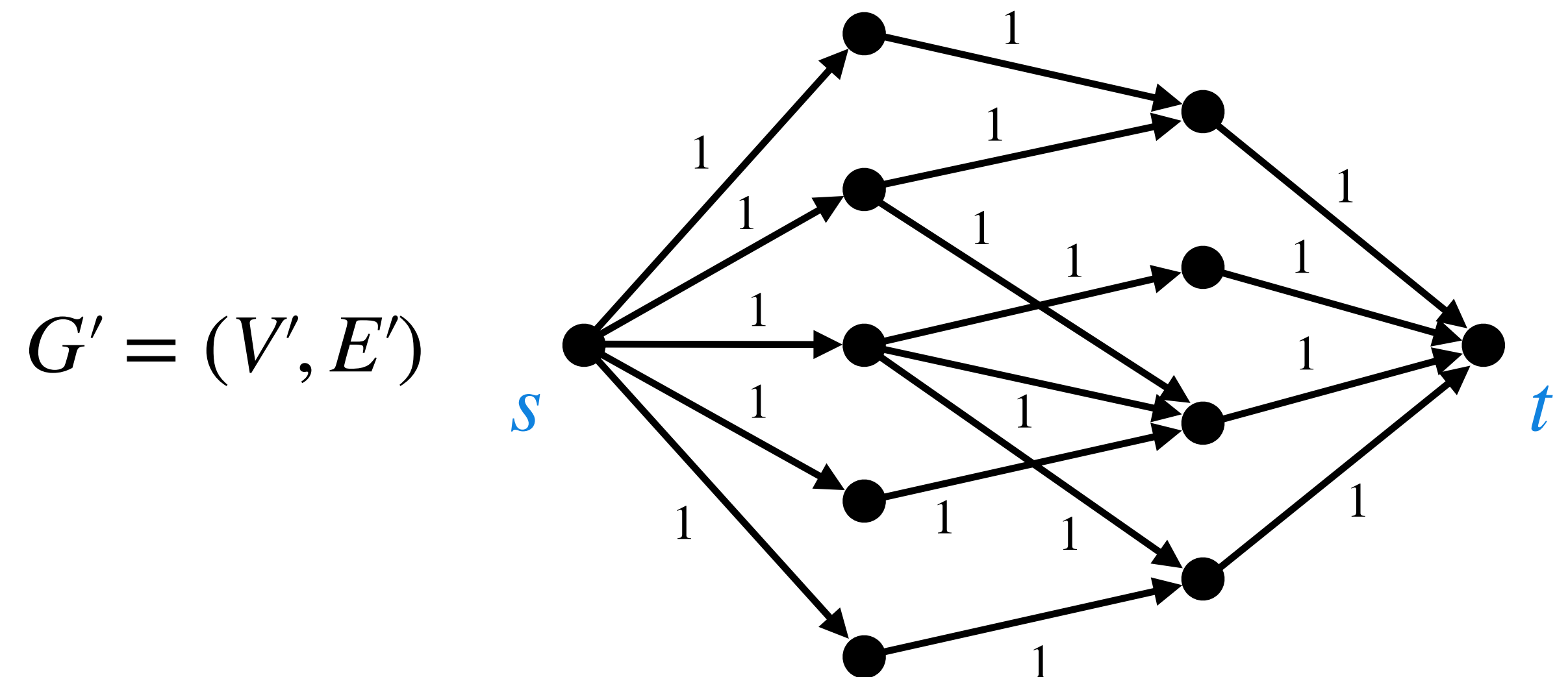
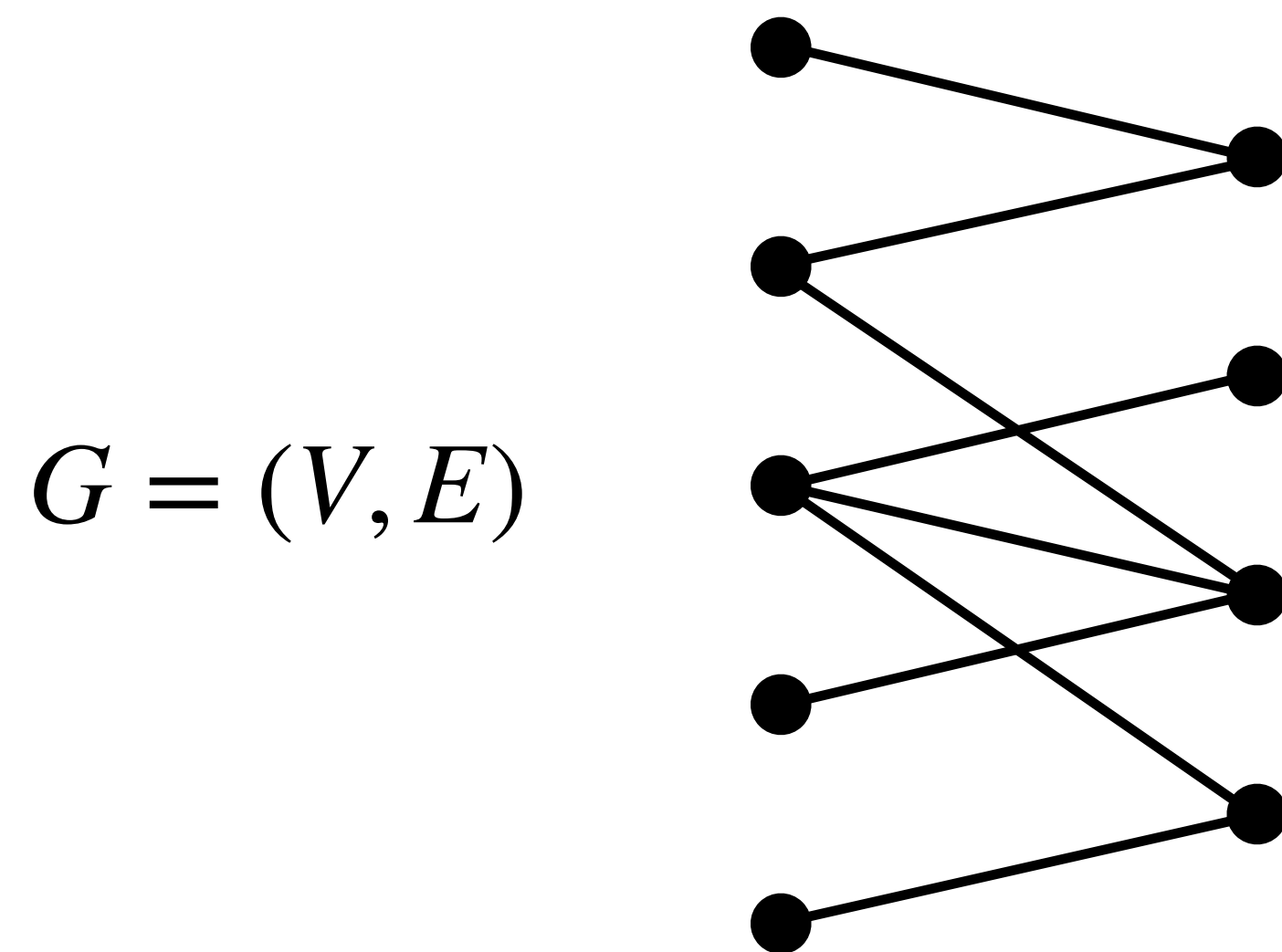
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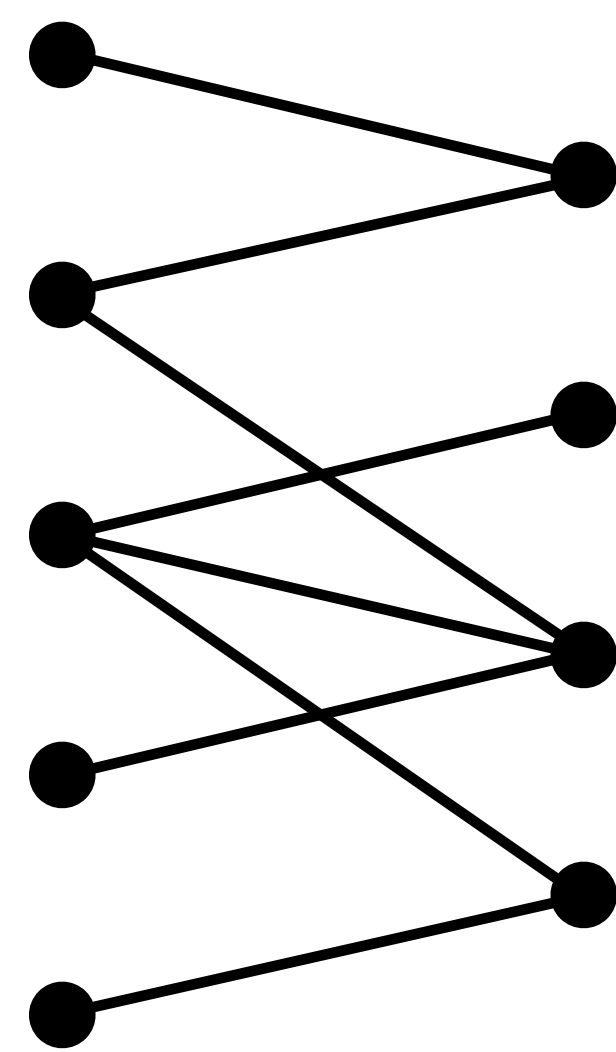
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- Every edge has capacity **one**.

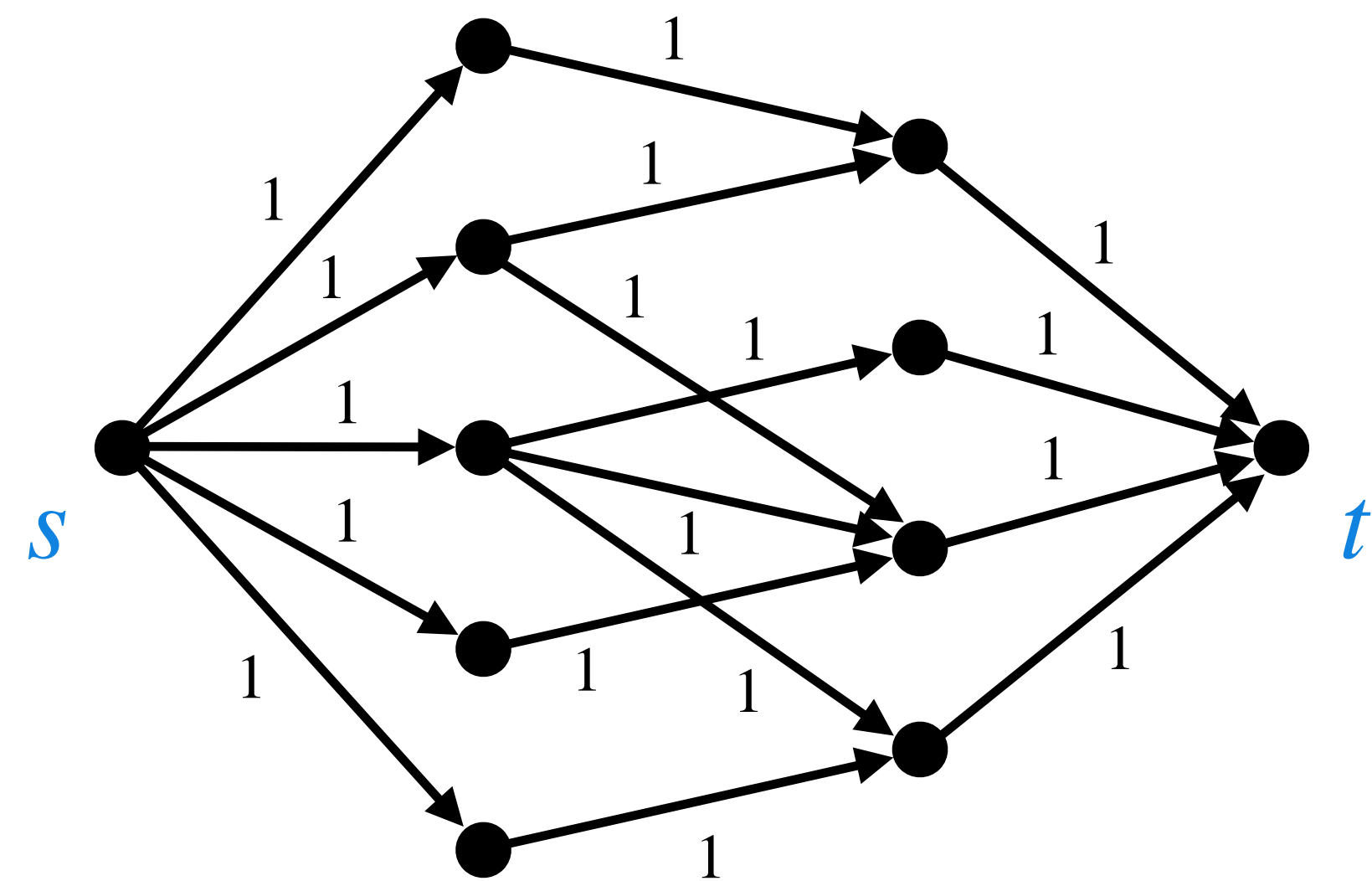


Bipartite Matching to Flow

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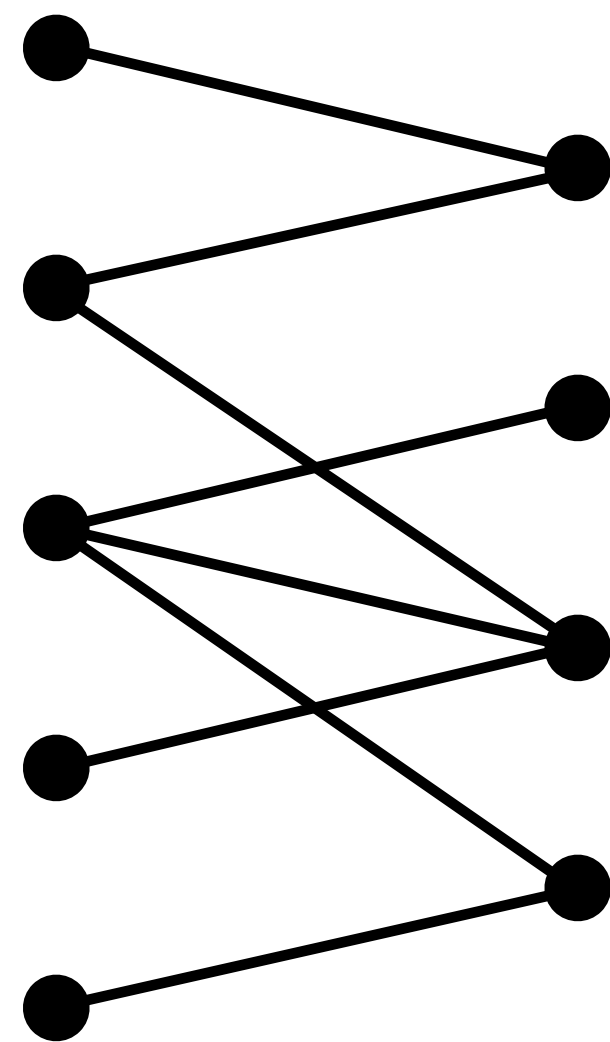
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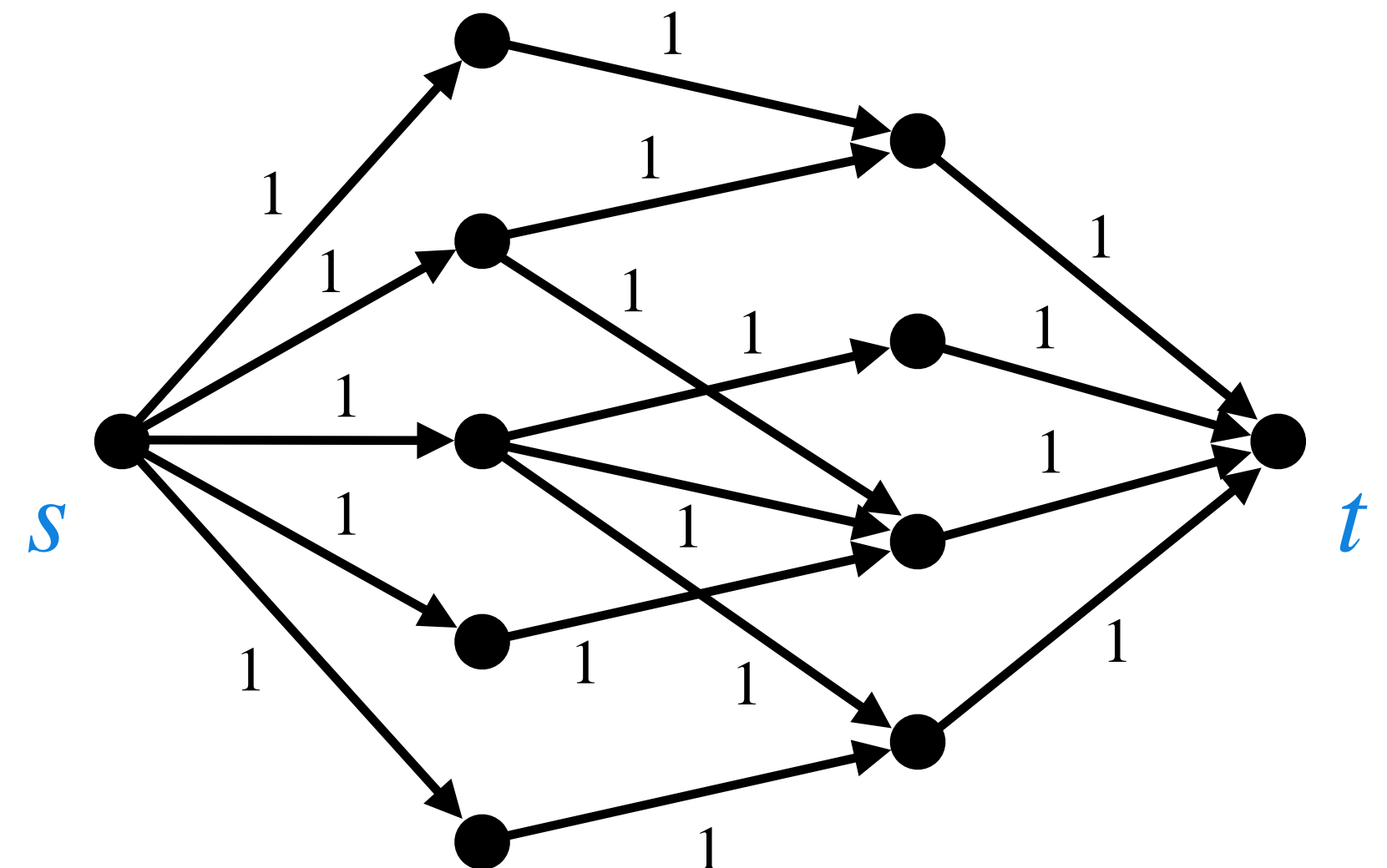
Bipartite Matching to Flow

Goal: We want a way to compute maximum matching in G by computing max-flow in G' .

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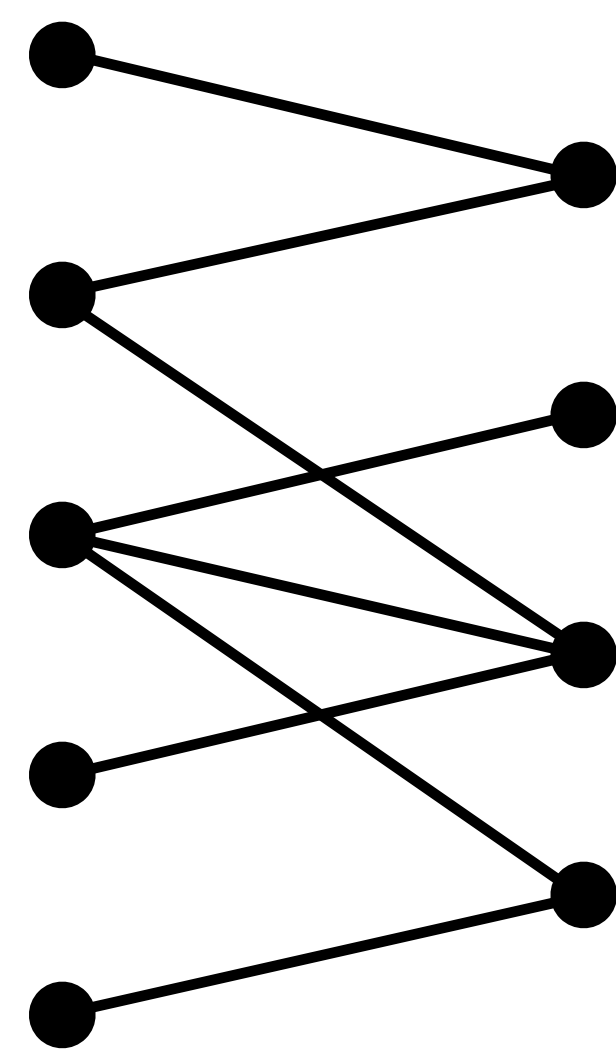


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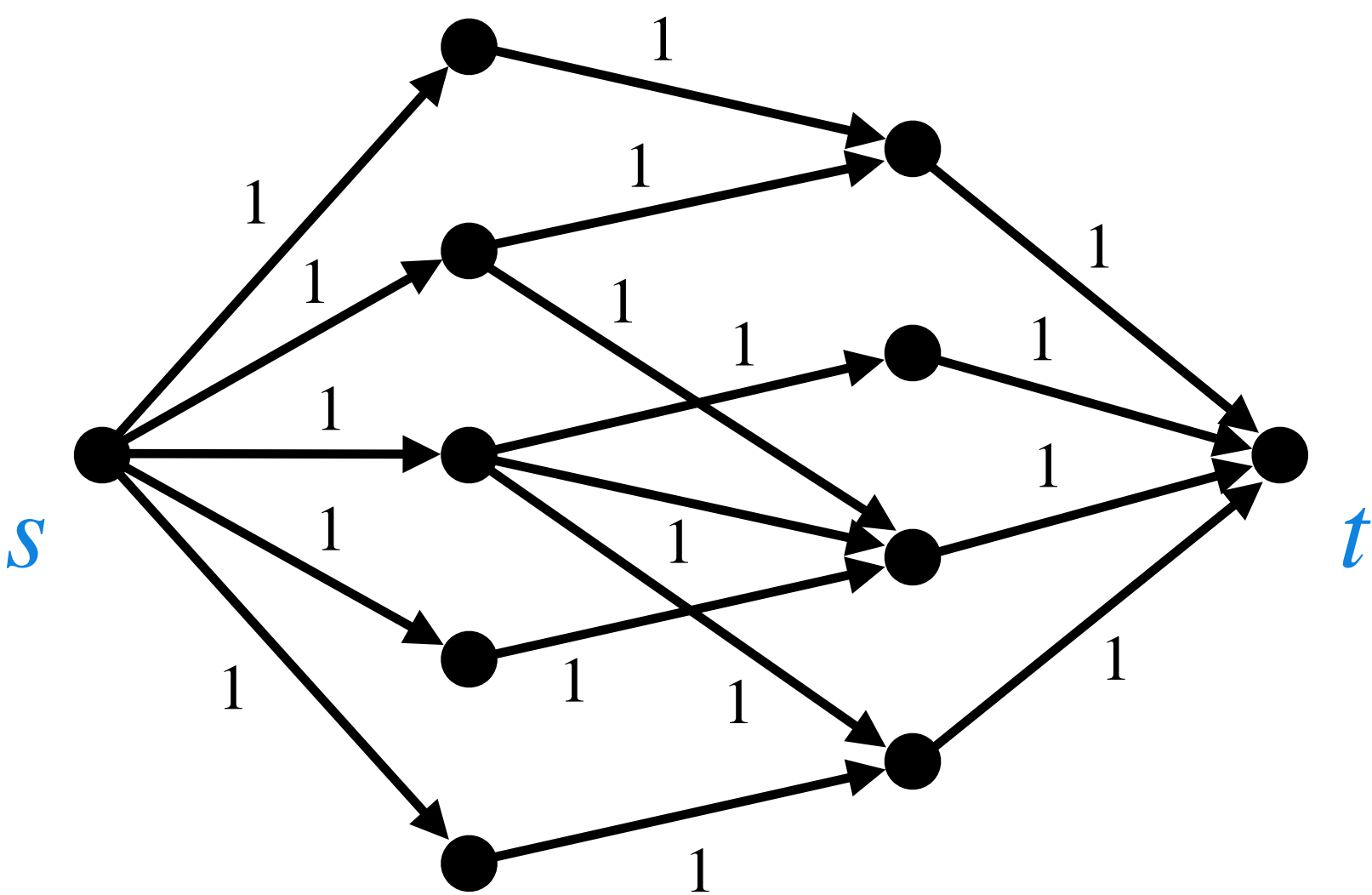


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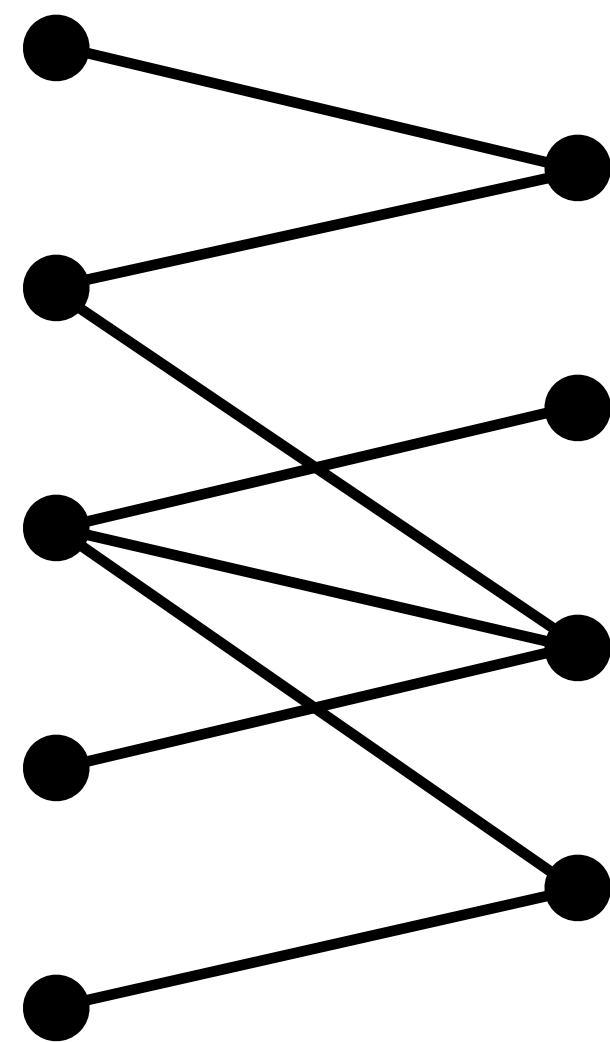
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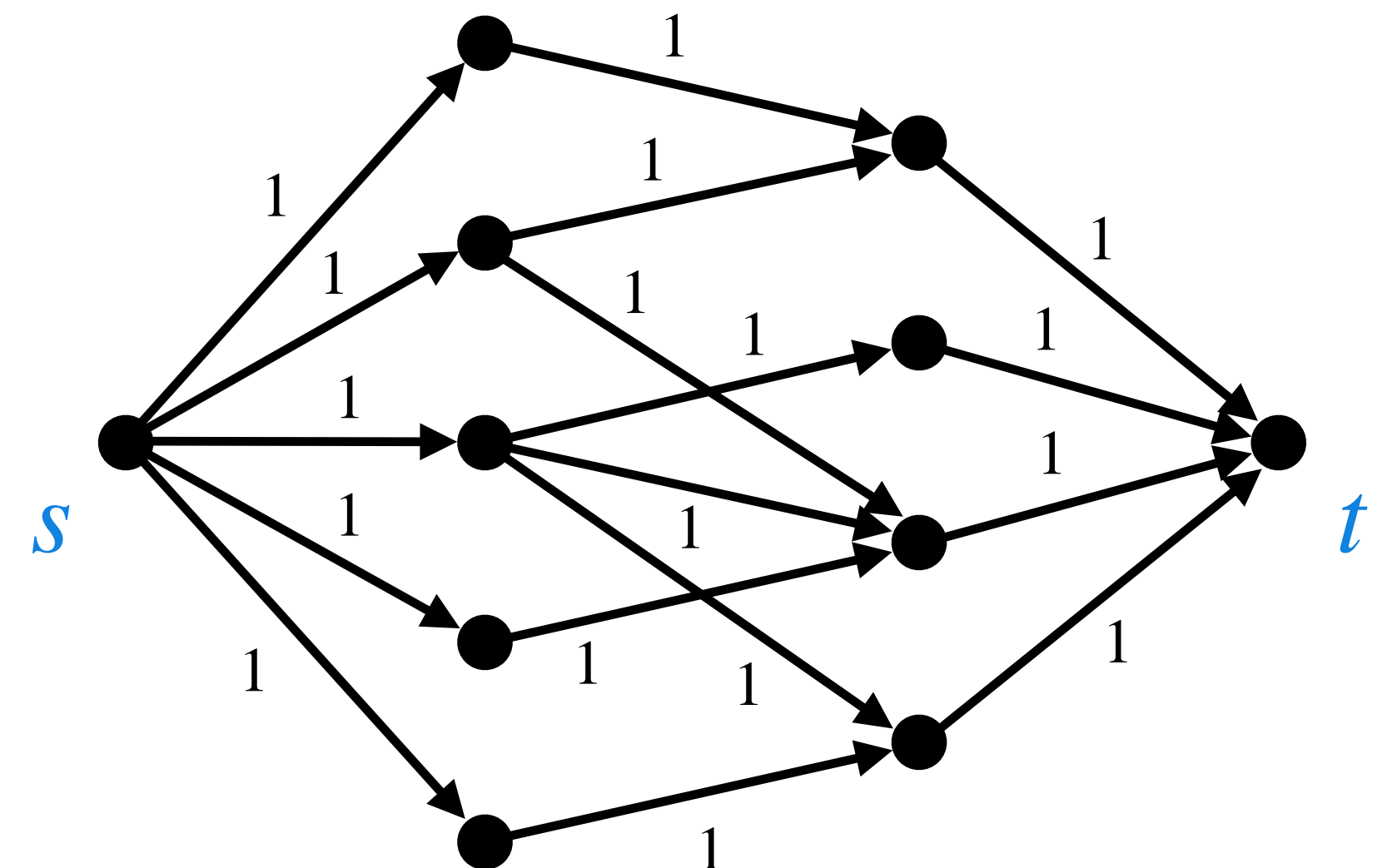
Bipartite Matching to Flow

Claim: If M is a matching in G , then there is an integer-valued f in G' with value $|f| = |M|$.

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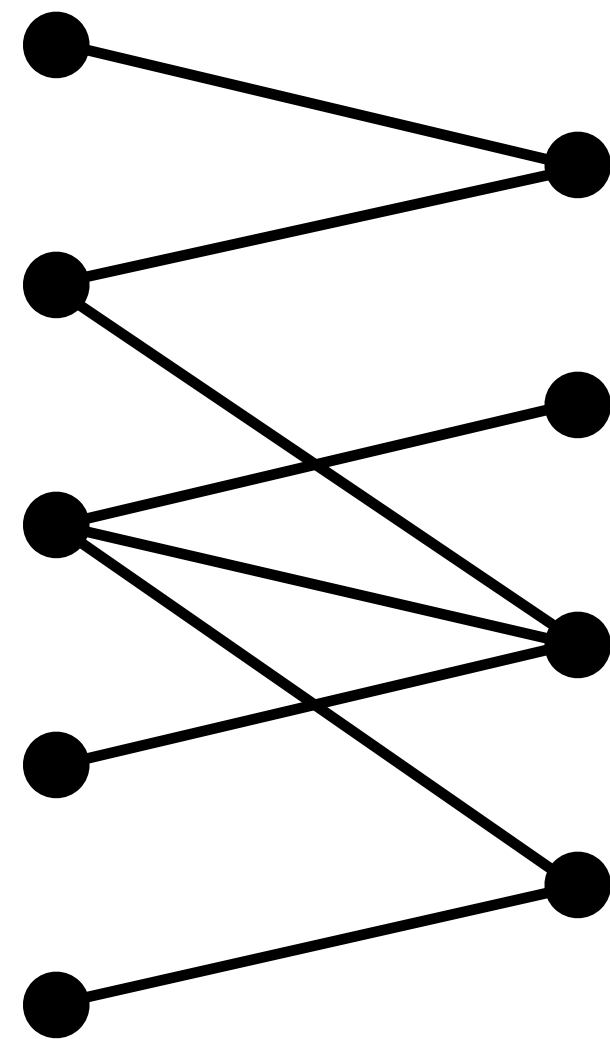


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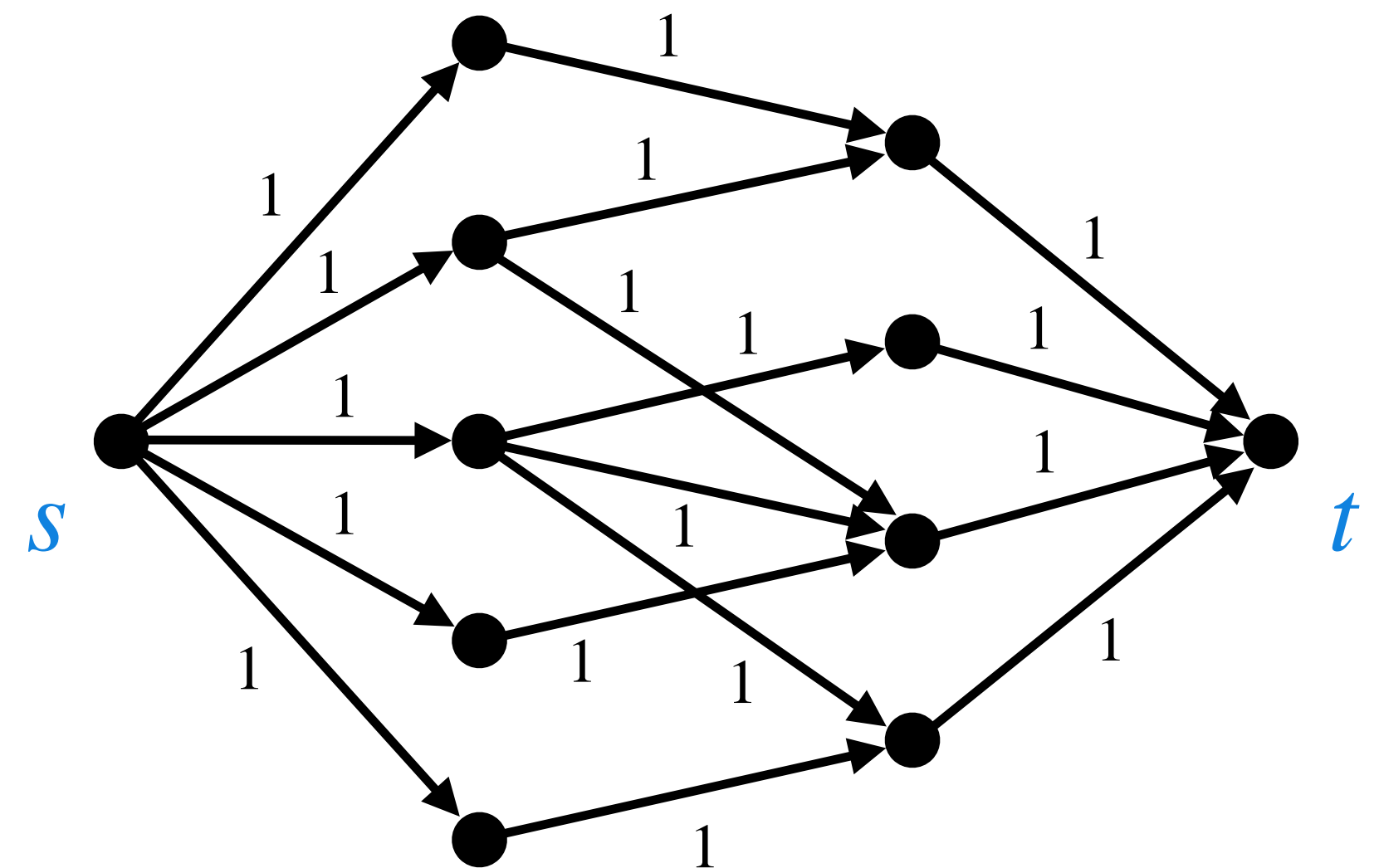
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Flow where $f(u, v)$ is an integer for every (u, v) .

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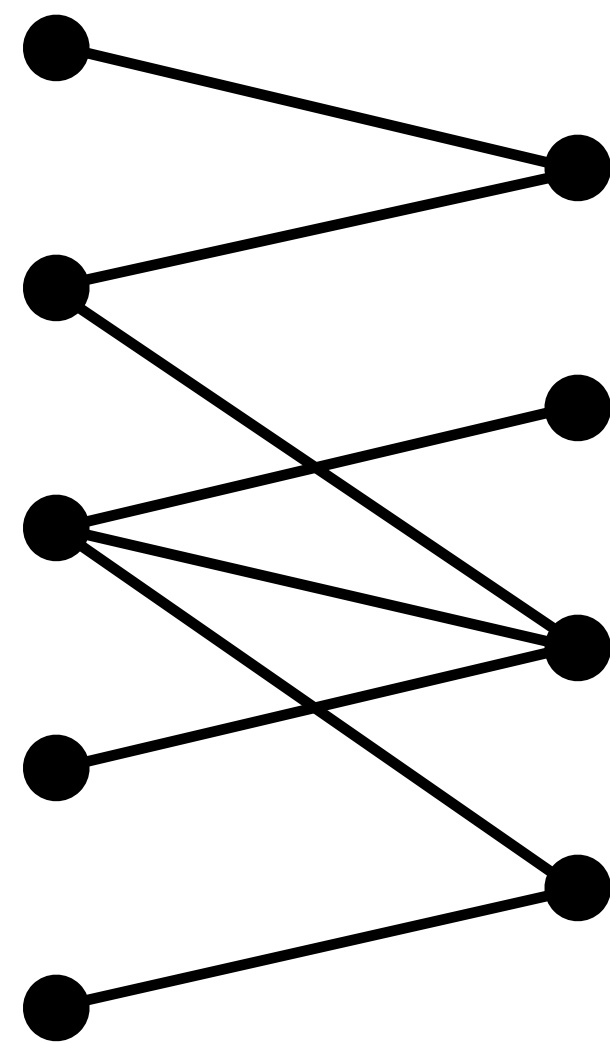
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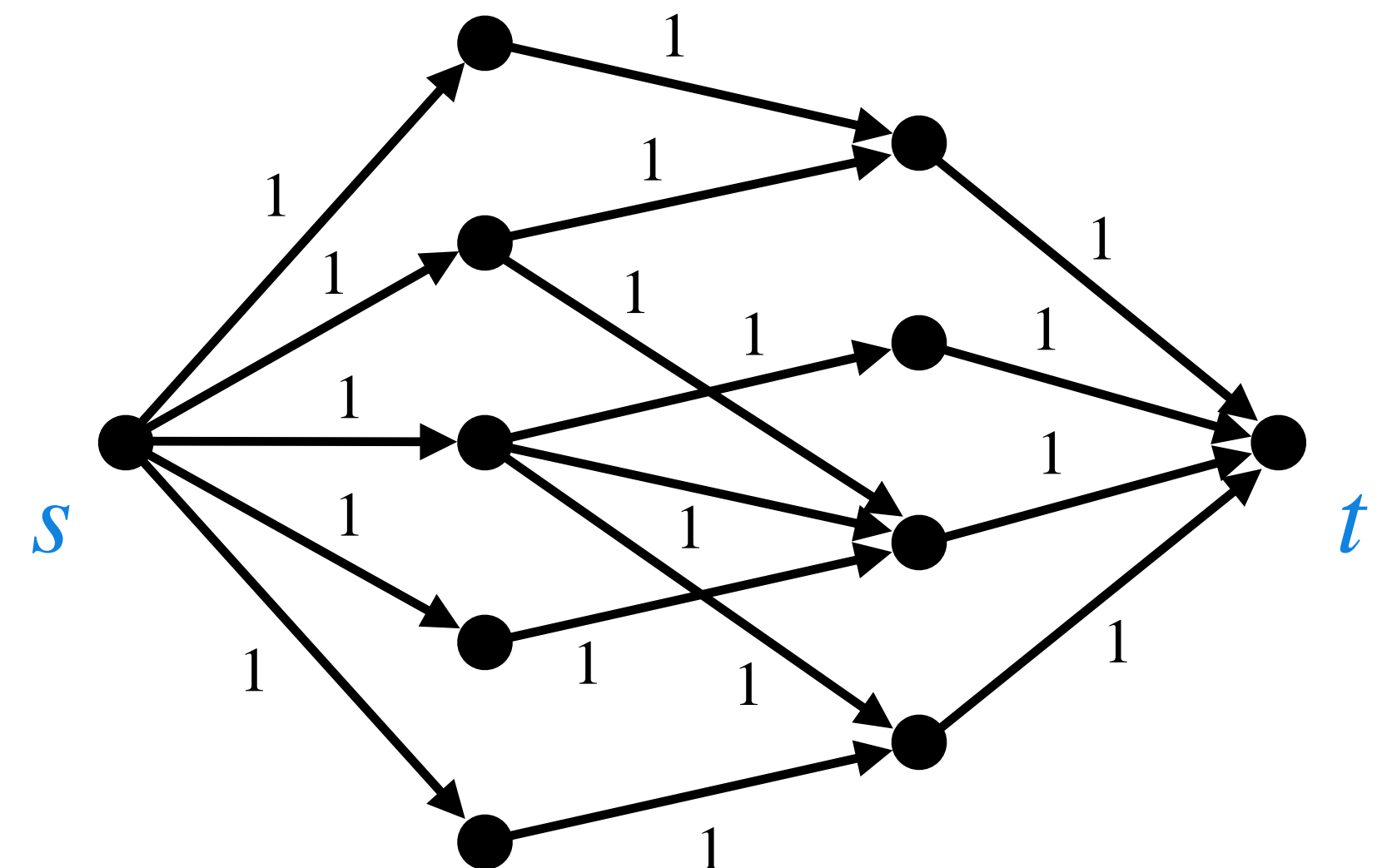
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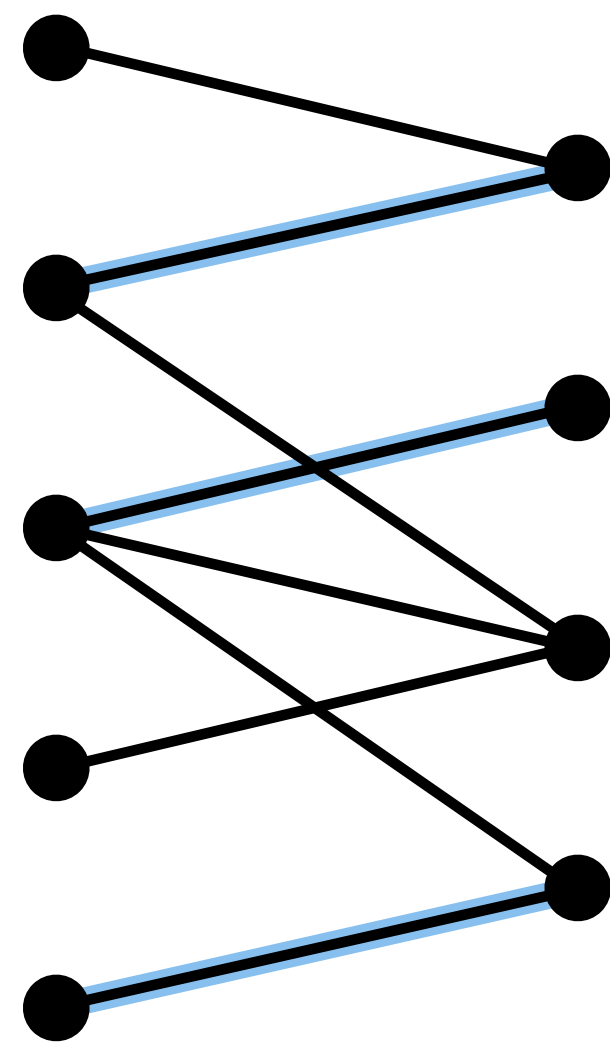
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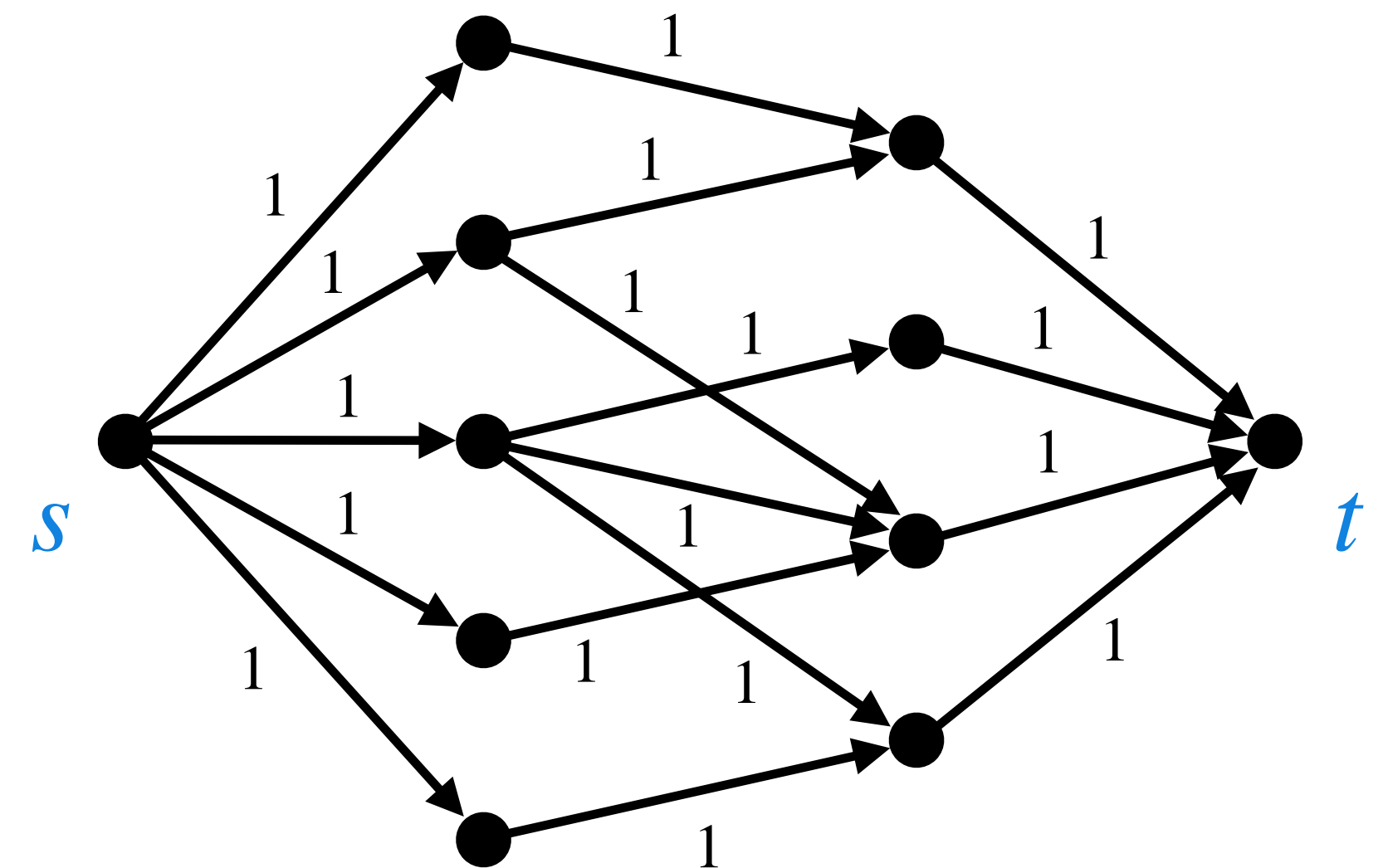
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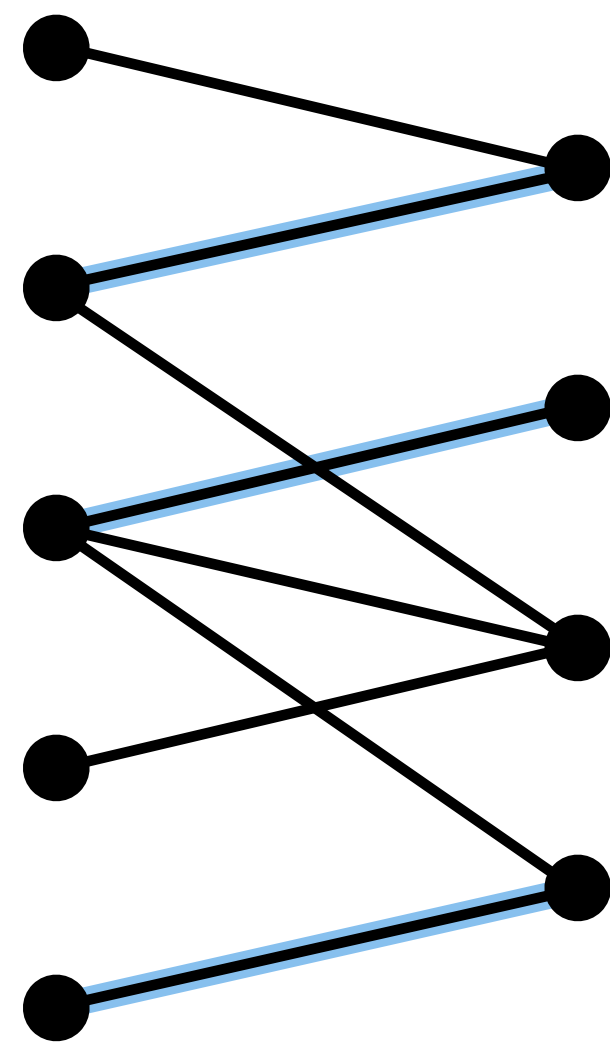
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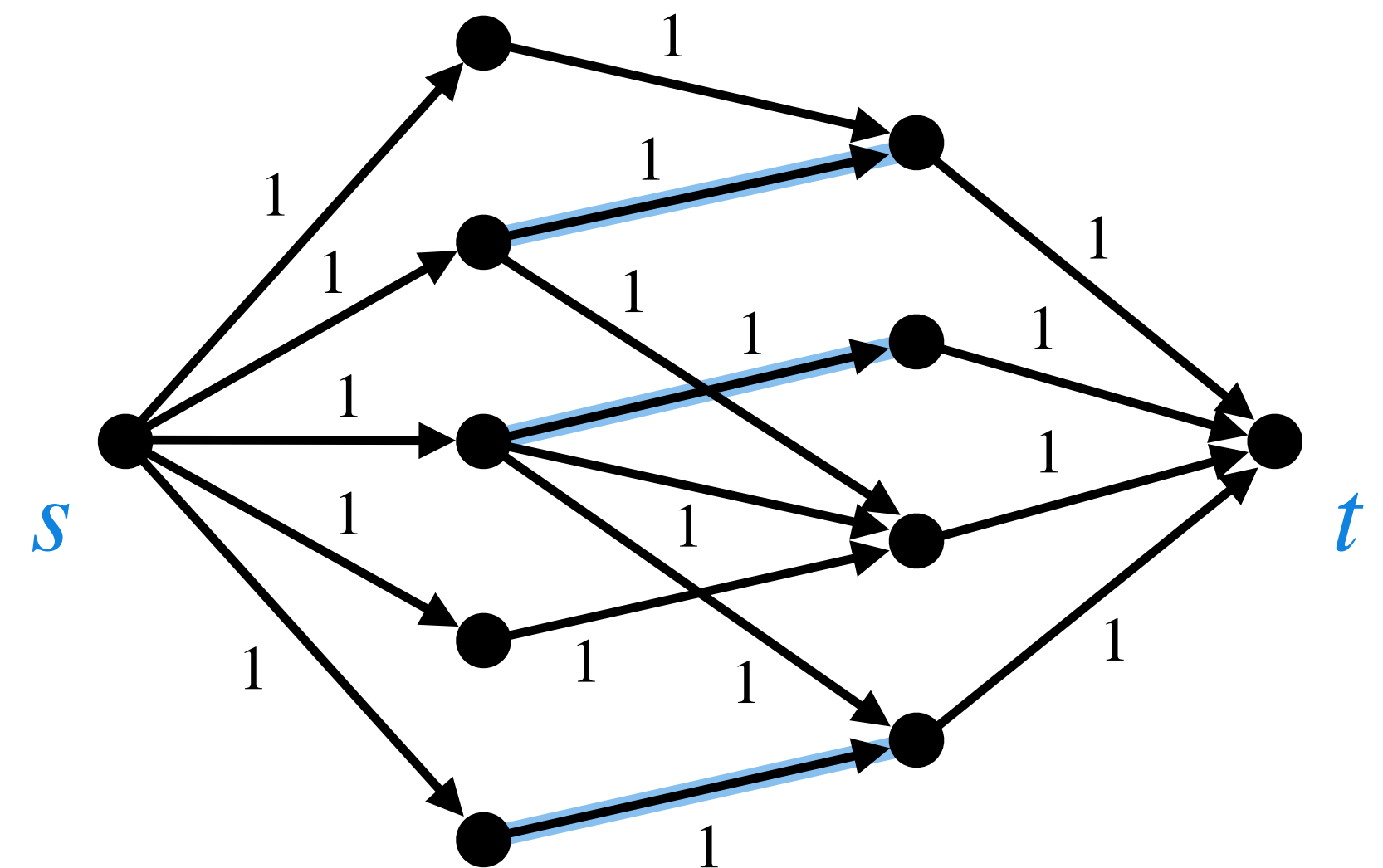
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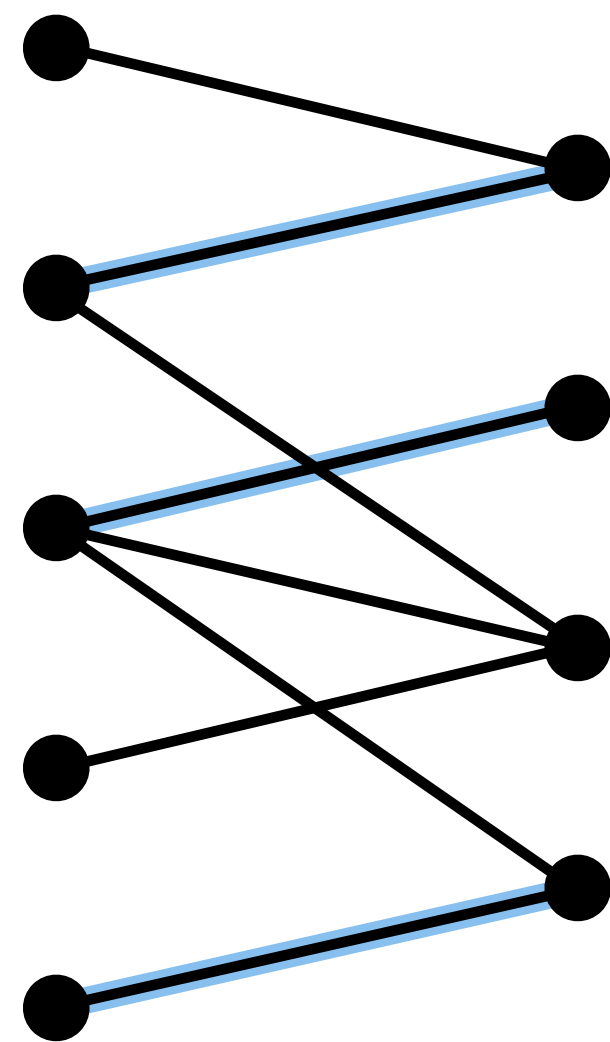
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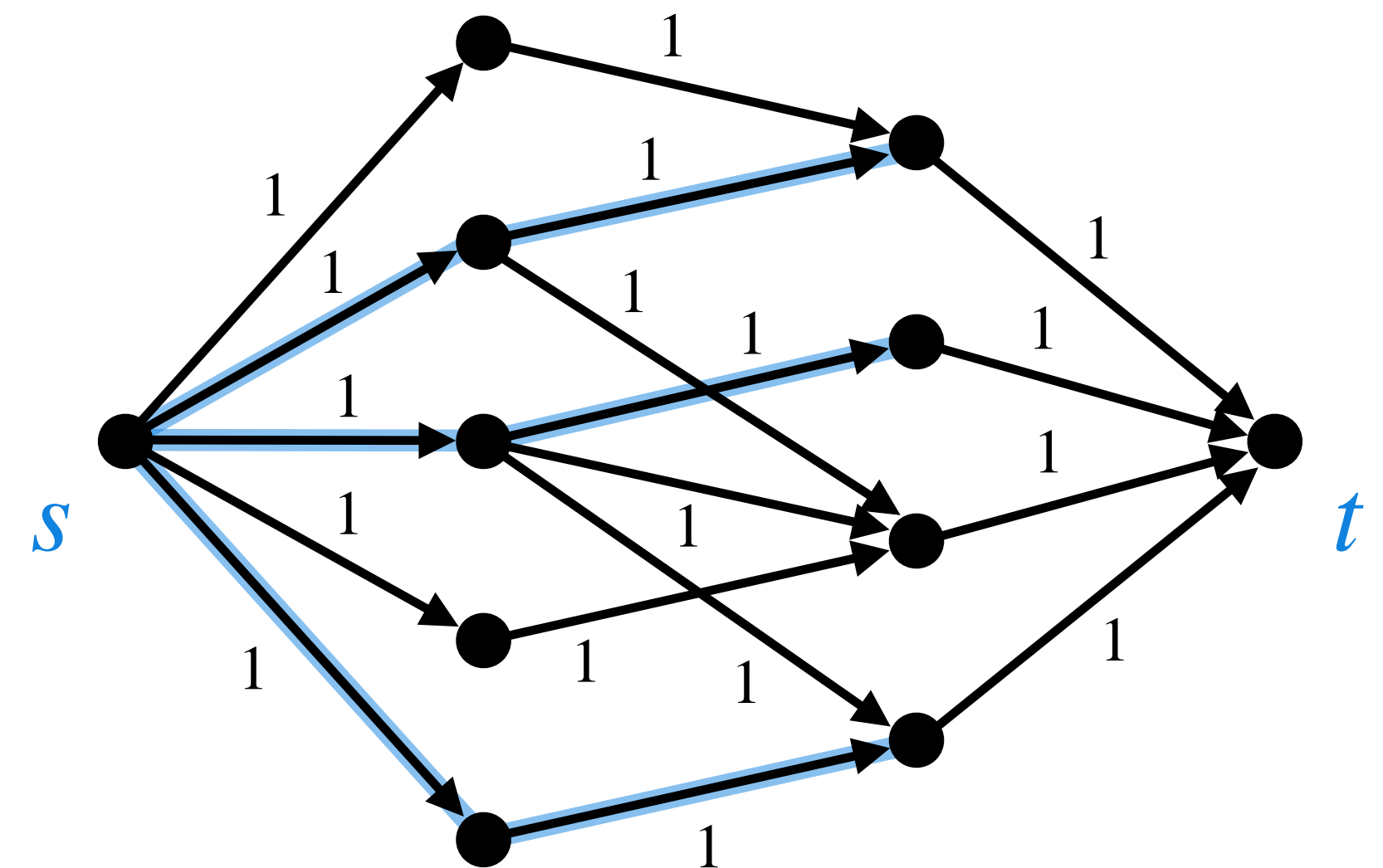
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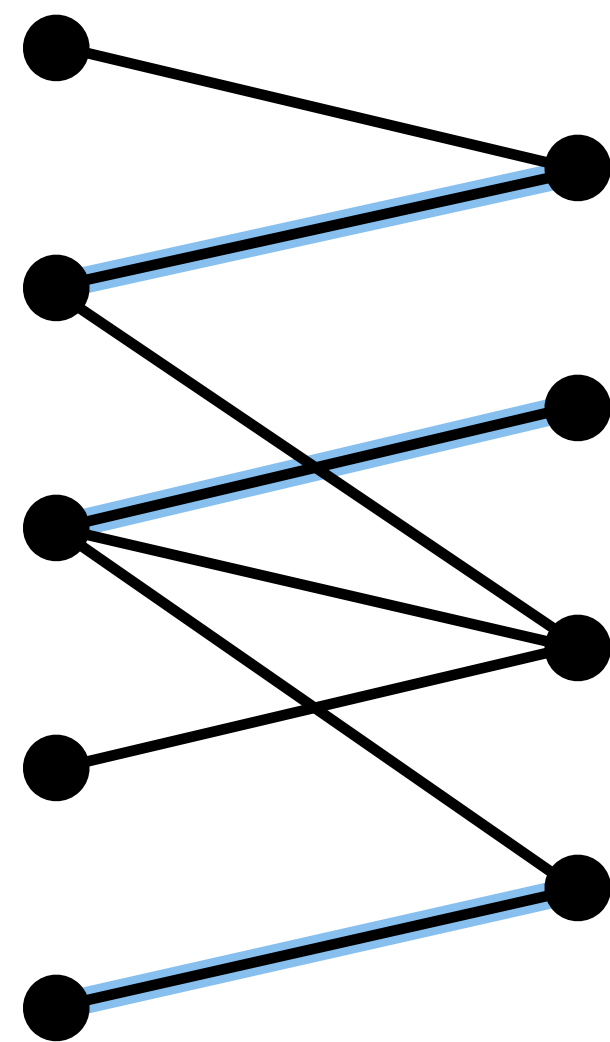
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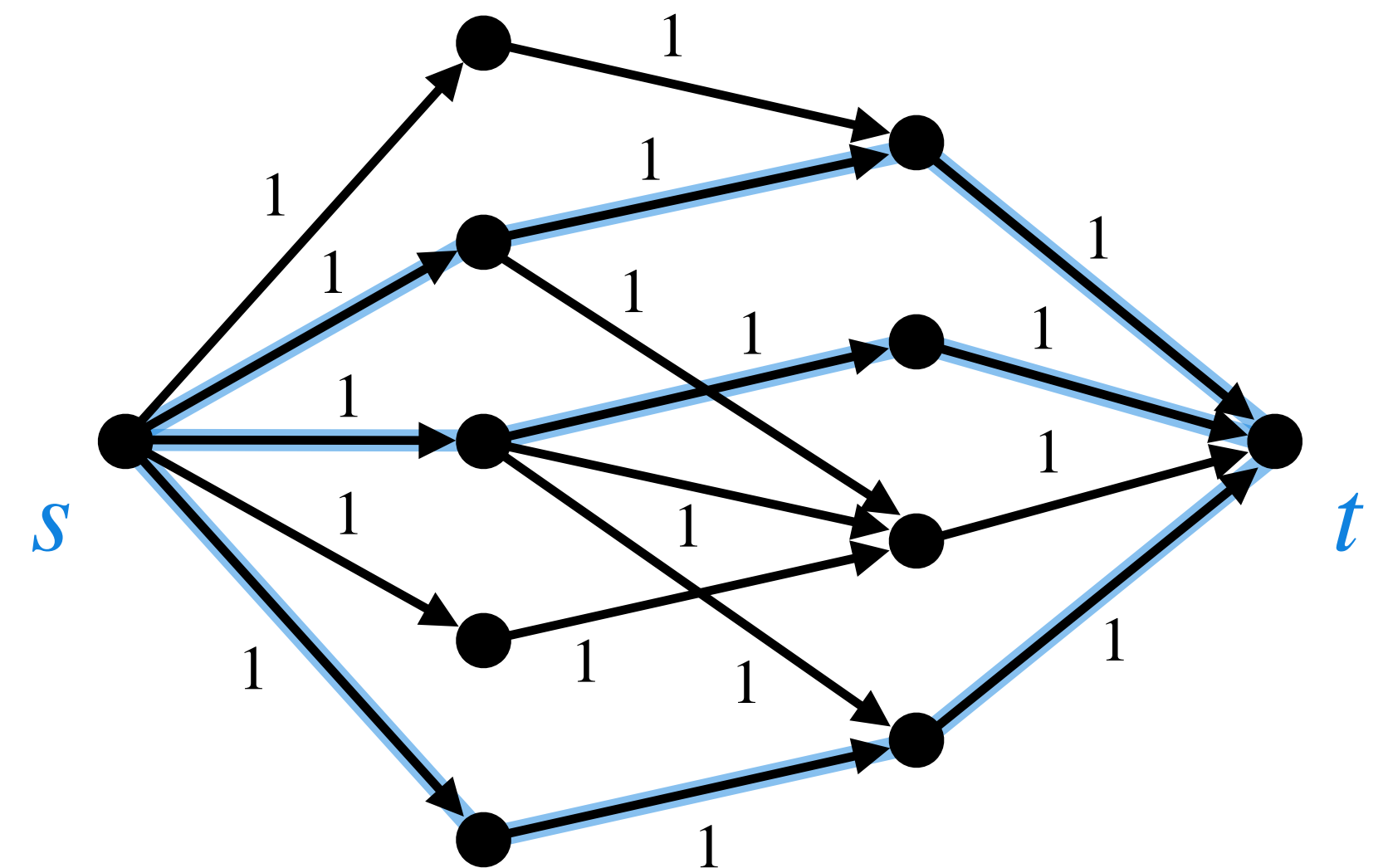
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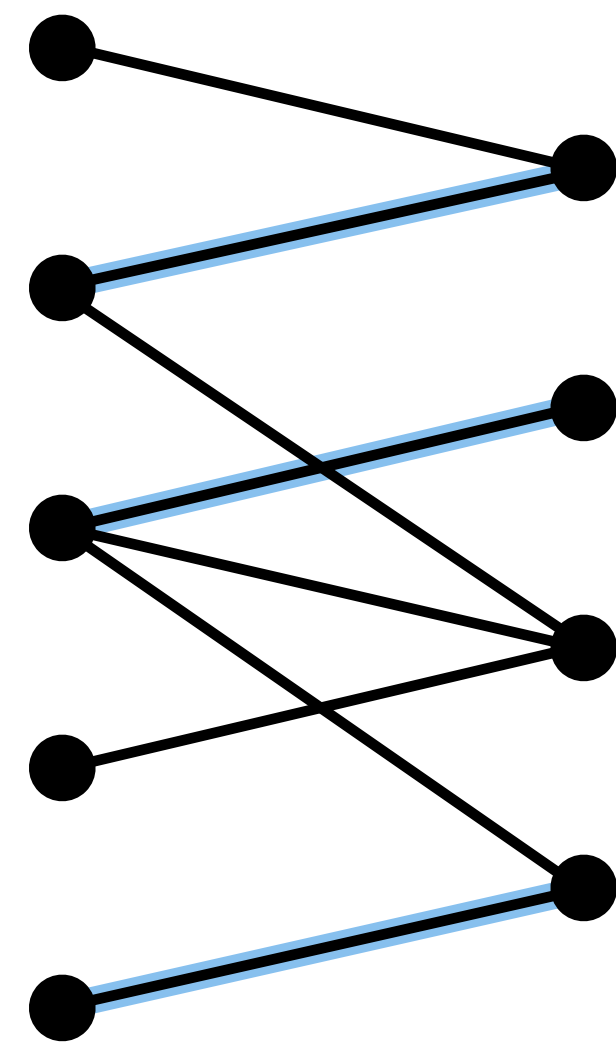


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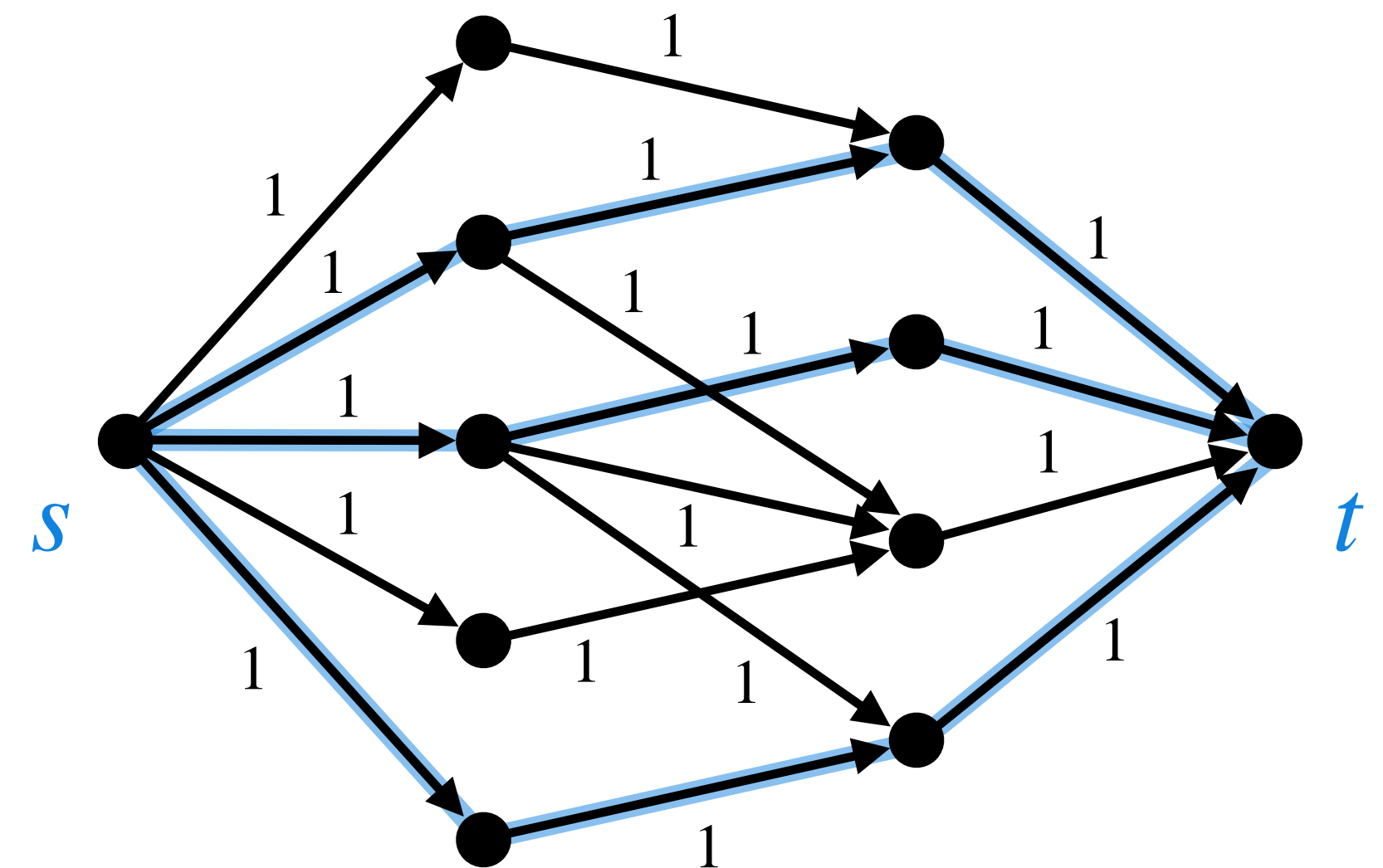
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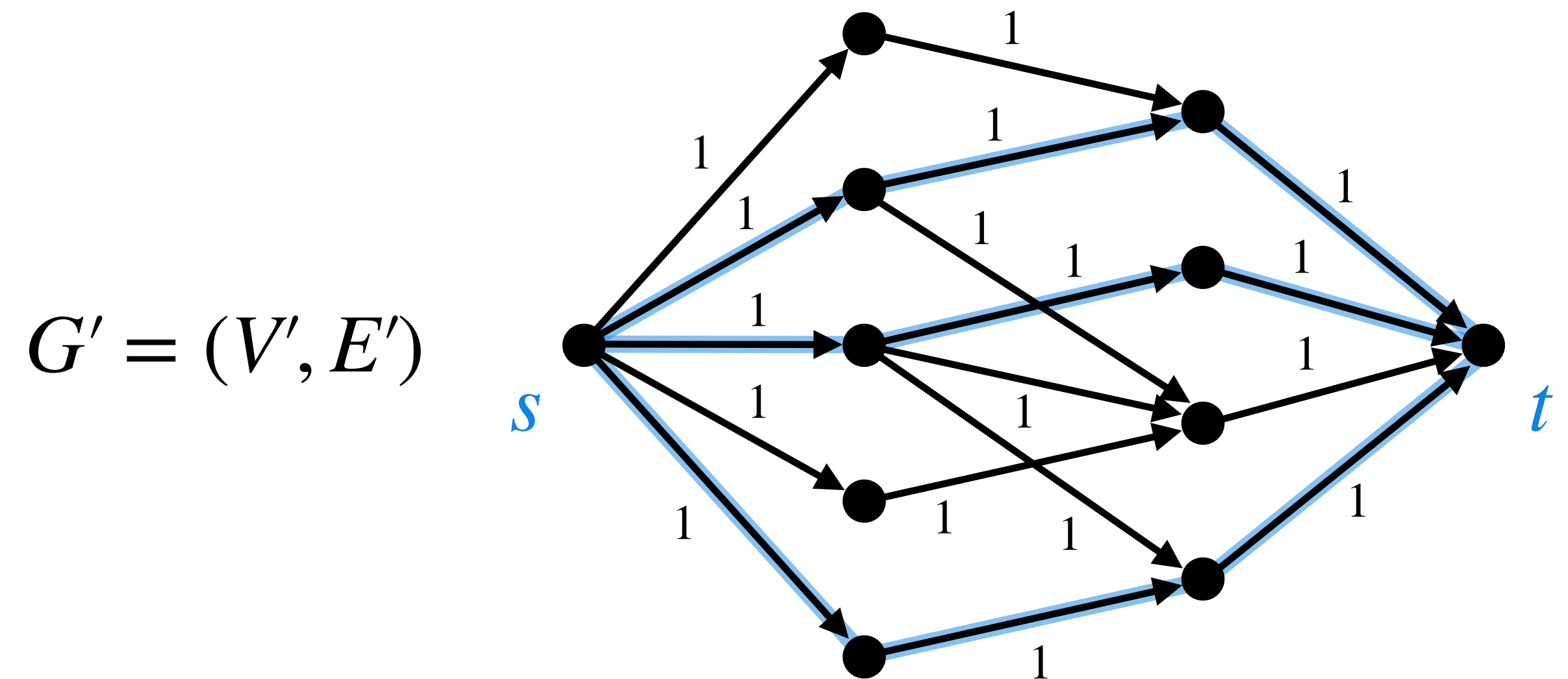
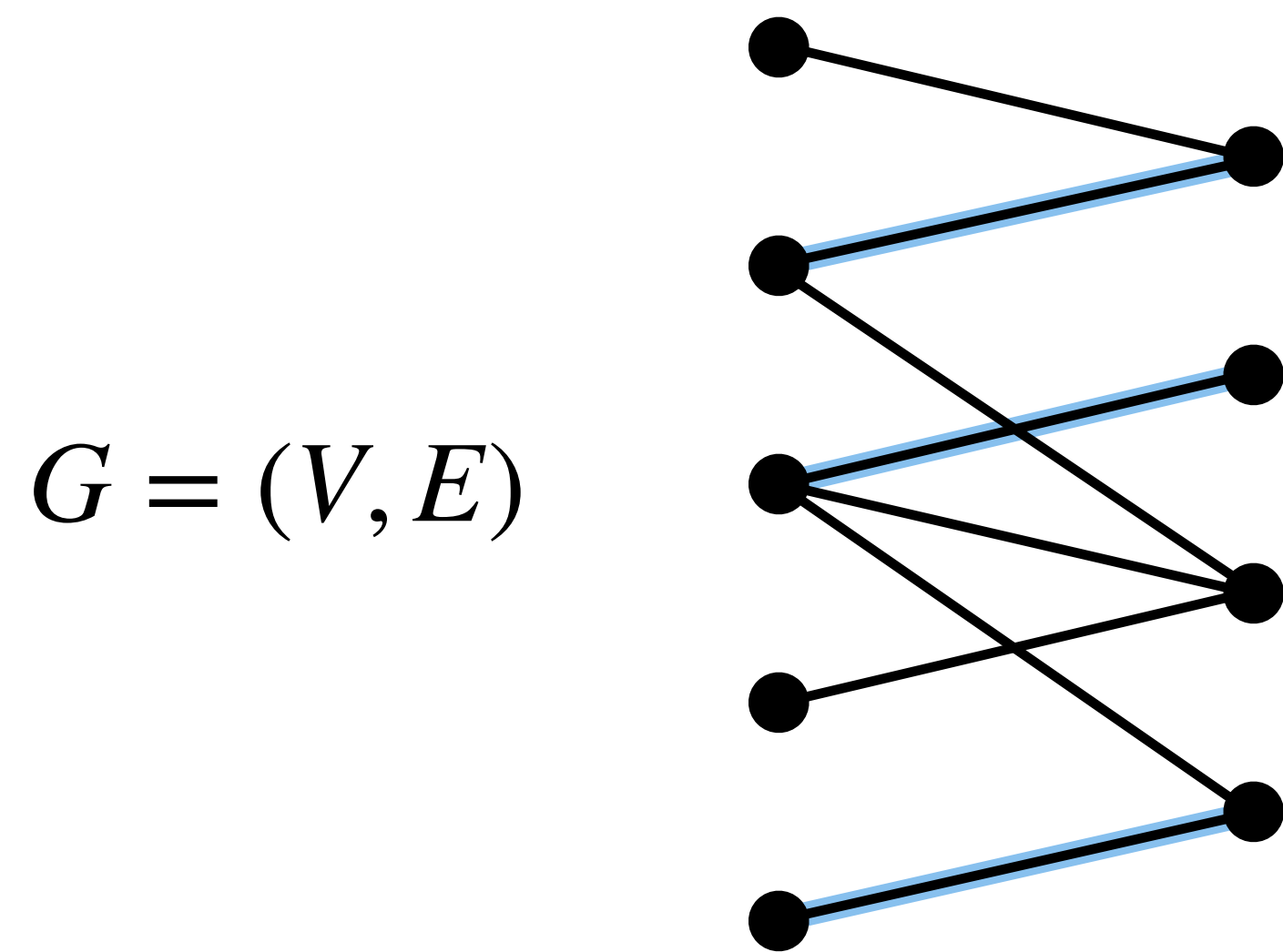
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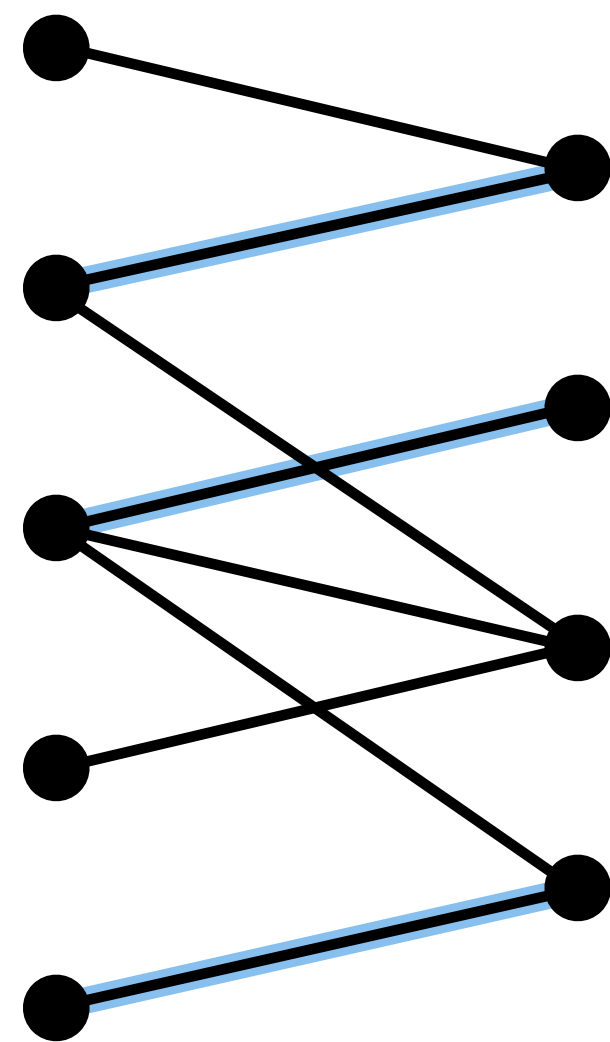
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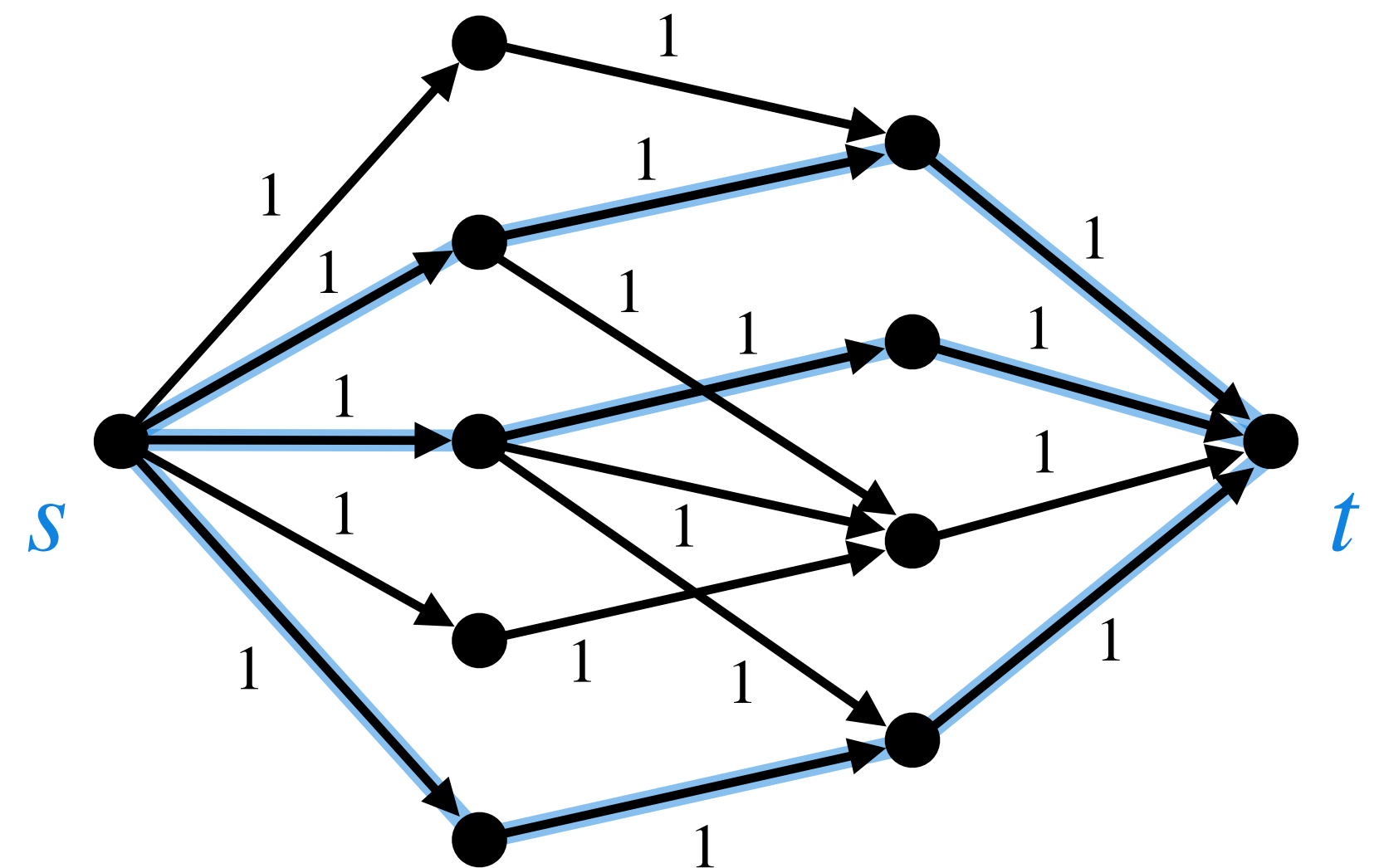
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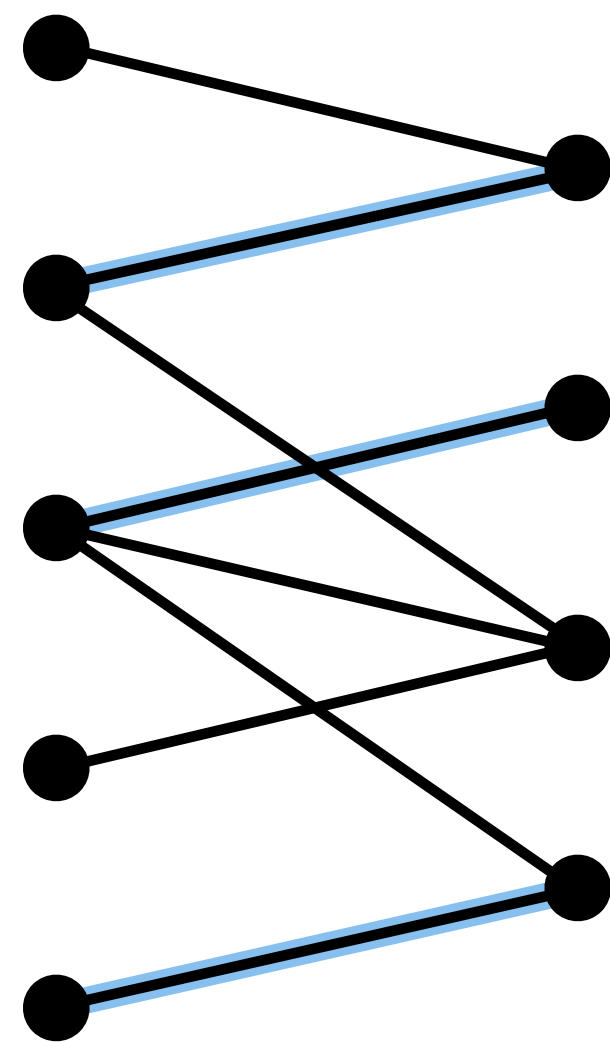
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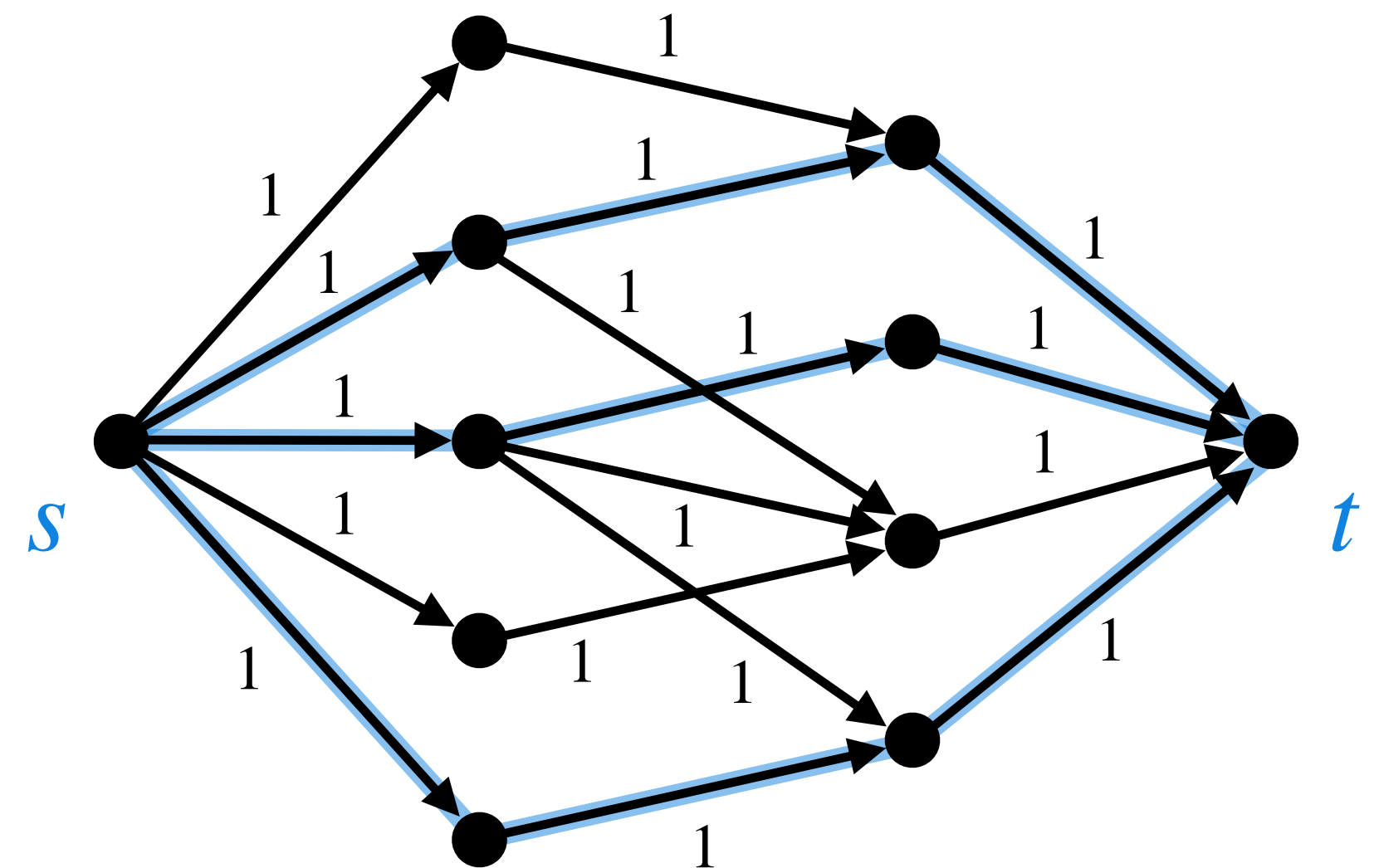
Proof: Consider the following flow f such that $|f| = |M|$:

- If $(u, v) \in M$, then $f(u, v) = f(s, u) = f(v, t) = 1$
- For other (u, v) edges in E' , $f(u, v) = 0$.

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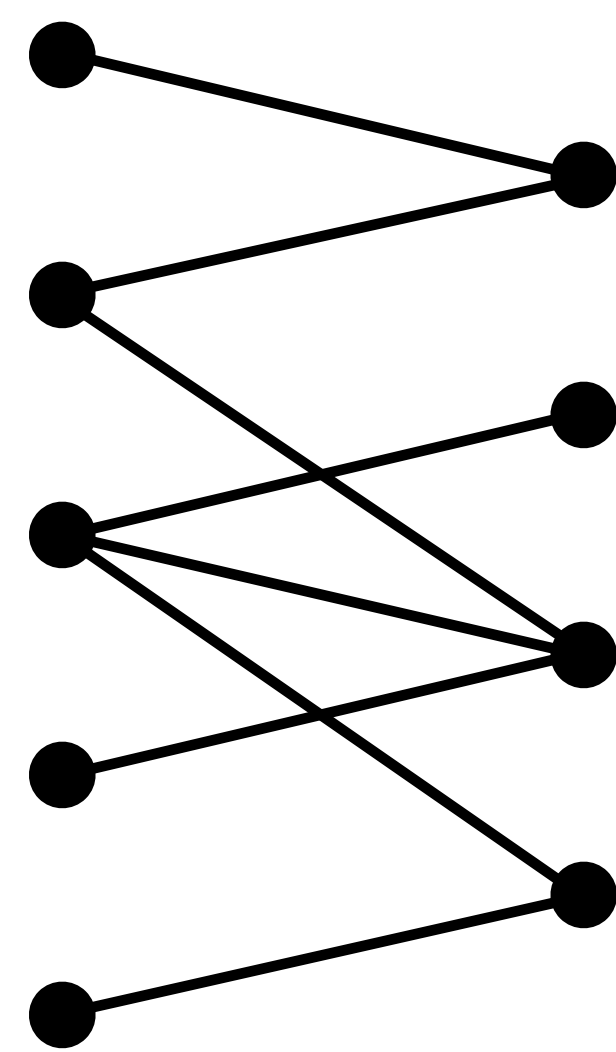


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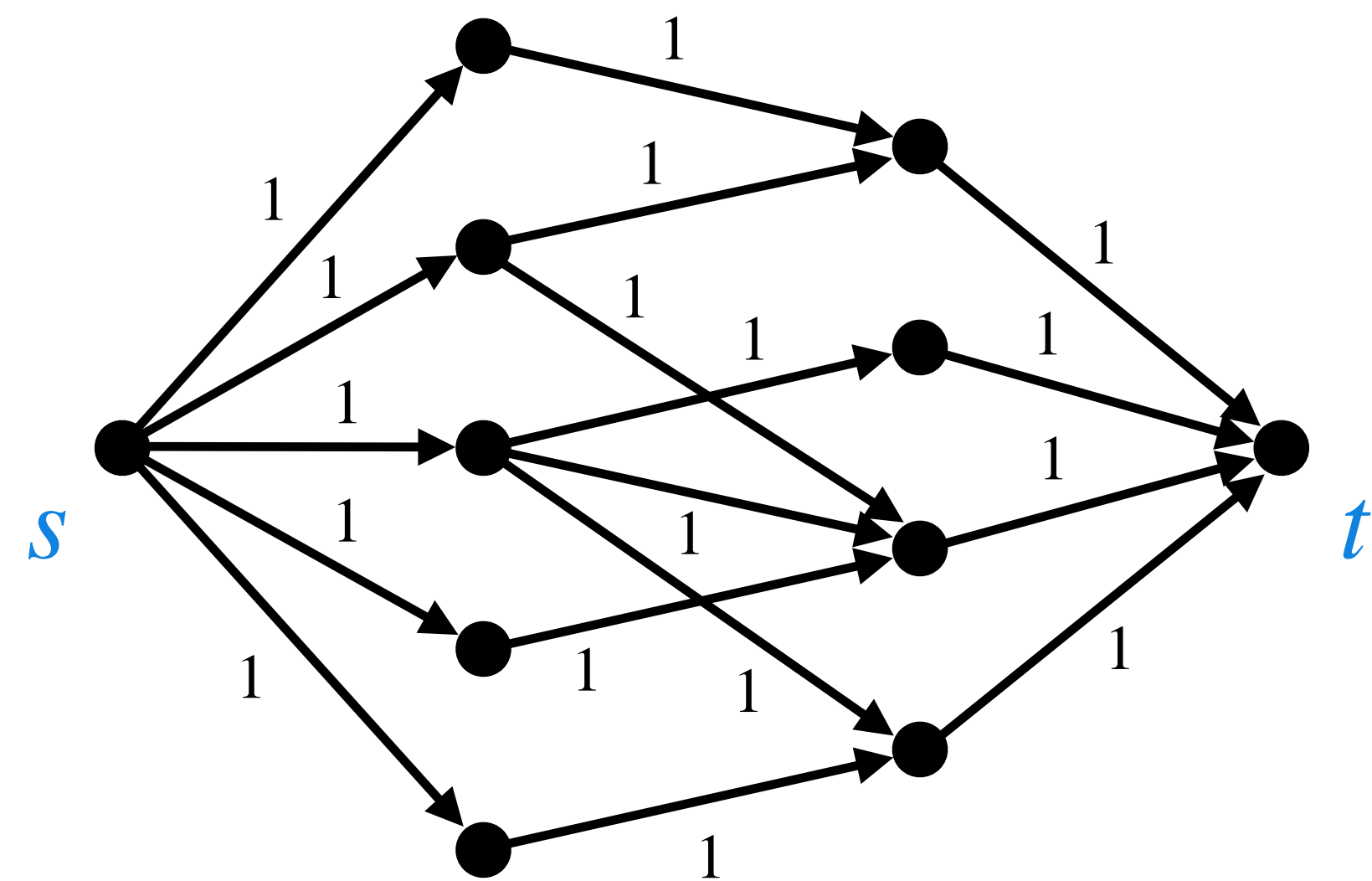


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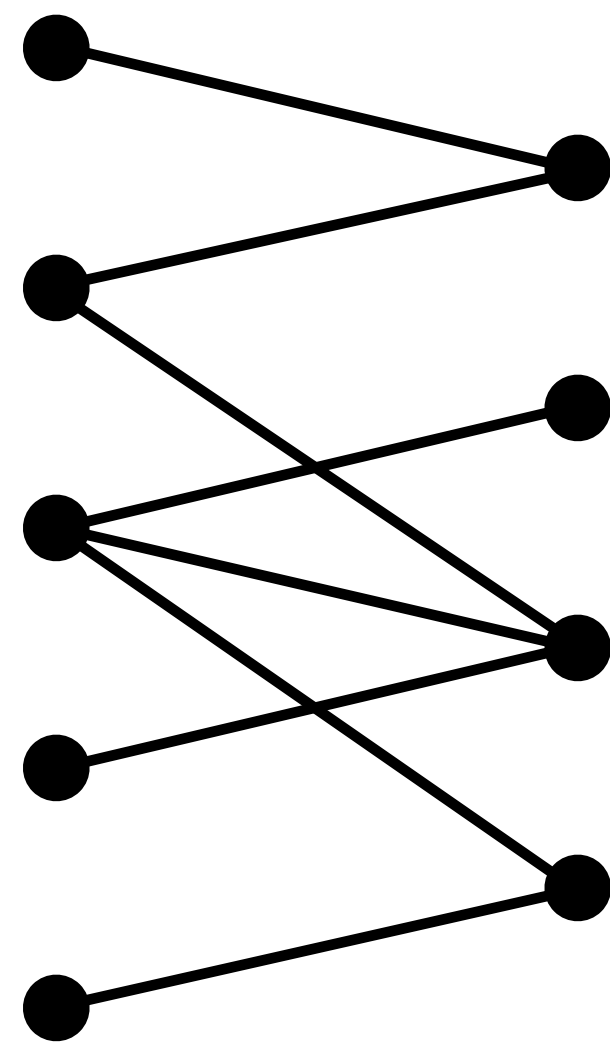
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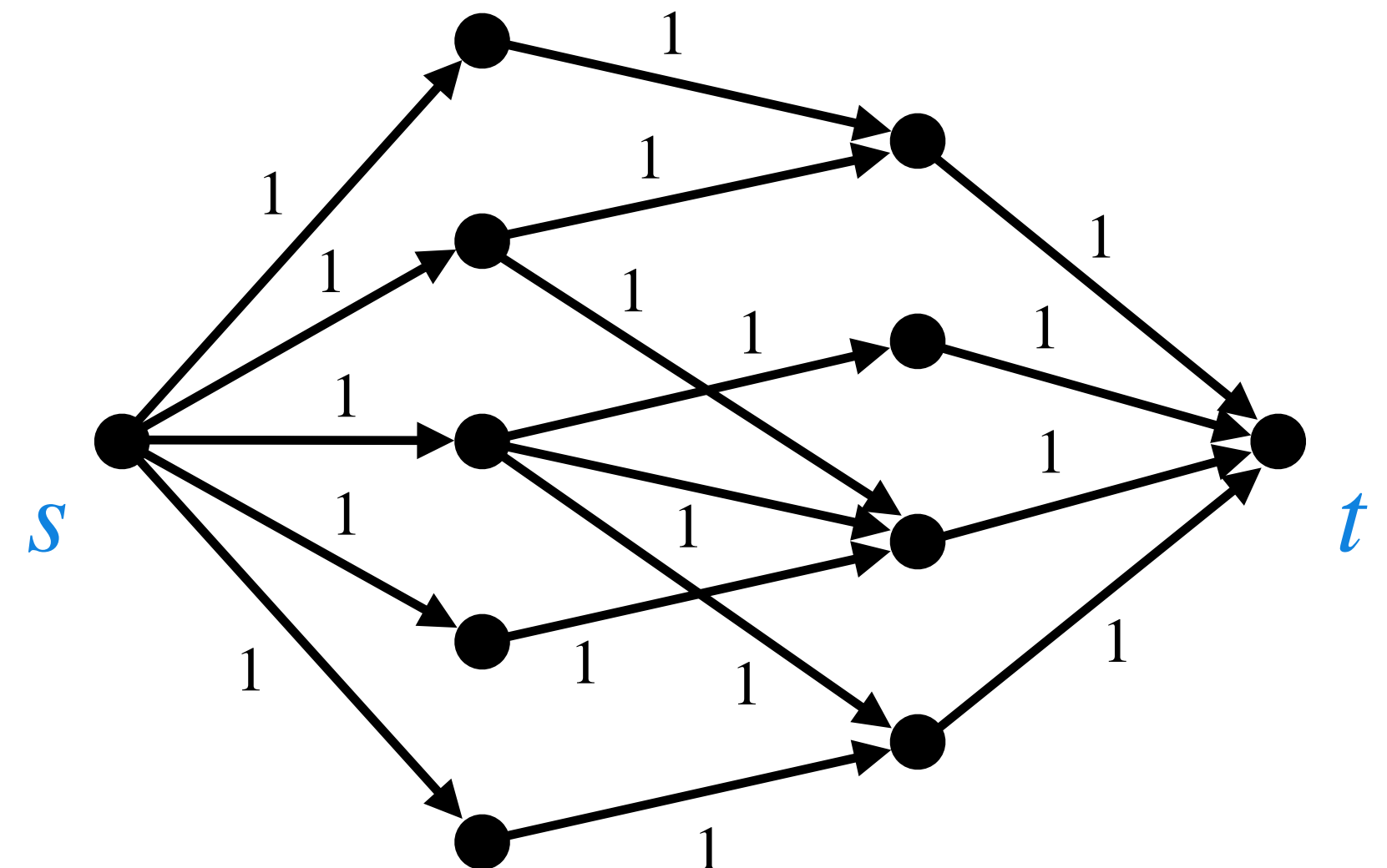
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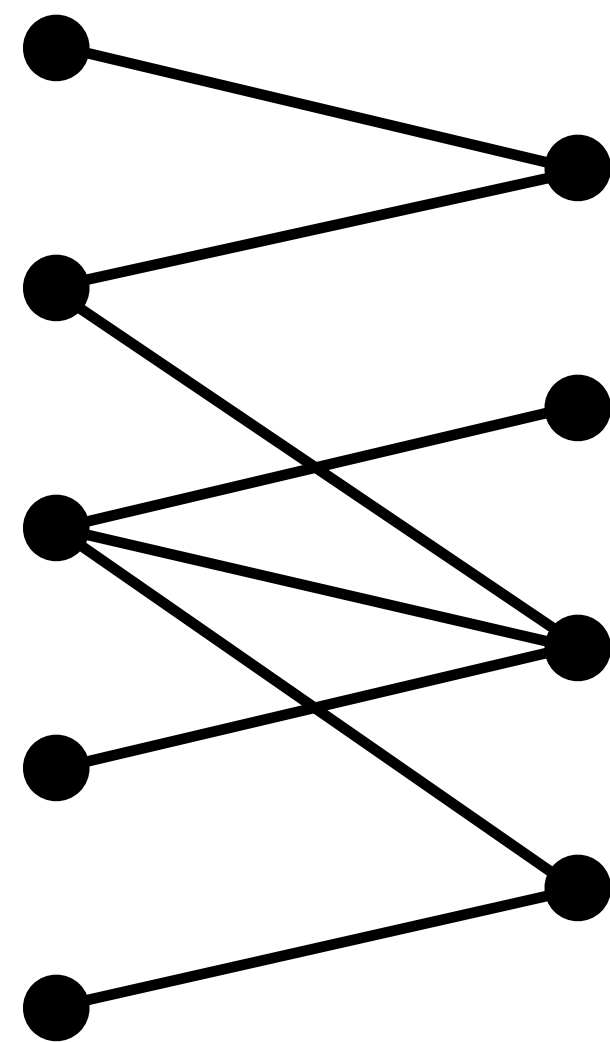


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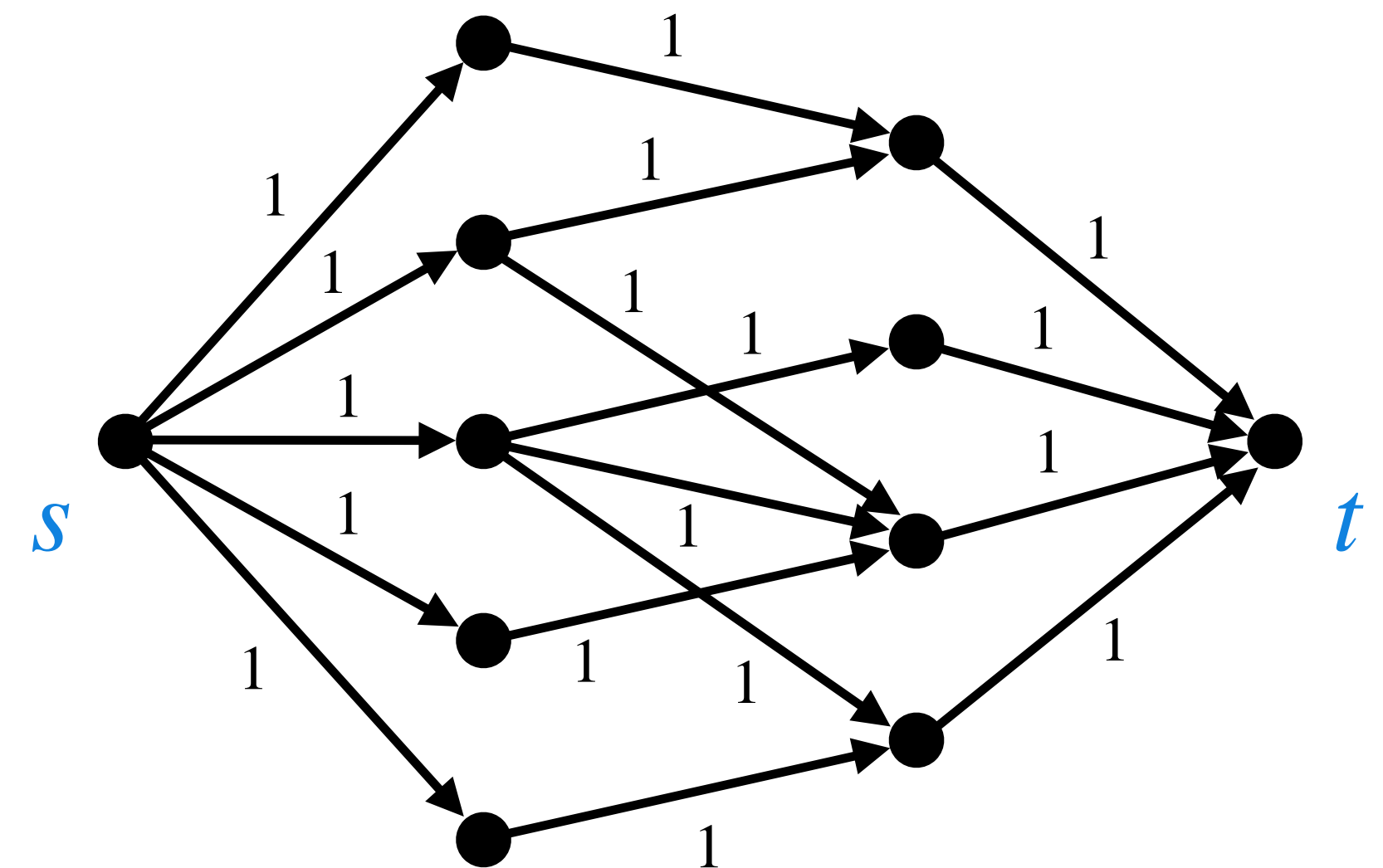
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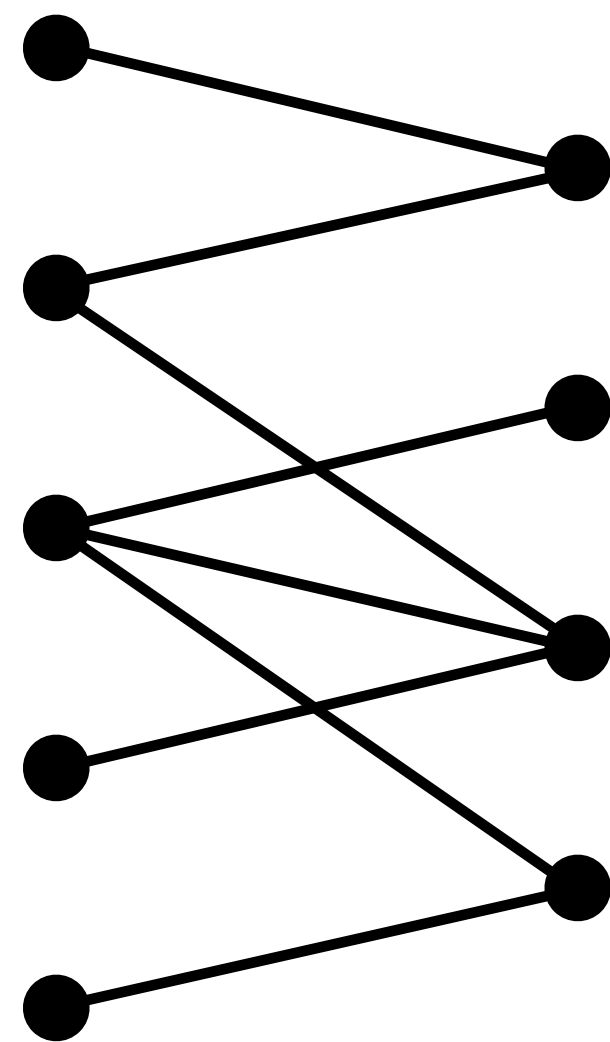
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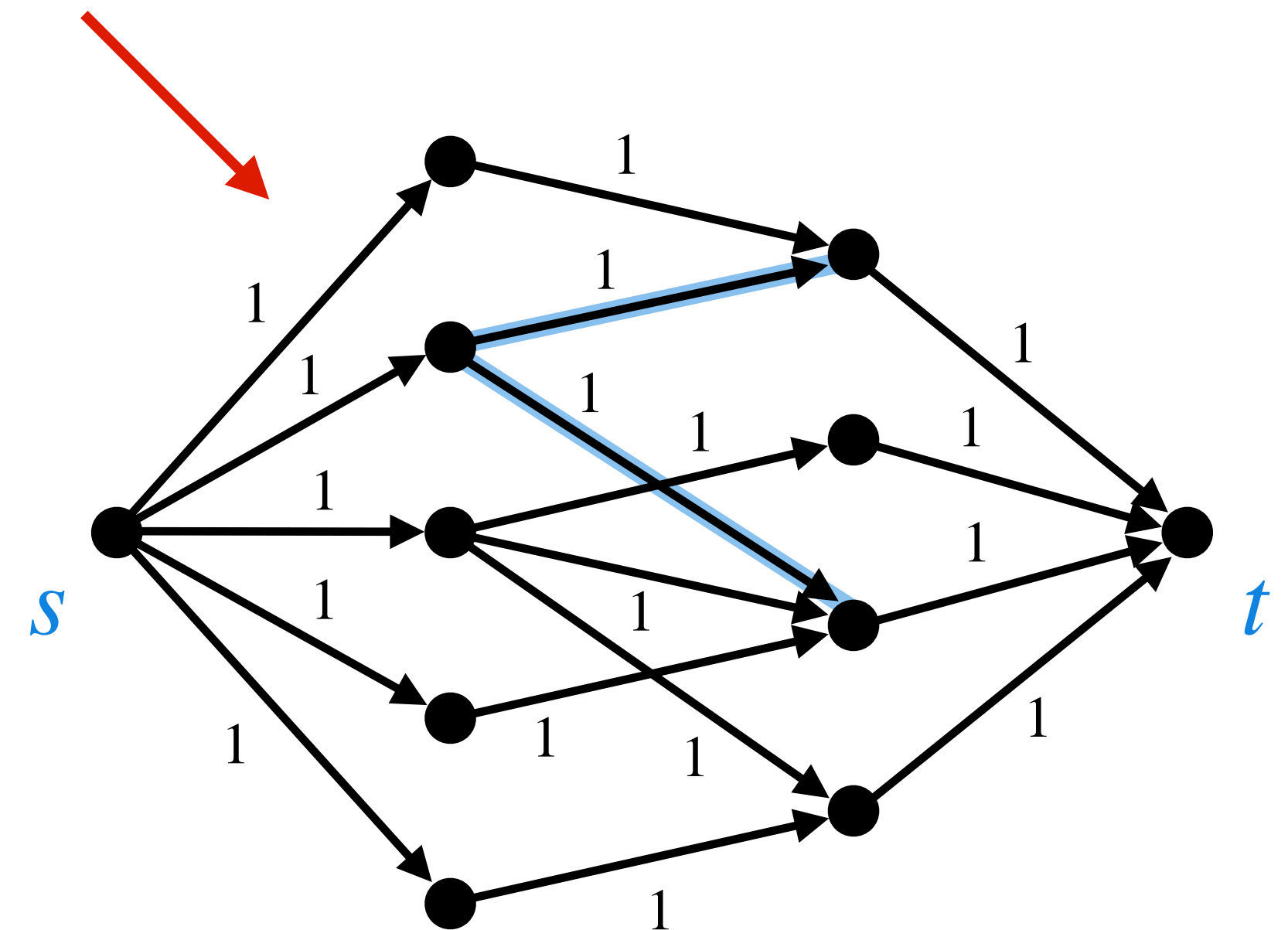
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Can two edges with flow one
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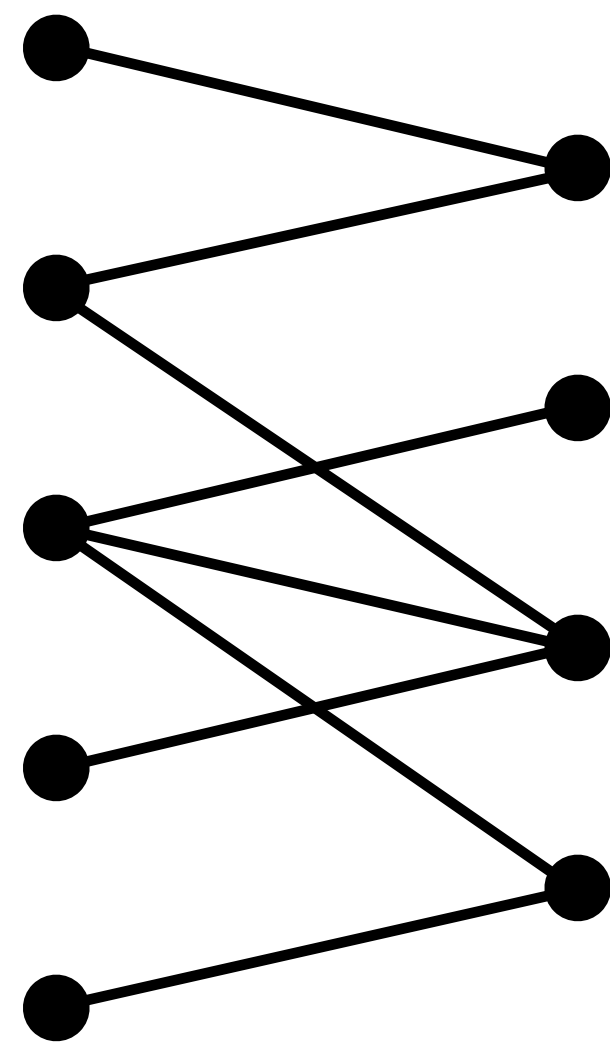
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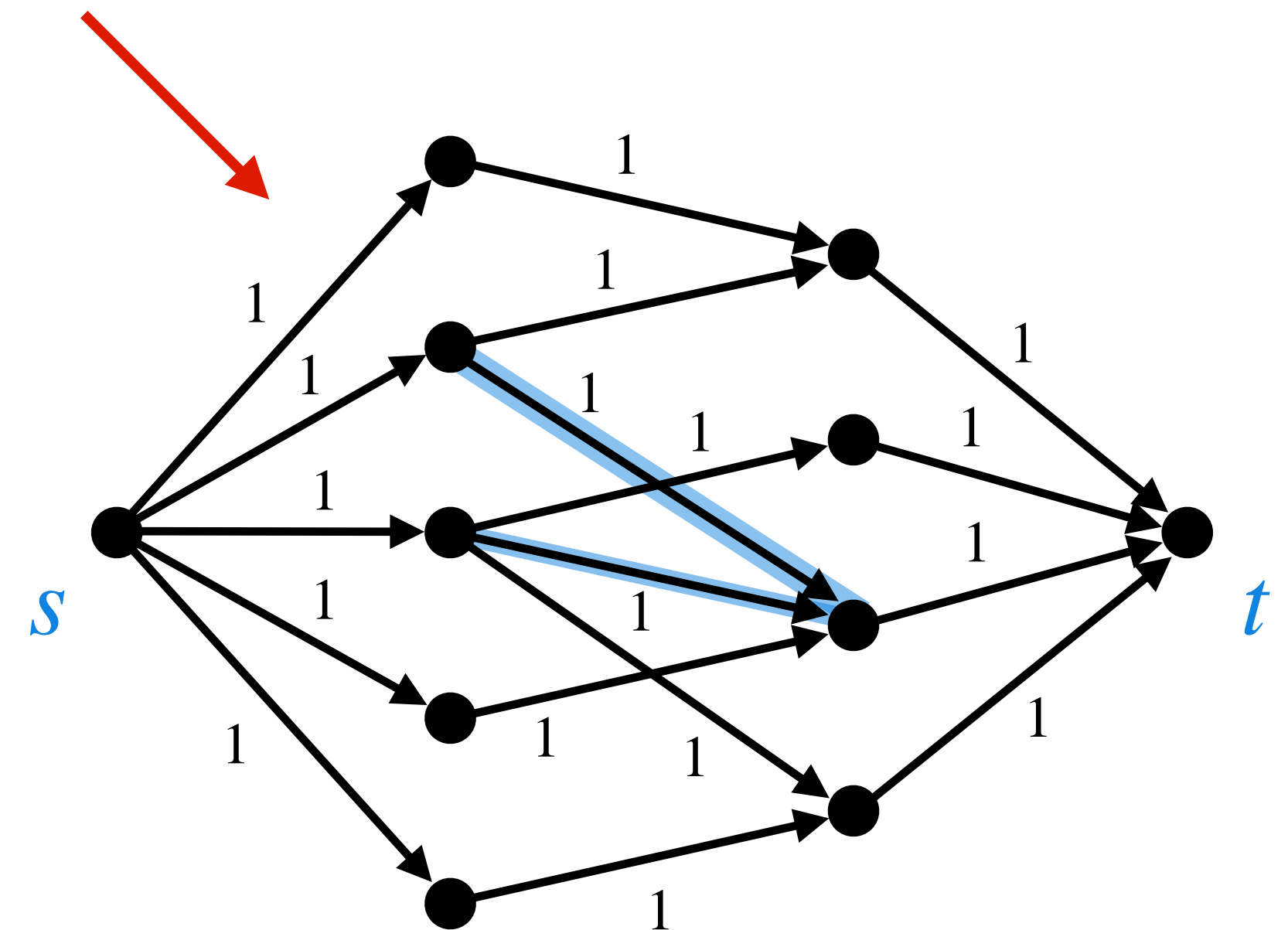
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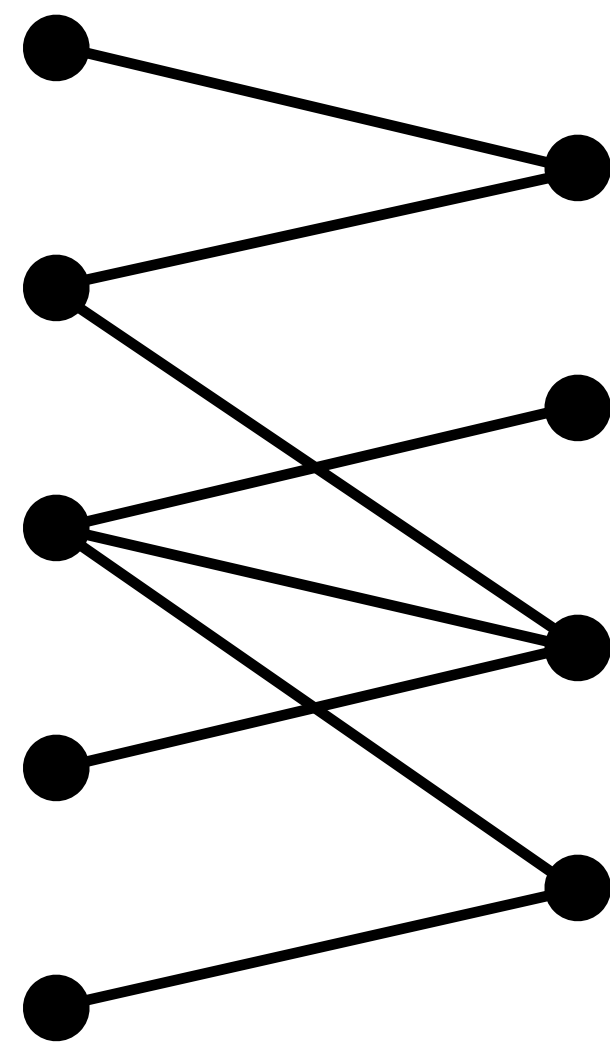


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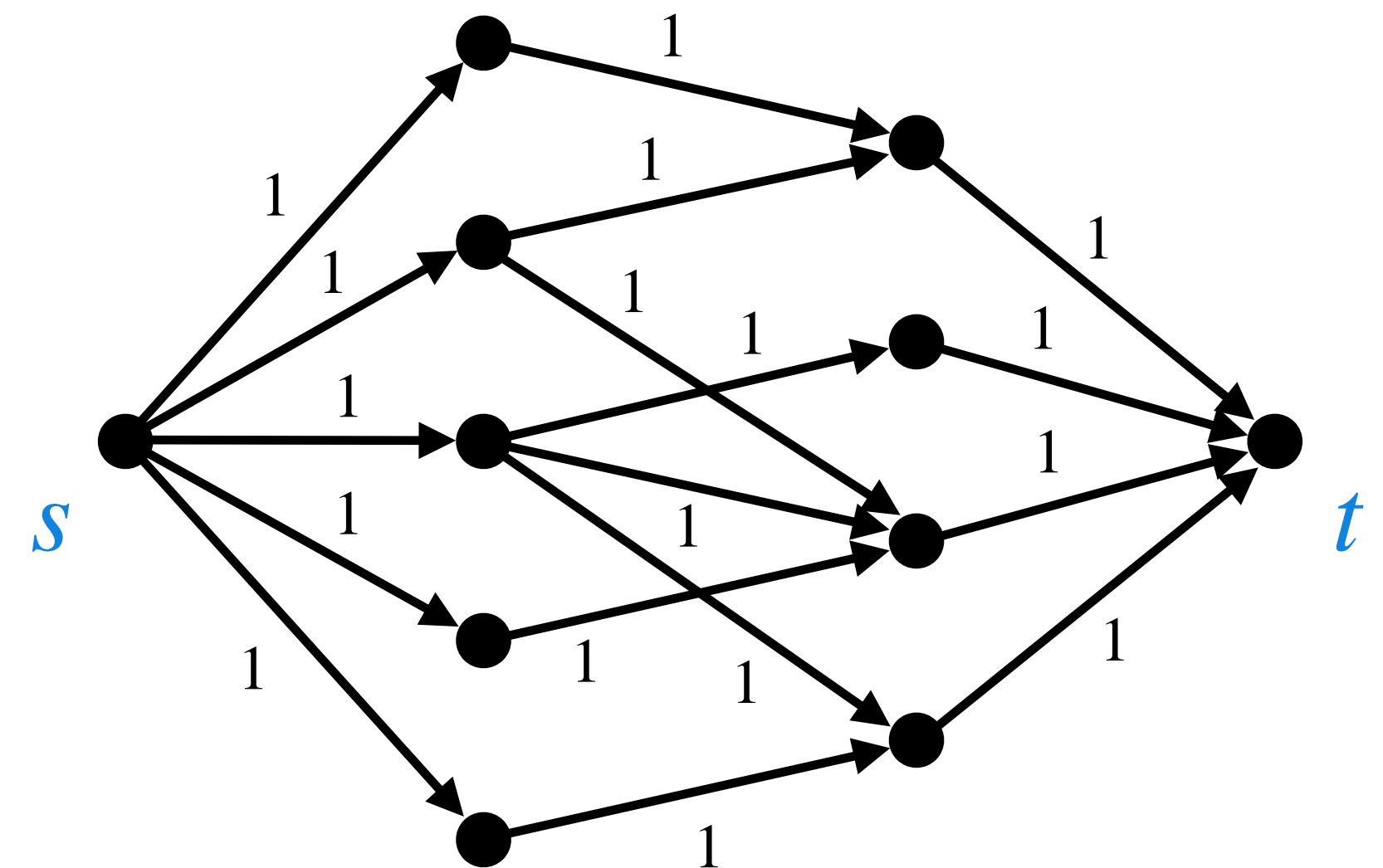
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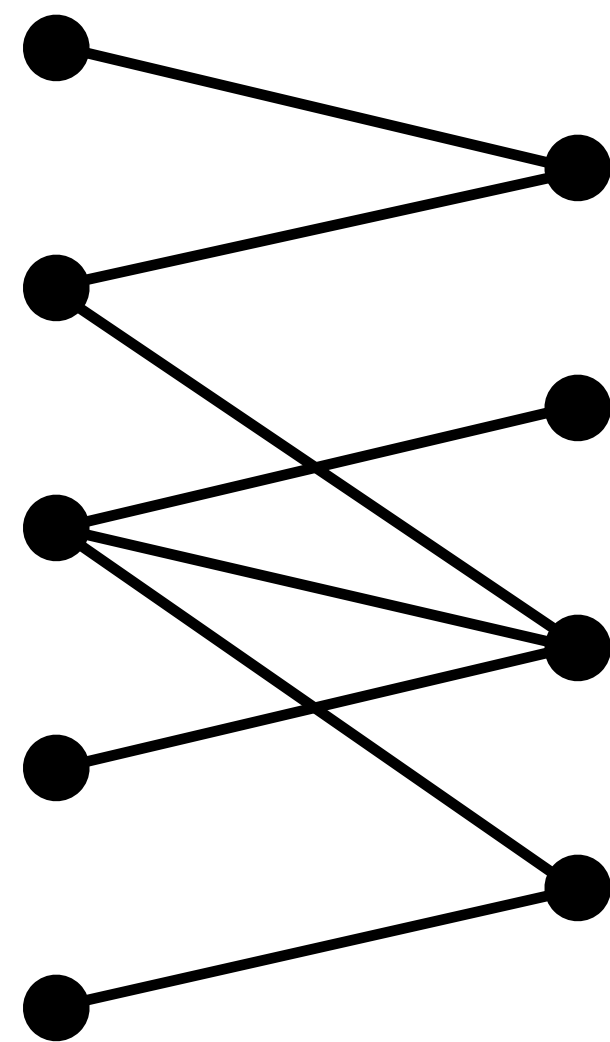


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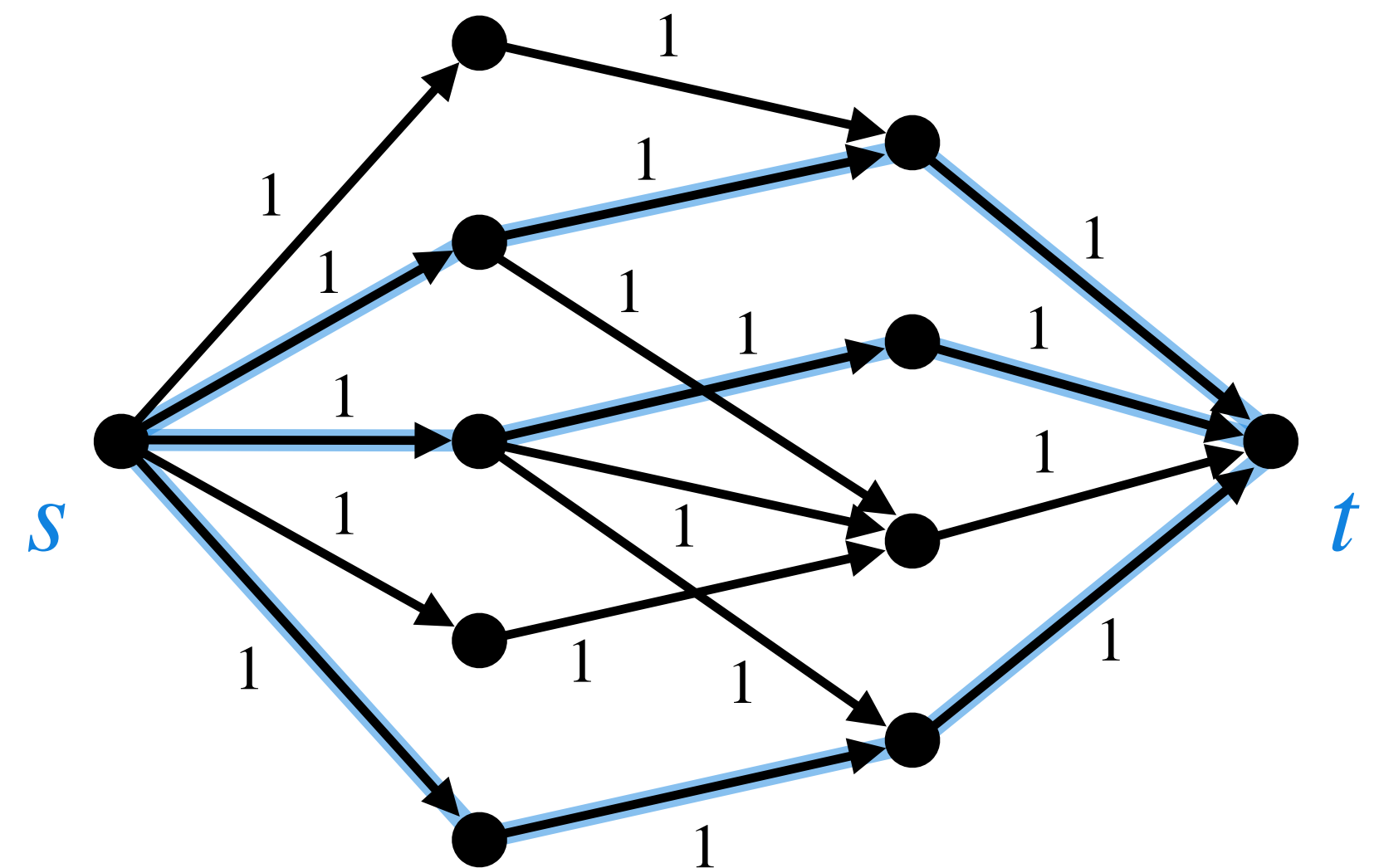
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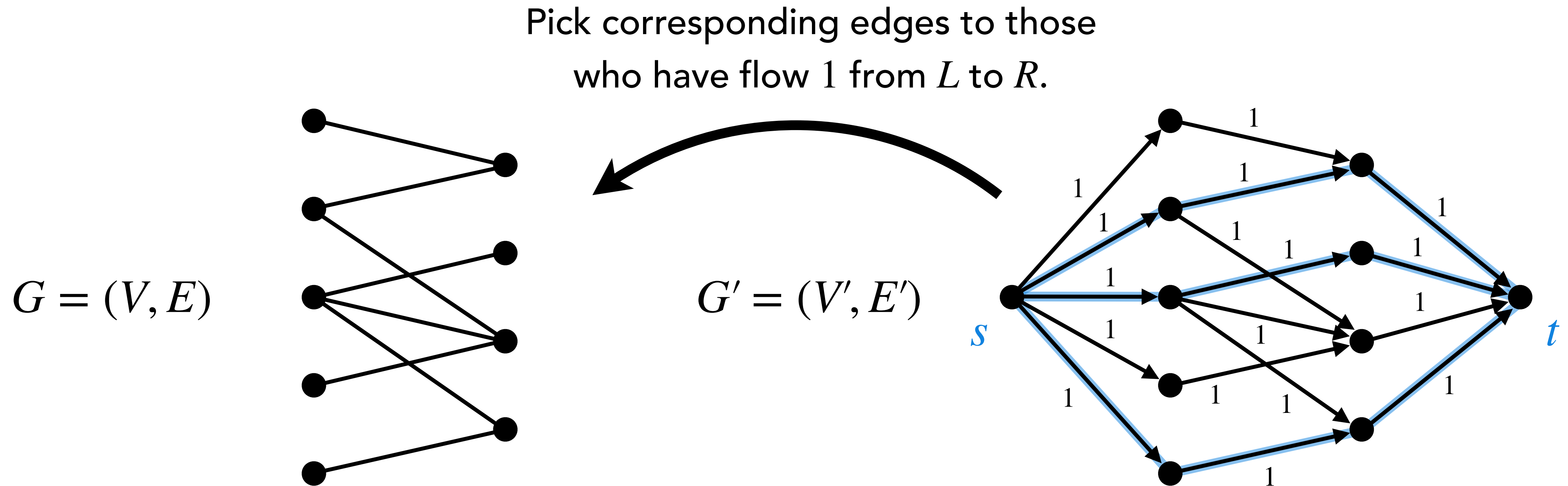
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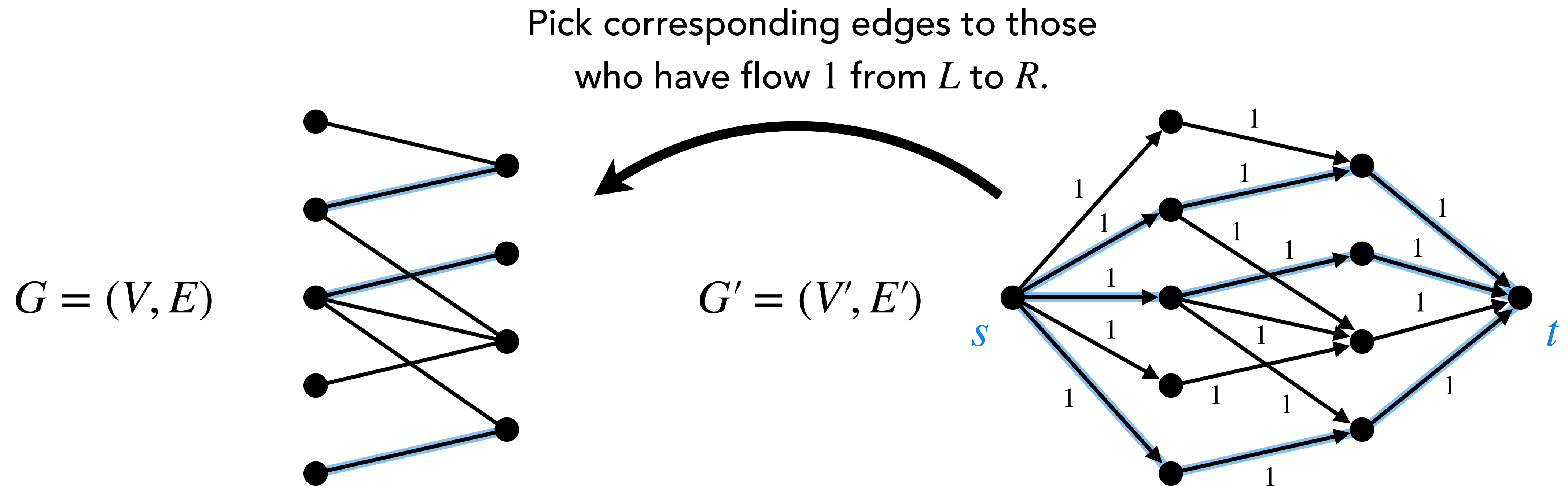
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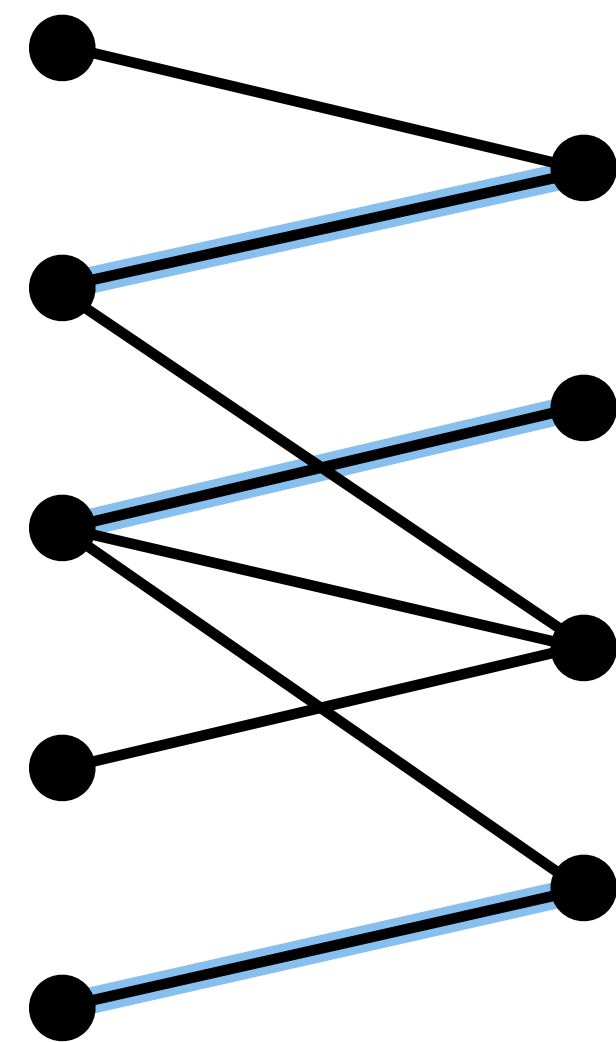
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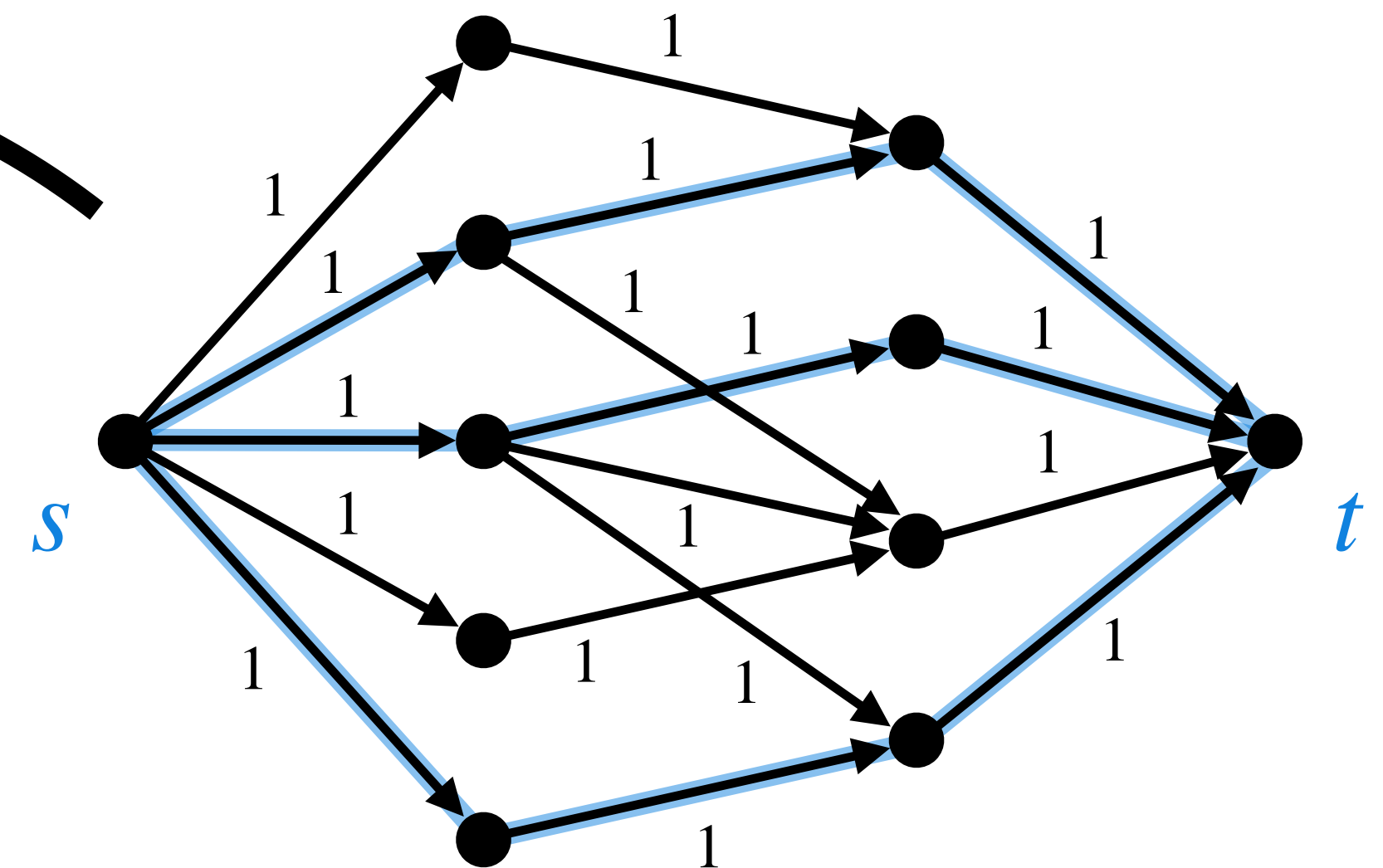
$|M|$

Pick corresponding edges to those
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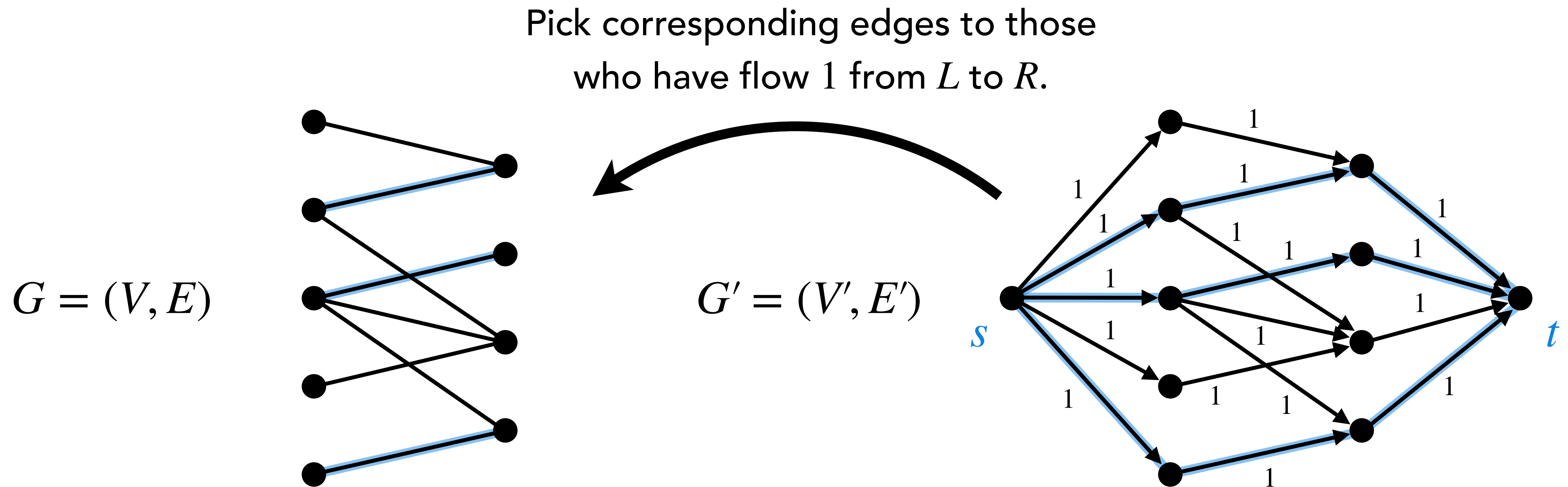


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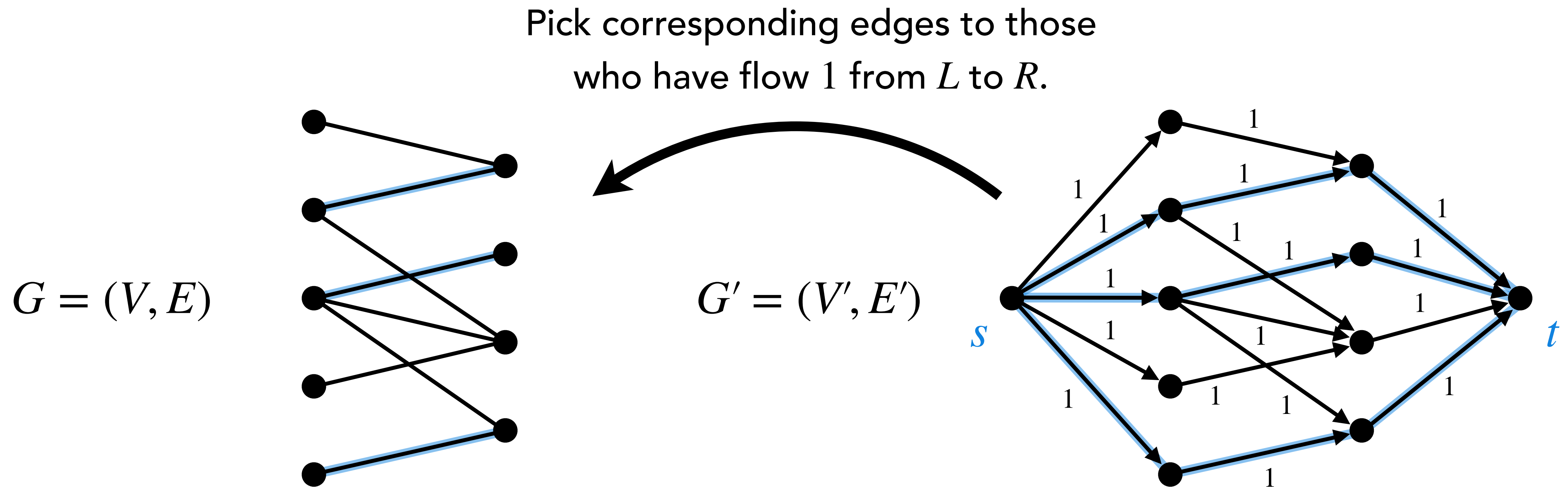


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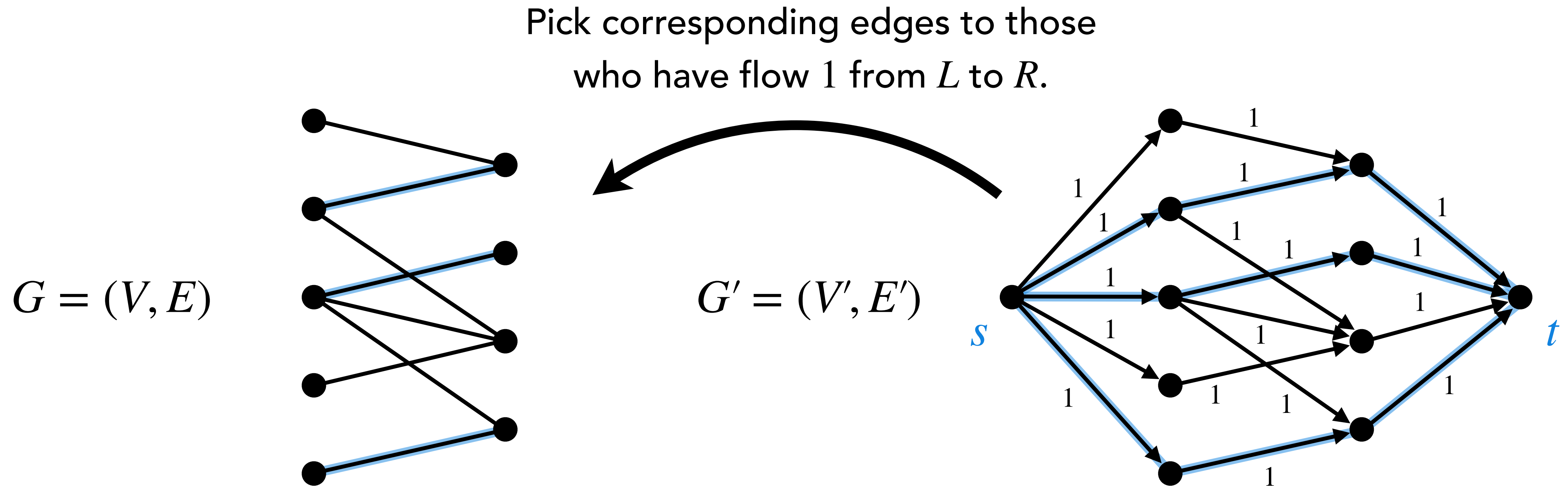


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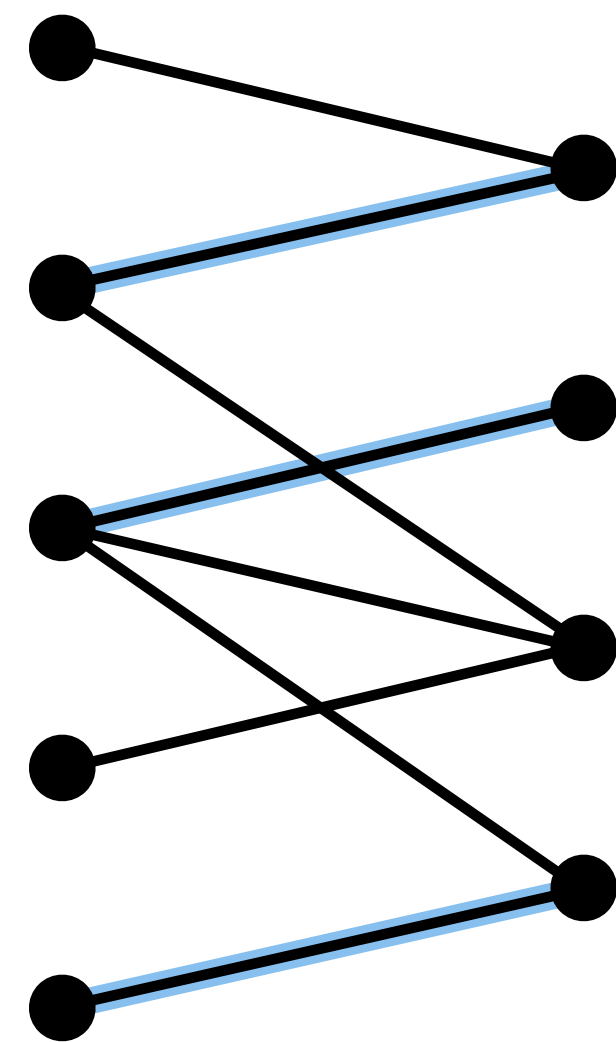


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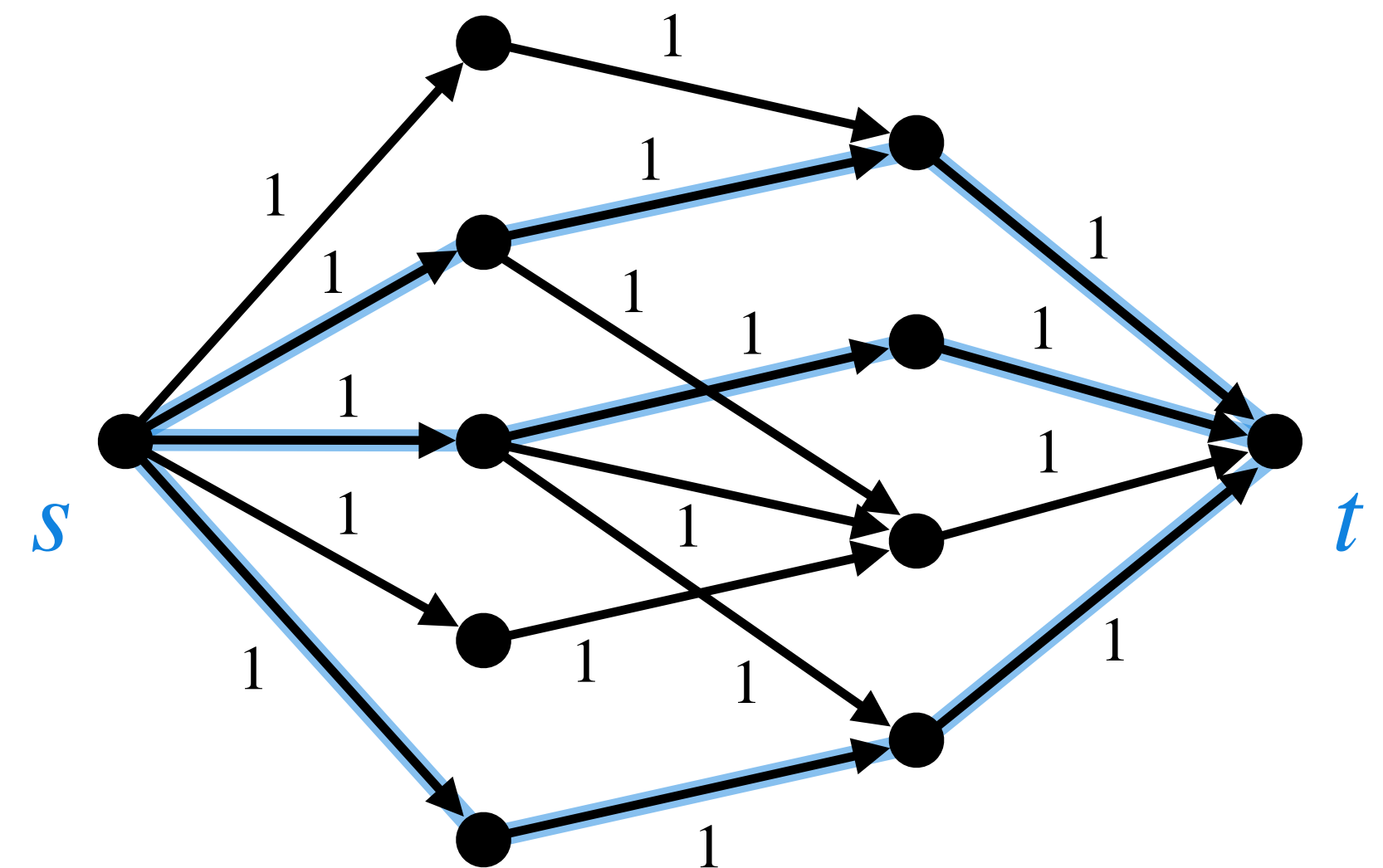
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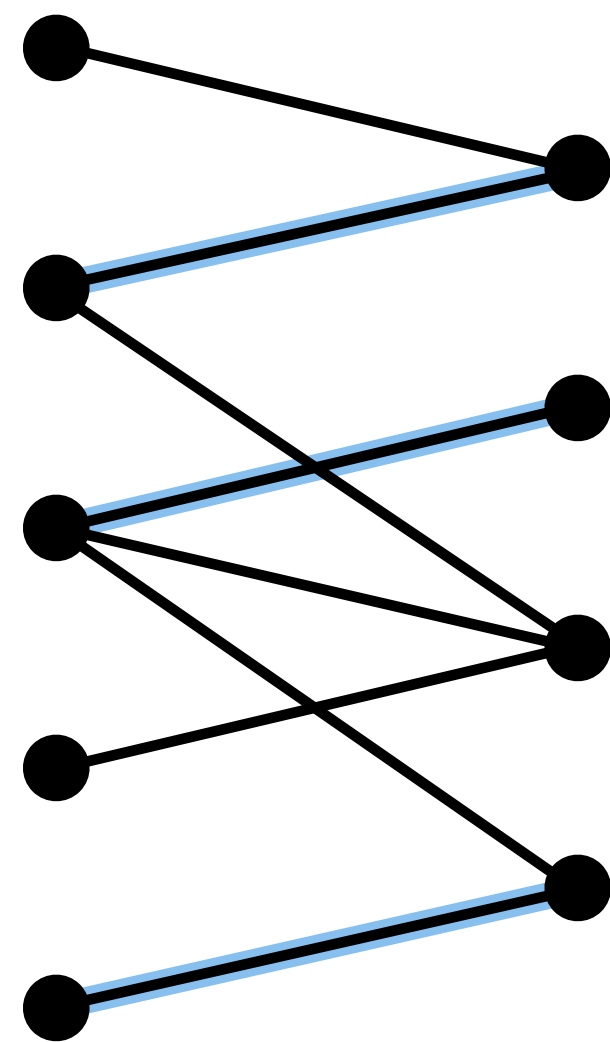


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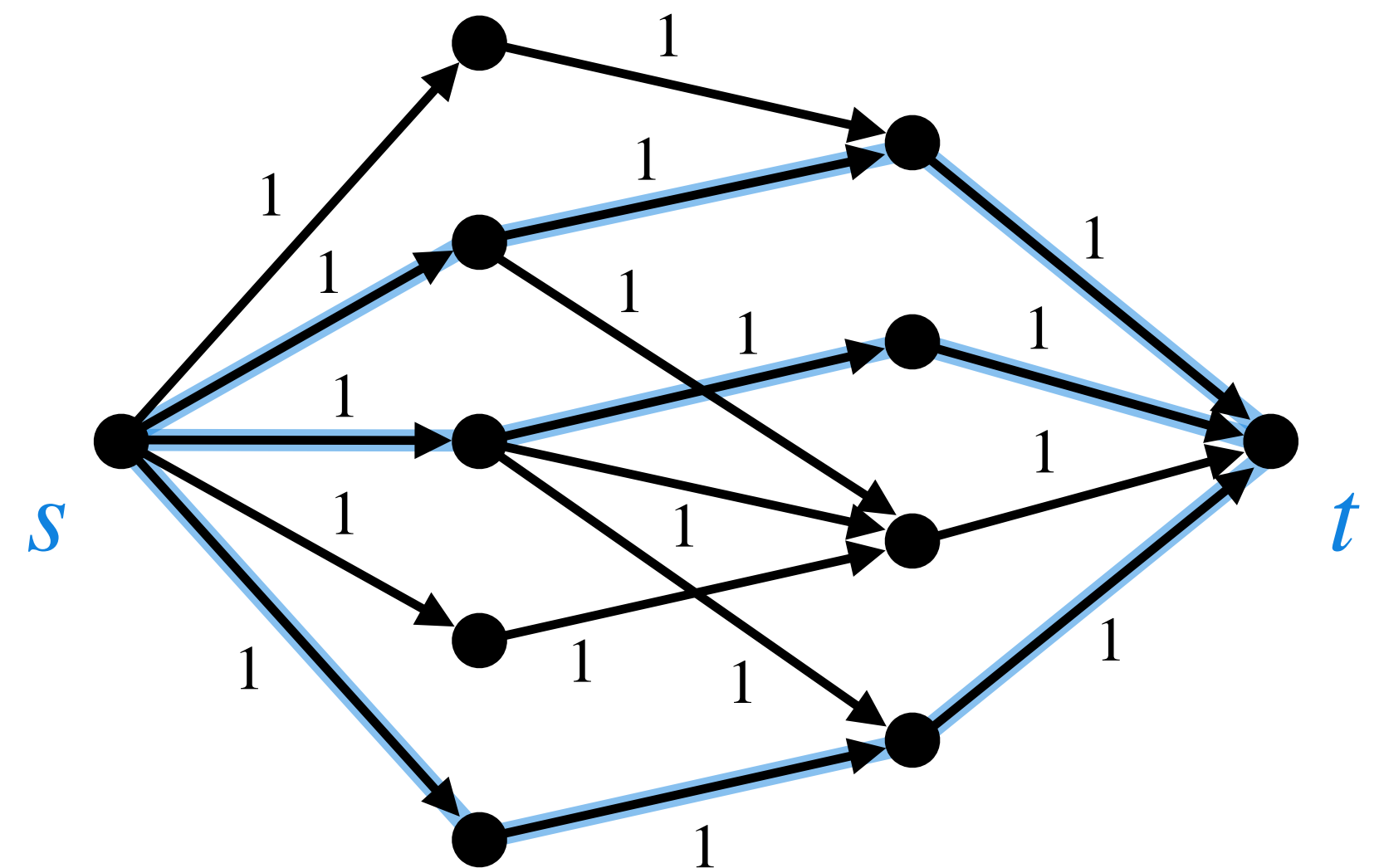
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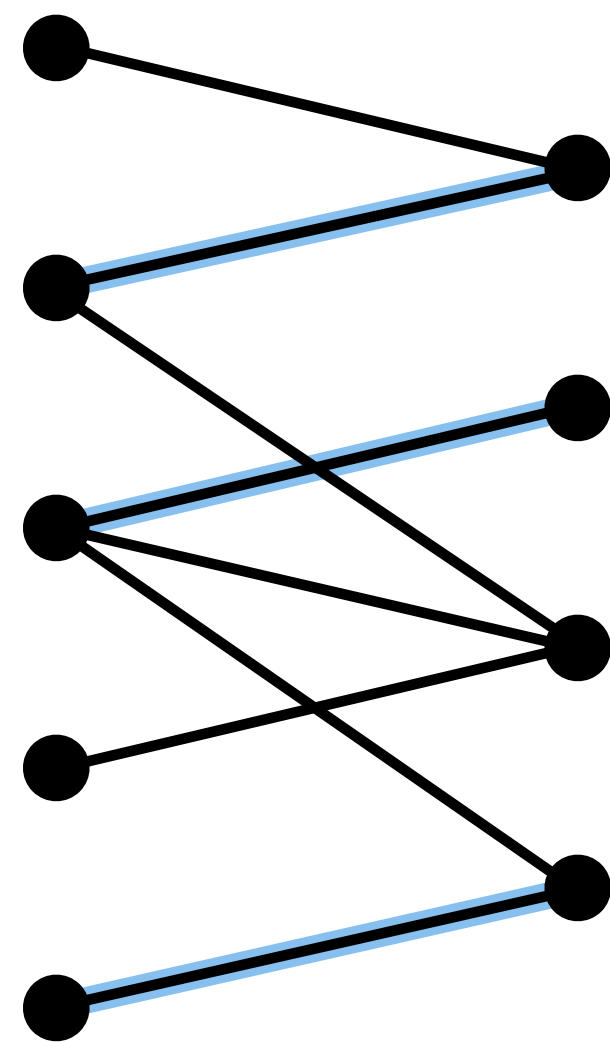
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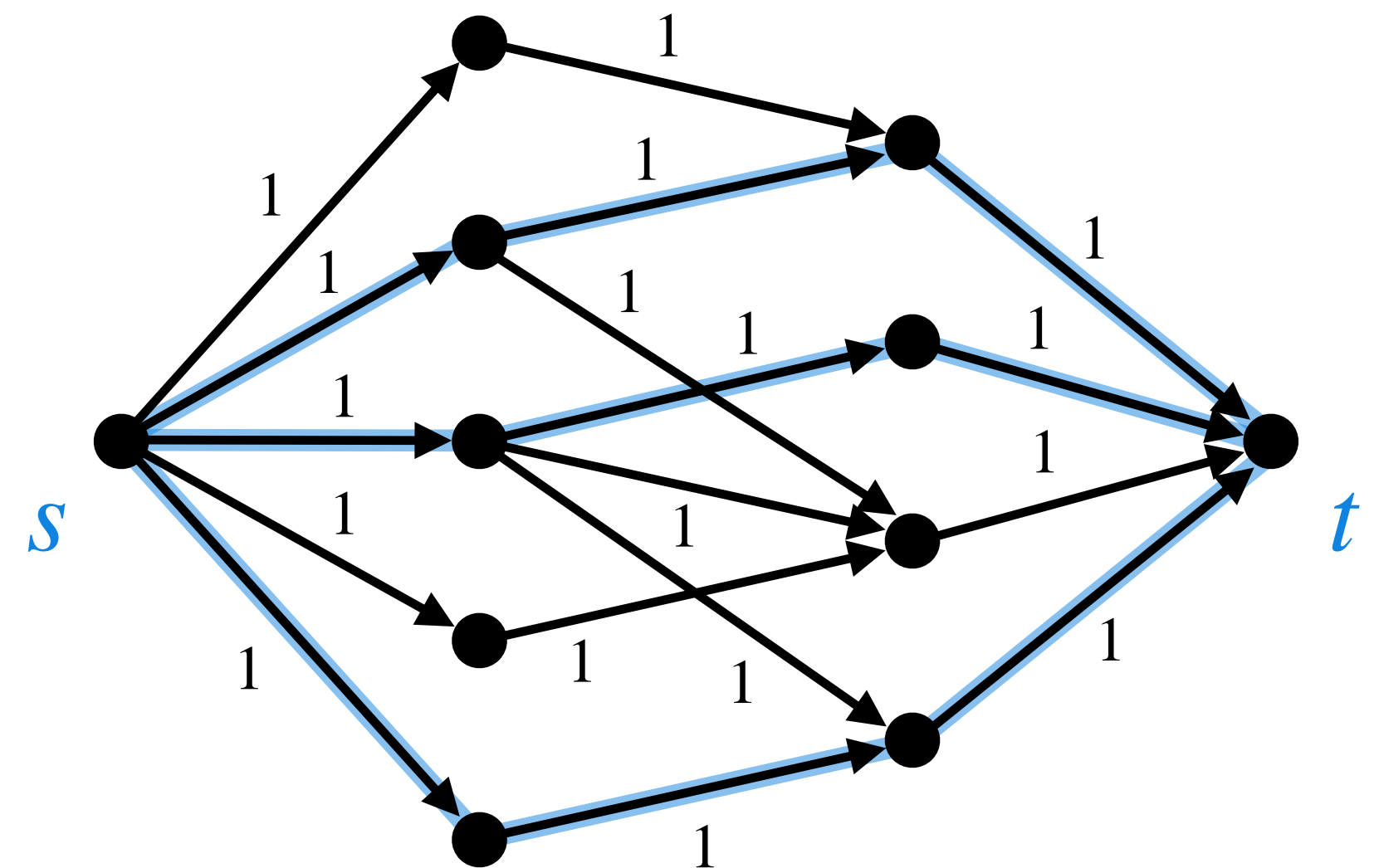
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Prove it yourself why M will be a matching of size $|f|$.

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What if the flow produced has fractional values?

